APPLE II
REFERENCE MANUAL

January, 1978

Apple Computer Inc. 10260 Bandley Dr. Cupertino, CA 95014

APPLE II REFERENCE MANUAL

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Su	bject		Page
Α.	Get	ting Started With Your Apple II	1
	1.	Unpacking	1
	2.	Warranty Registration Card	1
	3.	Check for Shipping Damage	2
	4.	Power Up	2
	5.	Apple II Speaks Several Languages	3
	6.	Apple Integer BASIC	3
	7.	Running Your First and Second Programs	3
	8.	Running 16K Startrek	3
	9.	Loading a Program Tape	4
	10.	Breakout and Color Demos Tapes	б
	11.	Breakout and Color Demos Program Listings	12
	12.	How to play Startrek	14
	13.	Loading HIRES Demo Tape	15
В.	Арр	le II Integer BASIC	17
	1.	BASIC Commands	18
	2.	BASIC Operators	19
	3.	BASIC Functions	22
	4.	BASIC Statements	23
	5.	Special Control and Editing	28
	6.	Table A - Graphics Colors	29
	7.	Special Controls and Features	30
	8.	BASIC Error Messages	32
	9.	Simplified Memory Map	33
	10.	Data Read/Save Subroutines	34
	11.	Simple Tone Subroutines	43
	12.	High Resolution Graphics Subroutines	46

DIODE 1260 DELECTOR NIDEO

ŧ

TABLE OF CONTENTS ... CONT.

Sul	bject		Page
	13.	Additional BASIC Program Examples	55
		a. Rod's Color Pattern (4K)	55
		b. Pong (4K)	56
		c. Color Sketch (4K)	57
		d. Mastermind (8K)	59
		e. Biorhythm (4K)	61
		f. Dragon Maze (8K)	63
C.	App1	e II Firmware	67
	1.	System Monitor Commands	68
	2.	Control and Editing Characters	72
	3.	Special Controls and Features	74
	4.	Annotated Monitor and Dis-assembler Listing	76
	5.	Binary Floating Point Package	94
	6.	Sweet 16 Interpreter Listing	96
	7.	6502 Op Codes	100
D.	Appl	e II Hardware	106
	1.	Getting Started with Your Apple II Board	107
	2.	Apple II Switching Power Supply	110
	3.	Interfacing with the Home TV	112
	4.	Simple Serial Output	114
	5.	Interfacing the Apple -	
		Signals, Loading, Pin Connections	122
	6.	Memory -	
		Options, Expansion, Map, Address	133
	7.	System Timing	140
	Ω	Schematics	141

GETTING STARTED WITH YOUR APPLE II

Unpacking

Don't through away the packing material. Save it for the unlikely event that you may need to return your Apple II for warrantee repair. If you bought an Apple II Board only, see hardware section in this manual on how to get started. You should have received the following:

- 1. Apple II system including mother printed circuit board with specified amount of RAM memory and 8K of ROM memory, switching power supply, keyboard, and case assembly.
- 2. Accessories Box including the following:
 - a. This manual including warrantee card.
 - b. Pair of Game Paddles
 - c. A.C. Power Cord
 - d. Cassette tape with "Breakout on one side and "Color Demos" on the other side.
 - e. Cassette recorder interface cable (miniature phone jack type)
- 3. If you purchased a 16K or larger system, your accessory box should also contain:
 - a. 16K Startrek game cassette with High Resolution Graphics Demo ("HIRES") on the flipside.
 - b. Applesoft Floating Point Basic Language Cassette with an example program on the flip side.
 - c. Applesoft reference manual
- 4. In addition other items such as a vinyl carrying case or hobby board peripherial may have been included if specifically ordered as "extras".

Notify your dealer or Apple Computer, Inc. immediately if you are missing any items.

Warranty Registration Card

Fill this card out immediately and completely and mail to Apple in order to register for one year warrantee and to be placed on owners club mailing list. Your Apple II's serial number is located on the bottom near the rear edge. You model number is:

A2SOOMMX

Where MM is the amount of memory you purchased. For Example:

A2S0008X

is an 8K Byte Apple II system.

Check for Damage

Inspect the outside case of your Apple for shipping damage. Gently lift up on the top rear of the lid of the case to release the lid snaps and remove the lid. Inspect the inside. Nothing should be loose and rattling around. Gently press down on each integrated circuit to make sure that each is still firmly seated in its socket. Plug in your game paddles into the Apple II board at the socket marked "GAME I/O" at location J14. See hardware section of this manual for additional detail. The white dot on the connector should be forwarded. Be careful as this connector is fragile. Replace the lid and press on the back top of it to re-snap it into place.

Power Up

First, make sure that the power ON/OFF switch on the rear power supply panel on your Apple II is in the "OFF" position. Connect the A.C. power cord to the Apple and to a 3 wire 120 volt A.C. outlet. Make sure that you connect the third wire to ground if you have only a two conductor house wiring system. This ground is for your safety if there is an internal failure in the Apple power supply, minimizes the chance of static damage to the Apple, and minimizes RFI problems.

Connect a cable from the video output jack on the back of the Apple to a TV set with a direct video input jack. This type of set is commonly called a "Monitor". If your set does not have a direct video input, it is possible to modify your existing set. Write for Apple's Application note on this. Optionally you may connect the Apple to the antenna terminals of your TV if you use a modulator. See additional details in the hardware section of this manual under "Interfacing with the Home TV".

Now turn on the power switch on the back of the Apple. The indicator light (it's not a switch) on the keyboard should now be ON. If not, check A.C. connections. Press and release the "Reset" button on the keyboard. The following should happen: the Apple's internal speaker should beep, an asterisk ("*") prompt character should appear at the lower left hand corner of your TV, and a flashing white square should appear just to the right of the asterisk. The rest of the TV screen will be garbage.

If the Apple beeps and garbage appears but you cannot see an "*" and the cursor, the horizontal or vertical height settings on the TV need to be adjusted. Now depress and release the "ESC" key, then hold down the "SHIFT" key while depressing and releasing the P key. This should clear your TV screen to all black. Now depress and release the "RESET" key again. The "*" prompt character and the cursor should return to the lower left of your TV screen.

Apple Speaks Several Languages

The prompt character indicates which language your Apple is currently in. The current prompt character, an asterisk ("*") indicates that you are in the "Monitor" language, a powerful machine level language for advanced programmers. Details of this language are in the "Firmware" section of this manual.

Apple Integer BASIC

Apple also contains a high level English oriented language called Integer BASIC, permanently in its ROM memory. To switch to this language hold down the "CTRL" key while depressing and releasing the "B" key. This is called a control-B function and is similiar to the use of the shift key in that it indicates a different function to the Apple. Control key functions are not displayed on your TV screen but the Apple still gets the message. Now depress and release the "RETURN" key to tell Apple that you have finished typing a line on the keyboard. A right facing arrow (">") called a carrot will now appear as the prompt character to indicate that Apple is now in its Interger BASIC language mode.

Running Your First and Second Program

Read through the next three sections that include:

- 1. Loading a BASIC program Tape.
- 2. Breakout Game Tape
- 3. Color Demo Tape

Then load and run each program tape. Additional information on Apple II's interger BASIC is in the next section of this manual.

Running 16K Startrek

If you have 16K Bytes or larger memory in your Apple, you will also receive a "STARTREK" game tape. Load this program just as you did the previous two, but <u>before</u> you "RUN" it, type in "HIMEM: 16384" to set exactly where in memory this program is to run.

LOADING A PROGRAM TAPE

INTRODUCTION

This application note describes a procedure for loading BASIC programs successfully into the Apple II. The process of loading a program is divided into three section; System Checkout, Loading a Tape and What to do when you have Loading Problems. They are discussed below.

When loading a tape, the Apple II needs a signal of about 2 1/2 to 5 volts peak-to-peak. Commonly, this signal is obtained from the "Monitor" or "earphone" output jack on the tape recorder. Inside most tape recorders, this signal is derived from the tape recorder's speaker. One can take advantage of this fact when setting the volume levels. Using an Apple Computer pre-recorded tape, and with all cables disconnected, play the tape and adjust the volume to a loud but un-distorted level. You will find that this volume setting will be quite close to the optimum.

Some tape recorders (mostly those intended for use with Hi-Fi sets) do not have an "earphone" or high-level "monitor" output. These machines have outputs labled "line output" for connection to the Hi-Fi power amplifier. The signal levels at these outputs are too low for the Apple II in most cases.

Cassette tape recorders in the \$40 - \$50 range generally have ALC (automatic level control) for recording from the microphone input. This feature is useful since the user doesn't have to set any volume controls to obtain a good recording. If you are using a recorder which must be adjusted, it will have a level meter or a little light to warn of excessive recording levels. Set the recording level to just below the level meter's maximum, or to just a dim indication on the level lamp. Listen to the recorded tape after you've saved a program to ensure that the recording is "loud and clear".

Apple Computer has found that an occasional tape recorder will not function properly when both Input and Output cables are plugged in at the same time. This problem has been traced to a ground loop in the tape recorder itself which prevents making a good recording when saving a program. The easiest solution is to unplug the "monitor" output when recording. This ground loop does not influence the system when loading a pre-recorded tape.

Tape recorder head alignment is the most common source of tape recorder problems. If the playback head is skewed, then high frequency information on pre-recorded tapes is lost and all sorts of errors will result. To confirm that head alignment is the problem, write a short program in BASIC. >10 END is sufficient. Then save this program. And then rewind and load the program. If you can accomplish this easily but cannot load pre-recorded tapes, then head alignment problems are indicated.

Apple Computer pre-recorded tapes are made on the highest quality professional duplicating machines, and these tapes may be used by the service technician to align the tape recorder's heads. The frequency response of the tape recorder should be fairly good; and 6 KHz tone should be not more than 3 db down from a 1 KHz tone, and a 9 KHz tone should be no more than 9 db down. Note that recordings you have made yourself with mis-aligned heads may not not play properly with the heads properly aligned. If you made a recording with a skewed record head, then the tiny magnetic fields on the tape will be skewed as well, thus playing back properly only when the skew on the tape exactly matches the skew of the tape recorder's heads. If you have saved valuable programs with a skewed tape recorder, then borrow another tape recorder, load the programs with the old tape recorder into the Apple, then save them on the borrowed machine. Then have your tape recorder properly aligned.

Listening to the tape can help solve other problems as well. Flaws in the tape, excessive speed variations, and distortion can be detected this way. Saving a program several times in a row is good insurance against tape flaws. One thing to listen for is a good clean tone lasting for at least 3 1/2 seconds is needed by the computer to "set up" for proper loading. The Apple puts out this tone for anout 10 seconds when saving a program, so you normally have 6 1/2 seconds of leeway. If the playback volume is too high, you may pick up tape noise before getting to the set-up tone. Try a lower playback volume.

SYSTEM CHECKOUT

A quick check of the Apple II computer system will help you spot any problems that might be due to improperly placed or missing connections between the Apple II, the cassette interface, the Video display, and the game paddles. This checkout procedure takes just a few seconds to perform and is a good way of insuring that everything is properly connected before the power is turned on.

- POWER TO APPLE check that the AC power cord is plugged into an appropriate wall socket, which includes a "true" ground and is connected to the Apple II.
- CASSETTE INTERFACE check that at least one cassette cable double ended with miniature phone tip jacks is connected between the Apple II cassette Input port and the tape recorder's MONITOR plug socket.
- VIDEO DISPLAY INTERFACE
 - a) for a video monitor check that a cable connects the monitor to the Apple's video output port.
 - b) for a standard television check that an adapter (RF modulator) is plugged into the Apple II (either in the video output (K 14) or the video auxillary socket (J148), and that a cable runs between the television and the Adapter's output socket.
- 4. GAME PADDLE INTERFACE if paddles are to be used, check that they are connected into the Game I/O connector (J14) on the right-hand side of the Apple II mainboard.
- 5. POWER ON flip on the power switch in back of the Apple II, the "power" indicator on the keyboard will light. Also make sure the video monitor (or TV set) is turned on.

After the Apple II system has been powered up and the video display presents a random matrix of question marks or other text characters the following procedure can be followed to load a BASIC program tape:

- Hit the RESET key.
 An asterick, "*" should appear on the lefthand side of the screen below the random text pattern. A flashing white cursor will appear to the right of the asterick.
- 2. Hold down the CTRL key, depress and release the B key, then depress the "RETURN" key and release the "CTRL" key. A right facing arrow should appear on the lefthand side of the screen with a flashing cursor next to it. If it doesn't, repeat steps 1 and 2.
- 3. Type in the word "LOAD" on the keyboard. You should see the word in between the right facing arrow and the flashing cursor. Do not depress the "RETURN" key yet.
- Insert the program cassette into the tape recorder and rewind it.
- 5. If not already set, adjust the Volume control to 50-70% maximum. If present, adjust the Tone control to 80-100% maximum.

- Start the tape recorder in "PLAY" mode and now depress the "RETURN" key on the Apple II.
- 7. The cursor will disappear and Apple II will beep in a few seconds when it finds the beginning of the program. If an error message is flashed on the screen, proceed through the steps listed in the Tape Problem section of this paper.
- A second beep will sound and the flashing cursor will reappear after the program has been successfully loaded into the computer.
- 9. Stop the tape recorder. You may want to rewind the program tape at this time.
- 10. Type in the word "RUN" and depress the "RETURN" key.

The steps in loading a program have been completed and if everying has gone satisfactorily the program will be operating now.

LOADING PROBLEMS

Occasionally, while attempting to load a BASIC program Apple II beeps and a memory full error is written on the screen. At this time you might wonder what is wrong with the computer, with the program tape, or with the cassette recorder. Stop. This is the time when you need to take a moment and checkout the system rather than haphazardly attempting to resolve the loading problem. Thoughtful action taken here will speed in a program's entry. If you were able to successfully turn on the computer, reset it, and place it into BASIC then the Apple II is probably operating correctly. Before describing a procedure for resolving this loading problem, a discussion of what a memory full error is in order.

The memory full error displayed upon loading a program indicates that not enough (RAM) memory workspace is available to contain the incoming data. How does the computer know this? Information contained in the beginning of the program tape declares the record length of the program. The computer reads this data first and checks it with the amount of free memory. If adequate workspace is available program loading continues. If not, the computer beeps to indicate a problem, displays a memory full error statement, stops the loading procedure, and returns command of the system to the keyboard. Several reasons emerge as the cause of this problem.

Memory Size too Small

Attempting to load a 16K program into a 4K Apple II will generate this kind of error message. It is called loading too large of a program. The solution is straight forward: only load appropriately sized programs into suitably sized systems.

Another possible reason for an error message is that the memory pointers which indicate the bounds of available memory have been preset to a smaller capacity. This could have happened through previous usage of the "HIMEN:" and "LOMEN:" statements. The solution is to reset the pointers by $B^{\mathbb{C}}$ (CTRL B) command. Hold the CTRL key down, depress and release the B key, then depress the RETURN key and release the CTRL key. This will reset the system to maximum capacity.

Cassette Recorder Inadjustment

If the Volume and Tone controls on the cassette recorder are not properly set a memory full error can occur. The solution is to adjust the Volume to 50-70% maximum and the Tone (if it exists) to 80-100% maximum.*

A second common recorder problem is skewed head azimuth. When the tape head is not exactly perpendicular to the edges of the magnetic tape some of the high frequency data on tape can be skipped. This causes missing bits in the data sent to the computer. Since the first data read is record length an error here could cause a memory full error to be generated because the length of the record is inaccurate. The solution: adjust tape head azimuth. It is recommended that a competent technician at a local stereo shop perform this operation.

Often times new cassette recorders will not need this adjustment.

^{*}Apple Computer Inc. has tested many types of cassette recorders and so far the Panasonic RQ-309 DS (less than \$40.00) has an excellent track record for program loading.

Tape Problems

A memory full error can result from unintentional noise existing in a program tape. This can be the result of a program tape starting on its nheader which sometimes causes a glitch going from a nonmagnetic to magnetic recording surface and is interpreted by the computer as the record length. Or, the program tape can be defective due to false erasure, imperfections in the tape, or physical damage. The solution is to take a moment and listen to the tape. If any imperfections are heard then replacement of the tape is called for. Listening to the tape assures that you know what a "good" program tape sounds like. If you have any questions about this please contact your local dealer or Apple for assistance.

If noise or a glitch is heard at the beginning of a tape advance the tape to the start of the program and re-Load the tape.

Dealing with the Loading Problem

With the understanding of what a memory full error is an efficient way of dealing with program tape loading problems is to perform the following procedure:

- 1. Check the program tape for its memory requirements. Be sure that you have a large enough system.
- 2. Before loading a program reset the memory pointers with the ${\bf B_c}$ (control B) command.
- 3. In special cases have the tape head azimuth checked and adjusted.
- 4. Check the program tape by listening to it.
 - a) Replace it if it is defective, or
 - b) start it at the beginning of the program.
- 5. Then re-LOAD the program tape into the Apple II.

In most cases if the preceeding is followed a good tape load will result. UNSOLVED PROBLEMS

---- ***

If you are having any unsolved loading problems, contact your nearest local dealer or Apple Computer Inc.

BREAKOUT GAME TAPE

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Breakout is a color graphics game for the Apple II computer. The object of the game is to "knock-out' all 160 colored bricks from the playing field by hitting them with the bouncing ball. You direct the ball by hitting it with a paddle on the left side of the screen. You control the paddle with one of the Apple's Game Paddle controllers. But watch out: you can only miss the ball five times:

There are eight columns of bricks. As you penetrate through the wall the point value of the bricks increases. A perfect game is 720 points; after five balls have been played the computer will display your score and a rating such as "Very Good". "Terrible!", etc. After ten hits of the ball, its speed with double, making the game more difficult. If you break through to the back wall, the ball will rebound back and forth, racking up points.

Breakout is a challenging game that tests your concentration, dexterity, and skill.

REQUIREMENTS

This program will fit into a 4K or greater system. BASIC is the programming language used.

PLAYING BREAKOUT

- Load Breakout game following instructions in the "Loading a BASIC Program from Tape" section of this manual. Enter your name and depress RETURN key.
- 2.
- If you want standard BREAKOUT colors type in Y or Yes 3. and hit RETURN. The game will then begin.
- If the answer to the previous questions was N or No 4. then the available colors will be displayed. The player will be asked to choose colors, represented by a number from Ø to 15, for background, even bricks, odd bricks, paddle and ball colors. After these have been chosen the game will begin.

5. At the end of the game you will be asked if they want to play again. A Y or Yes response will start another game. A N or No will exit from the program.

NOTE: A game paddle (150k ohm potentiometer) must be connected to PDL (0) of the Game I/O connector for this game.

COLOR DEMO TAPE

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

COLOR DEMO demonstrates some of the Apple II video graphics capabilities. In it are ten examples: Lines, Cross, Weaving, Tunnel, Circle, Spiral, Tones, Spring, Hyperbola, and Color Bars. These examples produce various combinations of visual patterns in fifteen colors on a monitor or television screen. For example, Spiral combines colorgraphics with tones to produce some amusing patterns. Tones illustrates various sounds that you can produce with the two inch Apple speaker. These examples also demonstrate how the paddle inputs (PDL(X)) can be used to control the audio and visual displays. Ideas from this program can be incorporated into other programs with a little modification.

REQUIREMENTS

4K or greater Apple II system, color monitor or television, and paddles are needed to use this program. BASIC is the programming language used.

BREAKOUT GAME PROGRAM LISTING

PROGRAM LISTING

- 5 60TO 15
- 10 Q=4 FOL (0)-20)/6: IF Q(0 THEN Q=6: IF Q)=34 THEN Q=34: COLOR=0: YLIN Q,Q+5 ET Q: COLOR=A:

 IF FYE THEN 175: IF Q THEN YLIN Q,Q-1 ET Q: PFE: RETURN
- 15 DIN A\$(15),8\$(18):R=1:B=13: C=9:D=6:E=15: TEXT : CALL --- 936: YTAB 4: TAB 1B: PRINT **** BREAKOUT ****: PRINT
- 20 PRINT * OBJECT IS TO DESTROY SLL BRICKS*: PRINT: IMPUT *HI, HANT'S YOUR WAKE? *,85
- 25 PRINT "STENDERD COLORS "; AS
 ; 14707 * Y/N?", BS: GR : CALL
 -936: 1F \$\$(1,1)%"N" THEN 48
 ; FOR 1=8 TO 39: COLOR=1/2=
 (1(32): YLIH 8,39 AT'I
- 38 HEXT I: POKE 34,28: PRINT:
 PRINT: PRINT: FOR I=8 TO "
 15: YTSB 21+1 HGD 2: IRB I+
 I+1: PRINT I: HEXT I: POKE "
 34,22: YTRB 24: PRINT: PRINT"
 "BRCKGROUND":
- 35 GOSUB 95:8-E: PRINT "EVEN BRICK" ;: GOSUB 95:8-E: PRINT "COD BRIC K";: GOSUB 95:0-E: PRINT "PADDLE ";: GOSUB 95:0-E: PRINT-"BALL" :: GOSUB 95
- 48 POKE 34,28: COLOR=R: FOR T=

 8 TO 39: VLIN 8,39,8T 1: NEXT

 1: FOR T=28 TO 34 STEF 2: TAB

 1+1: PRINT I/2-9;: COLOR=8:

 VLIN 8,39 8T 1: COLOR=C: FOR

 J=1 NOC 4 TO 39 STEF 4

- 45 VLIN J,J+1 ST I: NEXT J,I: TRE

 5: PRINT "SCORE = 8": PRINT
 : PRINT : POKE-34,21:5=0:P=

 \$:1=5:X=19:Y=19:1=6
- 50 COLOR=9: PLOT A,T-3:4=19:Y=
 RMD (120):Y=-1:¥= RMD (5)2:L=L-1: IF L(1 THEN 120: THB
 6: IF L)1 THEN PRINT L;* BALLS L
 FFT*
- 55 IF L=1 THEM PRINT *LAST BALL, *
 ;A\$1 PRINT : FOR I=1 TO 188
 : 60508 18: MEXT I:M=1:M=8
- 68 J=Y+#; IF J>=8 AND JK120 THEN 65:W=-W:J=Y: FOR I=1 TO 6:K= PEEK (-16935): NEXT I
- 65 I=X+Y: IF I(B THEM 188: G3588 178: G3LOR=R:K=J/3: IF IX89 THEM 75: IF SCRWI,K)=R THEM 85: IF I THEM 180:H=M+1:Y=C H)5>>1:#=(E-P)+E-5:H=1
- 76 Z= PEEK (-16336) PEEK (-16336)+ PEEK (-16336) - PEEK (-16336)+ PEEK (-16336) - PEEK (-16336)+ PEEK (-16336): GUTO 85
- 75 FOR I=1 TO 6:#= PREK (-16006)): HEXT I:1=X:#=0
- 99 ¥=-¥ ′
- 85 PLOT X;7/3: COLOR=E: PLOT I, K:X=1:Y=J: GOTO 60
- 98 PRINT *INVOLID. REENTER*:
- 95 INPUT * COLOR (4 TO 15)*,Es, IF E(8 OR EXIS THEN 98: RETURN

- 100 IF A THEM Y= 985 (Y): WLW K/2+2,K/2=2+1 AT I:5=5+L/2-9: YTSB 21: TAB 13: PRINT S
 -)+ PEEK (-16365)- PEEK (-16336)+ PEEK (-16365)- PEEK (-16336
 -)+ PEEK (-16336)- PEEK (-16336)+ PEEK (-16336)- PEEK (-16336
 -)+ PEEK (-16336)- PEEK (-16336
 - 118 IF 54729 THEN 80
 - 115 PRINT "CONCENTULATIONS, ";AS ;
 ;" YOU WIN!": GOTO 155
- 120 FRINT "YOUR SCORE OF ";5;" IS " ;: 6010 125+(5/108)+5

- 125 PRINT *TERRIBLE! *: SOTO 165
- 138 PRINT *LOUSY. *: GOTO 165
- 135 PRINT "POUR.": 00TO 165
- 148 PRINT "FAIR.": "GOTO 165
- 145 RINT "GOOK": BUTO 165
- 155 PRINT "EXCELLENT.": COTO 165

._.

- 168 PRINT "NEARLY PERFECT."
- 165 PRINT "ANOTHER GAME ";A\$;" (Y/A)

 ";: EMPOT A\$: IF A\$(1,1)="T"

 THEN 25: TEXT : CALL F936:

 YTAB 10: TAB 10: PRINT "GAME OV

 ER": END
- 178 Q=(POL (8)-28 //6; IF 9(8 THEN Q=8: IF Q>=34 THEN Q=34: COLOR= D: VLIN Q,Q+5 81 8: COLOR=A; IF P)Q THEN LTS: IF Q THEN-VLIN Q,Q+1 81 0:P=0; RETURN

- ... 175 (F P=Q THEN RETURN : IF R#34 THEN YEIN Q+6,39 AT 0:P=2: RETURN
 - 128 FOR 1=1 TO 8812= PEEK (-16336): NEWT I: 6070 58

COLOR DEMO PROGRAM LISTING

PROGRAM LISTING

- 10 DIM C(4): POKE 2,173: POKE 3,48: POKE 4,192: POKE 5,165 1 POKE 6,8: POKE 7,32: POKE 8,168: POKE 9,252: POKE 10, 165: POKE 11,1: POKE 12,288
- 20 POKE 13,4: POKE 14,198: POKE 15,24: POKE 16,280: POKE 17 ,5: POKE 18,198: POKE 19,1: POKE 29,76: POKE 21,2: POKE 22,8: POKE 23,%6
- 30 TEXT: CALL -936: YTAB 4: TAB
 8: PRINT "4K COLOR DEHOS": PRINT
 : PRINT "1 LINES": PRINT "2 CAOS"
 S": PRINT "3 WERNING"
- 40 PRINT "4 TUNNEL": PRINT "5 CIRCL
 E": PRINT "6 SPIRAL **": PRINT
 "7 TONES ** ": PRINT "8 SPEING"
- 50 PRINT "9 HYPERBOLR": PRINT
 "10 COLOR BARS": PRINT : PRINT
 "** MEEDS POL(0) COMMECTED"
 : PRINT
- SO PRINT "NIT BUY KEY FOR NEW DEMO" :2=0: PRINT : INPUT "WHICH DEMO \$ ",1: AK : IF IDM GNO IK:1 THEN SOTO 188#1: GOTO 38
- 78 INPUT "WHICH DEMO GOULD YOU LIKE ",I: GR": IF I AND K20 THEN 60TO 180*1: 60TO 30
- 189 1=1+1 MOD 79:J=1+(1)39)*(79 -1-1): GCSUB 2888: GCSUB 18888 : GOTO 188
- 240 I:1+1 MOD 39:3=1: 6053B 2000 :J=39-I: COSUB 2000: 6053B 10600: 6010 200

- 590 J=J+1:J=J MOD 22+1: FOR 1=1 TO 1295: COLOR=I M9D J+7: PLOT (2+1) MOD 37,(3+1) MOD 35: MEXT I: GOSUE 18088: SOTO 30€
- 400 FOR I=1 TO 4:CXI)= RHD (16)
 : NEXT 1
- 410 FOR 1=3 TO 1 STEP -1:C(1+1) =C(1): HEAT 1:C(1)= RND (16): FOR 1=1 TO 5: FOR J=1 TO
- 429 COLOR=CKJ):L=J=5+14+1:K=39-L: HLIN K,L AT K: VEIN K,L AT L: HLIN K,L AT L: VLIN K,L AT K: NEXT J,1: 50508 18908: 5070 418
- 588 Z=29: GOTO 7989
- 668 COLGR- RWD (16): FUR 1=0 TO
 18 STEP 2: J=39-I: WLIN I,J AT
 I: GOSUB 640: VLIN L,J AT J:
 GOSUB 640
 - 610 HLIN 1+2,J AT J: 60508 640: YEIN 1+2,J AT 1+2: 60508 640: : NEXT I
 - 628 COLOS= RHD (16): FOR I=18 TO 9 STEP -2:J=39-1: VLIN I+2, J RT I+2: 605U5 640: NLIN I+ 2:J RT J: 605U8 640
 - 638 VLIN I,J RT J: 62505 646: HLIR I,J RT I: 60508 640: MERT I: 60506 16008: GNTO 888
 - 648 K=I+7:L=X*K*5+X*26+79:L=32767

 /L*(POL (8)/10): POKE 0,K:

 POKE 1,L MOD 256: POKE 24,

 L/256+1: CRLL 2: RETURN

- 788 1= RND (30)+3:J=[*[*5+[*26+ 78:K=32767/J*(PDL (8)/18): POKE 8,1: POKE 1,K NOD 256 : FOKE 24,(K)255)+1: CRLL 2 : GOSUB 18080: GOTO 760
 - 895 X=3:A=1880:P=0:L=20:H=4:Y=8 :J=1: COLOR=6: HLIN 0.39 NT 4: COLOR=9: GOSU8 986: COLOR= 12: YLIN 5,X=2 0T.X
 - 818 H=2*A-P-A/W: COLOP=8: GOEUB 888: VLIN 5,39 RT X:X=X+1: IF XC39 THEN 828:X=3: VLIN 5,39 RT 1: VLIN 3,39 RT 2
 - 828 P=A:A=A:Y=A/IPE: COLOR=12: GOSUB 888: COLOR=5: VLIH S,X-2 EI X: COLOR=15: PLOT X-2,M: FCR I=B TO J: NEXT I: SOSUS 18888 : GOTO 318
 - 980 M=L-T;L1=M-1:12=H+1: VLIH il, L2 AT X-1: VLIH L1,L2 AT X: VLIH L1.12 AT X+1: RETURN
 - 980 I=1+I MOD 15: FOR T=8 TO 39 : FOR 2=8 TO 39: COLOR=I+(HBST -(20-X)-Z)=(HBS (20-Y)-Z)>25 : PLOT X,Y: HEXT X,Y: GCSUS 1 18900: GOTO 900
 - 188 CRL -706
- 1919 J=1+J MGD 32: COLOR=J/2: VLIH 9,29 NT 3+J: VTRB 21+(J/2) MOD 2: TAB 3+J: 1F J MOD 2 TAEN PRINT J/2;: GOSUB 18996: GOTO 1919
- 2888 COLOR= RHD (16): HLIN 8,39 AT Jr. COLOR= RHD (16): VLIN 8, 33 AT J: RETURN
- 18988 IF PREK (-16364)X128 THEH RETURN : POKE -16368,8: PDF-: GOTO

ν.

..... APPLE II STARTREK VERSION THIS IS A SHORT DESCRIPTION OF HOW TO PLAY STARTREK ON THE APPLE COMPUTER. THE UNIVERSE IS MADE UP OF 64 DUADRANTS IN AN 8 BY 8 MATRIX. THE DUADRANT IN WHICH YOU "THE ENTERPRISE " ARE, IS IN WHITE, AND A BLOW UP OF THAT QUADRANT IS FOUND IN THE LOWER LEFT CORNER. YOUR SPACE SHIP STATUS IS FOUND IN A TABLE TO THE RIGHT SIDE OF THE QUARRANT BLOW UP.

THIS IS A SEARCH AND DESTROY MISSION. THE OBJECT IS TO LONG-RANGE SENSE FOR INFORMATION AS TO WHERE KLINGONS (K) ARE, HOVE TO THAT QUADRANT, AND DESTROY. NUMBERS DISPLAYED FOR EACH QUADRANT DENOTE:

OF STARS IN THE ONES PLACE

OF BASES IN THE TENS PLACE

OF KLINGONS IN THE HUNDREDS PLACE AT ANY TIME DURING THE BAHE, FOR INSTANCE BEFORE ONE TOTALLY RUNS OUT OF ENERGY, OR NEEDS TO REGENERATE ALL SYSTEMS, ONE MOVES TO A GUADRANT WHICH INCLUDES A BASE, IUNS NEXT TO THAT BASE (B) AT WHICH THE THE BASE SELF-DESTRUCTS AND THE ENTERPRISE (E) HAS ALL SYSTEMS "GO" AGAIN. TO PLAY: THE COMMANDS CAN BE OBTAINED BY TYPING A "O" (ZERO) AND RETURN. THEY ARE: 1. PROPULSION 2. REGENERATE 3. LONG RANGE SENSORS 5. PHOTON TORPEDOES 4. PHASERS 6. GALAXY RECORD 7. COMPUTER
9. SHIELD ENERGY 10. DAMAGE REPORT
11.LOAD PHOTON TORPEDOES
2. THE COMANDS ARE INVOKED BY TYPING THE NUMBER REFERING TO THEM
FOLLOWED BY A "RETURN".
A. IF RESPONSE IS 1 THE COMPUTER WILL ASK WARP OR ION AND
EXPECTS "W" IF ONE WANTS TO TRAVEL IN THE GALAXY
BETWEEN QUADRANTS AND AN "I" IF ONE WANTS ONLY
INTERNAL QUADRANT TRAVEL.
DURATION DE WARP FACTOR IS THE NUMBER OF SPACES OR
QUADRANTS THE ENTERPRISE WILL MOVE.
COURSE IS COMPASS READING IN DEGREES FOR THE DESIPER DESTINATION. 7. COMPUTER 9. SHIELD ENERGY 8. PROBE RED DESTINATION. B. A 2 REGENERATES THE ENERGY AT THE EXPENSE OF TIME.
C. A 3 GIVES THE CONTENTS OF THE IMMEDIATE ADJACENT QUADRANTS.
THE GALAXY IS WRAP-AROUND IN ALL DIRECTIONS.
D. 4 FIRES PHASERS AT THE EXPENSE OF AVAILABLE ENERGY. E. 5 INITIATES A SET OF QUESTIONS FOR TORPEDD FIRING.
THEY CAN BE FIRED AUTOMATICALLY IF THEY HAVE
BEEN LOCKED ON TARGET WHILE IN THE COMPUTER
MODE, OR MAY BE FIRED MANUALLY IF THE TRAGECTORY ANGLE
IS KNOWN. F. 6. B AND 10 ALL GIVE INFORMATION ABOUT THE STATUS OF THE SHIP AND ITS ENVIRONMENT. G. 9 SETS THE SHIELD ENERGY/AVAILABLE ENERGY RATIO.
H. 11 ASKS FOR INFORMATION ON LOADING AND UNLOADING OF
PHOTON TORPEDOES AT THE ESPENSE OF AVAILABLE ENERGY.
THE ANSWER SHOULD BE A SIGNED NUMBER. FOR EXAMPLE +5 OR -2 1. 7 ENTERS A COMPUTER WHICH WILL RESPOND TO THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS: 1. COMPUTE COURSE
3. LOCK PHOTON TORPEDOES
4. LOCK COURSE 2. LOCK PHASERS 4. LOCK COURSE 5. COMPUTE TREJECTORY
6. STATUS
7. RETURN TO COMAND HODE
IN THE FIRST FIVE ONE WILL HAVE TO GIVE COORDINATES.
CDORDINATES ARE GIVEN IN MATHMATICAL NOTATION WITH
THE EXCEPTION THAT THE "Y" VALUE IS GIVEN FIRST.
AN EXAMPLE WOULD BE "Y",X" COURSE OR TRAJECTORY: FOR FLOWER MOSSION 270 180

14

ERRORS

1 D S (S 78 18)

6 AME ESPS AT 3427

LOADING THE HI-RES DEMO TAPE

PROCEDURE

- Power up system turn the AC power switch in the back of the Apple II on. You should see a random matrix of question marks and other text characters. If you don't, consult the operator's manual for system checkout procedures.
- 2. Hit the RESET key. On the left hand side of the screen you should see an asterisk and a flashing cursor next to it below the text matrix.
- 3. Insert the HI-RES demo tape into the cassette and rewind it. Check Volume (50-70%) and Tone (80-100%) settings.
- 4. Type in "COO.FFFR" on the Apple II keyboard. This is the address range of the high resolution machine language subprogram. It extends from \$COO to \$FFF. The R tells the computer to read in the data. Do not depress the "RETURN" key yet.
- 5. Start the tape recorder in playback mode and depress the "RETURN" key. The flashing cursor disappears.
- A beep will sound after the program has been read in. STOP the tape recorder. <u>Do not</u> rewind the program tape yet.
- 7. Hold down the "CTRL" key, depress and release the B key, then depress the "RETURN" key and release the "CTRL" key. You should see a right facing arrow and a flashing cursor. The BC command places the Apple into BASIC initializing the memory pointers.
- 8. Type in "LOAD", restart the tape recorder in playback mode and hit the "RETURN" key. The flashing cursor disappears. This begins the loading of the BASIC subprogram of the HI-RES demo tape.
- A beep will sound to indicate the program is being loaded.

- 10. A second beep will sound, and the right facing arrow will reappear with the flashing cursor. STOP the tape recorder. Rewind the tape.
- 11. Type in "HIMEM:8192" and hit the "RETURN" key. This sets up memory for high resolution graphics.
- 12. Type in "RUN" and hit the "RETURN" key. The screen should clear and momentarily a HI-RES demo menu table should appear. The loading sequence is now completed.

SUMMARY OF HI-RES DEMO TAPE LOADING

PROCEDURE:

- 1. RESET
- 2. Type in COO.FFFR
- 3. Start tape recorder, hit RETURN
- Asterick or flashing cursor reappear BC (CTRL B) into BASIC
- 5. Type in "LOAD", hit RETURN
- 6. BASIC prompt (7) and flashing cursor reappear. Type in "HIMEN:8192", hit RETURN
- 7. Type in "RUN", hit RETURN
- 8. STOP tape recorder, rewind tape.

Apple II Integer BASIC

CONTENTS

- 1. BASIC Commands
- 2. BASIC Operators
- 3. BASIC Functions
- 4. BASIC Statements
- 5. Special Control and Editing
- 6. Table A Graphics Colors
- 7. Special Controls and Features
- 8. BASIC Error Messages
- 9. Simplified Memory Map
- 10. Data Read/Save Subroutines
- 11. Simple Tone Subroutines
- 12. High Resolution Graphics
- 13. Additional BASIC Program Examples

BASIC COMMANDS

Commands are executed immediately; they do not require line numbers. Most Statemer (see Basic Statements Section) may also be used as commands. Remember to press Return key after each command so that Apple knows that you have finished that line. Multiple commands (as opposed to statements) on same line separated by a ": " are NOT allowed.

COMMAND NAME

AUTO num Sets automatic line numbering mode. Starts at line

number num and increments line numbers by 10. To exit AUTO mode, type a control X^* , then type the

letters "MAN" and press the return key.

AUTO num1, num2 Same as above execpt increments line numbers by

number num2.

CLR Clears current BASIC variables; undimensions arrays.

Program is unchanged.

CON Continues program execution after a stop from a

control C*. Does not change variables.

DEL num1 Deletes line number num1.

DEL num1, num2 Deletes program from line number num1 through line

number num2.

DSP var Sets debug mode that will display variable var every-

time that it is changed along with the line number that caused the change. (NOTE: RUN command clears DSP mode so that DSP command is effective only if

program is continued by a CON or GOTO command.)

HIMEM: expr Sets highest memory location for use by BASIC at

location specified by expression exprin decimal.

HIMEM: may not be increased without destroying program. HIMEM: is automatically set at maximum RAM memory when

BASIC is entered by a control B*.

GOTO expr Causes immediate jump to line number specified by

expression expr.

GR Sets mixed color graphics display mode. Clears screen

to black. Resets scrolling window. Displays 40x40

squares in 15 colors on top of screen and 4 lines of text

at bottom.

LIST Lists entire program on screen.

LIST num1 Lists program line number num1.

LIST num1, num2 Lists program line number num1 through line number

num2.

LOAD expr.

Reads (Loads) a BASIC program from cassette tape. Start tape recorder before hitting return key. Two beeps and a ">" indicate a good load. "ERR" or "MEM". FULL ERR" message indicates a bad tape or poor recorder performance.

LOMEM: expr

Similar to HIMEM: except sets lowest memory location available to BASIC. Automatically set at 2048 when BASIC is entered with a control B*. Moving LOMEM: destroys current variable values.

MAN

Clears AUTO line numbering mode to all manual line numbering after a control C* or control X*.

NEW

Clears (Scratches) current BASIC program.

NO DSP var

Clears DSP mode for variable var.

NO TRACE

Clears TRACE mode.

RUN

Clears variables to zero, undimensions all arrays and executes program starting at lowest statement line number.

RUN expr

Clears variables and executes program starting at line number specified by expression expr.

SAVE

Stores (saves) a BASIC program on a cassette tape. Start tape recorder in record mode prior to hitting return key.

TEXT

Sets all text mode. Screen is formated to display alpha-numeric characters on 24 lines of 40 characters each. TEXT resets scrolling window to maximum.

TRACE

Sets debug mode that displays line number of each statement as it is executed.

* Control characters such as control X or control C are typed by holding down the CTRL key while typing the specified letter. This is similiar to how one holds down the shift key to type capital letters. Control characters are NOT displayed on the screen but are accepted by the computer. For example, type several control G's. We will also use a superscript C to indicate a control character as in X^C.

BASIC Operators

Symbol ·	Sample Statement	Explanation
<u>Prefix Op</u>	erators	
()	10 X = 4*(5 + X)	Expressions within parenthesis () are always evaluated first.
+	20 X= +4*5	Optional; +1 times following expression.
-	30 ALPHA = -(BETA +2)	Negation of following expression.
NOT	40 IF NOT B THEN 200 1 50 1=NOT NOT 1	Logical Negation of following expression; Ø if expression is true (non-zero), lif expression is false (zero).
Arithmeti	c Operators	
†	6 ∅ Y = X+3	Exponentiate as in x^3 . NOTE: \uparrow is shifted letter N.
*	70 LET DOTS=A*B*N2	Multiplication. NOTE: Implied multiplication such as $(2 + 3)(4)$ is not allowed thus N2 in example is a variable not N \star 2.
/	80 PRINT GAMMA/S	Divide
MOD	90 5 = 12 MOD 7 100 X = X MOD(Y+2)	Modulo: Remainder after division of first expression by second expression.
+	110 P = L + G	Add
-	12Ø XY4 = H-D	Substract
=	13Ø HEIGHT=15 14Ø LET SIZE=7*5 15Ø A(8) = 2 155 ALPHA\$ = "PLEASE"	Assignment operator; assigns a value to a variable. LET is optional

Relational and Logical Operators

The numeric values used in logical evaluation are "true" if non-zero, "false" if zero.

Symbol .	Sample Statement	Explanation
=	160 IF D = E THEN 500	Expression "equals" expression.
2	170 IF A\$(1,1)= "Y" THEN 500	String variable "equals" string variable.
# or < >	180 IF: ALPHA #X*Y THEN 500	Expression "does not equal" expression.
#	19 0 IF A\$ # "NO" THEN 5 00	String variable "does not equal" string variable. NOTE: If strings are not the same length, they are considered un-equal. <> not allowed with strings.
>	200 IF A>B THEN GO TO 50	Expression "is greater than" expression.
<	210 IF A+1<8-5 THEN 100	Expression "is less than" expression.
>=.	22Ø IF A>⇒B THEN 1ØØ	Expression "is greater than or equal to expression.
<=	23Ø IF A+1<=B-6 THEN 2ØØ	Expression "is less than or equal to" expression.
AND	24Ø IF A>B AND C <d 200<="" td="" then=""><td>Expression 1 "and" expression 2 must both be "true" for statements to be true.</td></d>	Expression 1 "and" expression 2 must both be "true" for statements to be true.
OR	25Ø IF ALPHA OR BETA+1 THEN 2ØØ	If either expression 1 or expression 2 is "true", statement is "true".

BASIC FUNCTIONS

Functions return a numeric result. They may be used as expressions or as part of expressions. PRINT is used for examples only, other statements may be used. Expressions following function name must be enclosed between two parenthesis signs.

FUNCTION NAME

 011011111111111111111111111111111111111				
ABS (expr)	3ØØ	PRINT	ABS(X)	Gives absolute value of the expression expr.
ASC (str\$)	32Ø 33Ø	PRINT PRINT	ASC("BACK") ASC(B\$) ASC(B\$(4,4)) ASC(B\$(Y))	Gives decimal ASCII value of designated string variable str\$. If more than one character is in designated string or sub-string, it gives decimal ASCII value of first character.
LEN (str\$)	34Ø	PRINT	LEN(B\$)	Gives current length of designated string variable $str \$; i.e., number of characters.
PDL (expr)	35Ø	PRINT	PDL(X)	Gives number between Ø and 255 corres- ponding to paddle position on game paddle number designated by expression <i>empt</i> and must be legal paddle (Ø,1,2,or 3) or else 255 is returned.
PEEK (expr)	36Ø	PRINT	PEEK(X)	Gives the decimal value of number stored of decimal memory location specified by expression <i>expr</i> . For MEMORY locations above 32676, use negative number; i.e., HEX location FFFØ is -32751
RND (expr)	37Ø	PRINT	RND(X)	Gives random number between 0 and (expression expr -1) if expression expr is positive; if minus, it gives random number between 0 and (expression expr +1).
SCRN(expr1, expr2)	380	PRINT	SCRN (X1,Y1)	Gives color (number between Ø and 15) of screen at horizontal location designated by expression expr1 and vertical location designated by expression expr2 Range of expression expr1 is Ø to 39. Range of expression expr2 is Ø to 39 if in standard mixed colorgraphics display mode as set by GR command or Ø to 47 if in all color mode set by POKE -163Ø4 ,Ø: POKE - 163Ø2,Ø.
SGN (expr)	39 <i>p</i>	PRINT	SGN(X)	Gives sign (not sine) of expression expr i.e., -1 if expression expr is negative, zero if zero and +1 if expr is positive.

BASIC STATEMENTS

Each BASIC statement must have a line number between 0 and 32767. Variable names must start with an alpha character and may be any number of alphanumeric characters up to 100. Variable names may not contain buried any of the following words: AND, AT, MOD, OR, STEP, or THEN. Variable names may not begin with the letters END, LET, or REM. String variables names must end with a \$ (dollar sign). Multiple statements may appear under the same line number if separated by a: (colon) as long as the total number of characters in the line (including spaces) is less than approximately 150 characters
Most statements may also be used as commands. BASIC statements are executed by RUN or GOTO commands.

NAME

CALL expr 10 CALL-936

Causes execution of a machine level language subroutine at <u>decimal</u> memory location specified by expression *expr*Locations above 32767 are specified using negative numbers; i.e., location in example 10 is hexidecimal number \$FC53-

COLOR=expr 30 COLOR=12

In standard resolution color (GR) graphics mode, this command sets screen TV color to value in expression expr in the range Ø to 15 as described in Table A. Actually expression expr may be in the range Ø to 255 without error message since it is implemented as if it were expression expr MOD 16.

DIM var1 (expr1) 50 DIM A(20),B(10)
str\$ (expr2) 60 DIM B\$(30)
war2 (expr3) 70 DIM C
Illegal:
80 DIM A(30)
Legal:
85 DIM C(1000)

The DIM statement causes APPLE II to reserve memory for the specified variables. For number arrays APPLE reserves approximately 2 times expr bytes of memory limited by available memory. For string arrays -str (expr) must be in the range of 1 to 255. Last defined variable may be redimensioned at any time; thus, example in line is illegal but 85 is allowed.

DSP var

Legal:
 90 DPS AX:DSP L
Illegal:
 100 DSP AX,B
 102 DSP AB\$
 104 DSP A(5)
Legal:
 105 A=A(5): DSP A

Sets debug mode that DSP variable var each time it changes and the line number where the change occured.

NAME	EXAMPLE	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
END	11Ø END	Stops program execution. Sends carriage return and "> " BASIC prompt) to screen.
FOR var= expr1 TOexpr2 STEPexpr3	110 FOR L=0 to 39 120 FOR X=Y1 TO Y3 130 FOR I=39 TO 1 150 GOSUB 100 *J2	Begins FORNEXT loop, initializes variable var to value of expression expr1 then increments it by amount in expression expr 3 each time the corresponding "NEXT" statement is encountered, until value of expression expr 2 is reached. If STEP expr3 is omitted, a STEP of +1 is assumed. Negative numbers are allowed.
GOSUE expr	14Ø GOSUB 5ØØ	Causes branch to BASIC subroutine starting at legal line number specified by expression expr Subroutines may be nested up to 16 levels.
GOTO expr	16Ø GOTO 2ØØ 17Ø GOTO ALPHA+1ØØ	Causes immediate jump to legal line number specified by expression $\it expr.$
<u>GR</u>	18Ø GR 19Ø GR: POKE -163Ø2,Ø	Sets mixed standard resolution color graphics mode. Initializes COLOR = Ø (Black) for top 40x40 of screen and sets scrolling window to lines 21 through 24 by 40 characters for four lines of text at bottom of screen. Example 190 sets all color mode (40x48 field) with no text at bottom of screen.
HLIN expr1, expr2ATexpr3	200 HLIN 0,39 AT 20 210 HLIN Z,Z+6 AT I	In standard resolution color graphics mode, this command draws a horizontal line of a predefined color (set by COLOR=) starting at horizontal position defined by expression expr1 and ending at position expr2 at vertical position defined by expression expr3 .expr1 and expr2 must be in the range of Ø to 39 and expr1: < = expr2 .expr3 be in the range of Ø to 39 (or Ø to 47 if not in mixed mode).

Note:

HLIN Ø, 19 AT Ø is a horizontal line at the top of the screen extending from left corner to center of screen and HLIN 20,39 AT 39 is a horizontal line at the bottom of the screen extending from center to right corner.

<u>IF</u> expression	22Ø	IF A > B THEN
THEN statement		PRINT A
	230	IF X=Ø THEN C=1
		IF A#10 THEN
	•	GOSUB 200
	250	IF A\$(1,1)# "Y"
		THEN 100
T 1	Tegal	
* '		IF L > 5 THEN 5Ø:
	200	ELSE 60
l e	gal:	ELSE OP
Ų.		IF L > 5 THEN 5Ø
	£19	GO TO 6Ø
		שט זט טעט
INDIT mant	201	TMDUT V V 7/2)

If expression is true (non-zero) then execute statement; if false do not execute statement. If statement is an expression, then a GOTO expr type of statement is assumed to be implied. The "ELSE" in example 260 is illegal but may be implemented as shown in example 270.

INPUT var1, var2, str\$	28Ø INPUT 29Ø INPUT	X,Y,Z(3) "AMT",	
,	DLLR	"Y or N?",	A.
	ODD TIN OI	1 01 11: 5	~

Enters data into memory from I/O device. If number input is expected, APPLE wil output "?"; if string input is expected no "?" will be outputed. Multiple numeric inputs to same statement may be separated by a comma or a carriage return. String inputs must be separated by a carriage return only. One pair of " " may be used immediately after INPUT to output prompting text enclosed within the quotation marks to the screen.

IN# expr	31Ø	IN#	6
	32Ø	IN#	Y+2
	33Ø	IN#	0

Transfers source of data for subsequent INPUT statements to peripheral I/O slot (1-7) as specified as by expression expr. Slot \emptyset is not addressable from BASIC. IN#Ø (Example 33Ø) is used to return data source from peripherial I/O to keyboard connector.

LET	34Ø LET X=5
1151 num1,	35Ø IF X > 6 THEN LIST 5Ø

Assignment operator. "LET" is optional Causes program from line number num1 through line number num2 to be displayed

NEXT var1, 360 NEXT I var2 370 NEXT J,K Increments corresponding "FOR" variable and loops back to statement following "FOR" until variable exceeds limit.

<u>NO DSP</u> var 38Ø NO DSP I NO TRACE 39Ø NO TRACE Turns-off DSP debug mode for variable

Turns-off TRACE debug mode

on screen.

PLOT expr1, expr2	400 PLOT 15, 25 400 PLT XV,YV	In standard resolution color graphics, this command plots a small square of a predefined color (set by COLOR=) at horizontal location specified by expression expr1 in range Ø to 39 and vertical location specified by expression expr2 in range Ø to 39 (or Ø to 47 if in all graphics mode) NOTE: PLOT Ø Ø is upper left and PLOT 39, 39 (or PLOT 39, 47) is lower right corner.
POKE expr1, expr2	420 POKE 20, 40 430 POKE 7*256, XMOD255	Stores <u>decimal</u> number defined by expression <u>expr2</u> in range of Ø 255 at <u>decimal</u> memory location specified by expression <u>expr1</u> Locations above 32767 are specified by negative numbers.
<u>POP</u>	44Ø POP	"POPS" mested GOSUB return stack address by one.
PRINT var1, var, str\$	45Ø PRINT L1 46Ø PRINT L1, X2 47Ø PRINT "AMT=";DX 48Ø PRINT A\$;B\$; 49Ø PRINT 492 PRINT "HELLO" 494 PRINT 2+3	Outputs data specified by variable var or string variable str\$ starting at current cursor location. If there is not trailing "," or ";" (Ex 450) a carriage return will be generated. Commas (Ex. 460) outputs data in 5 left justified columns. Semi-colon (Ex. 470) inhibits print of any spaces. Text imbedded in " " will be printed and may appear multiple times.
PR# expr	500 PR# 7	Like IN#, transfers output to I/O slot defined by expression $expr$ PR# Ø is video output not I/O slot Ø.
REM	510 REM REMARK	No action. All characters after REM are treated as a remark until terminated by a carriage return.
RETURN	52Ø RETURN 53Ø IFX= 5 THEN RETURN	Causes branch to statement following last GOSUB; i.e., RETURN ends a subroutine. Do not confuse "RETURN" statement with Return key on keyboa

SPECIAL CONTROL AND EDITING CHARACTERS

Control X

"Control" characters are indicated by a super-scripted "C" such as $G^{\mathbb{C}}$. They are obtained by holding down the CTRL key while typing the specified letter. Control characters are NOT displayed on the TV screen. B and C must be followed by a carriage return. Screen editing characters are indicated by a sub-scripted "E" such as D_E. They are obtained by pressing and releasing the ESC key then typing specified letter. Edit characters send information only to display screen and does not send data to memory. For example, UC moves to cursor to right and copies text while A_E moves cursor to right but does not copy text.

CHARACTER	DESCRIPTION OF ACTION
RESET key	Immediately interrupts any program execution and resets computer. Also sets all text mode with scrolling window at maximum. Control is transferred to System Monitor and Apple prompts with a "*" (asterisk) and a bell. Hitting RESET key does NOT destroy existing BASIC or machine language program.
-Control B	If in System Monitor (as indicated by a "*"), a control B and a carriage return will transfer control to BASIC, scratching (killing) any existing BASIC program and set HIMEM: to maximum installed user memory and LOMEM: to 2048.
Control C	If in BASIC, halts program and displays line number where stop occurred*. Program may be continued with a CON command. If in System Monitor, (as indicated by "*"), control C and a carraige return will enter BASIC without killing current program.
Control G	Sounds bell (beeps speaker)
Control H	Backspaces cursor and deletes any overwritten characters from computer but not from screen. Apply supplied keyboards have special key "+" on right side of keyboard that provides this functions without using control button.
Control J	Issues line feed only
Control V	Compliment to $H^{\mathbb{C}}$. Forward spaces cursor and copies over written characters. Apple keyboards have "+" key on right side which also performs this function.

Immediately deletes current line.

* If BASIC program is expecting keyboard input, you will have to hit carriage return key after typing control C.

CHARACTER	DESCRIPTION OF ACTION
AE	Move cursor to right
B _E	Move cursor to left
cE	Move cursor down
DE	Move cursor up
EE	Clear text from cursor to end of line
F _E	Clear text from cursor to end of page

of page.

Table A: APPLE II COLORS AS SET BY COLOR =

θ_E

Note: Colors may vary depending on TV tint (hue) setting and may also be changed by adjusting trimmer capacitor C3 on APPLE II P.C. Board.

Home cursor to top of page, clear text to end

Ø	変	Black		Brown
1	_	Magenta	9 ≃	Orange
2	=	Dark Blue		Grey
3	=	Light Purple	11 =	Pink
4	=	Dark Green	12 =	Green
5	=	Grey	13 =	Yellow
6	=	Medium Blue	14 =	Blue/Green
7	=	Light Blue	15 =	White

_ .6

-

Special Controls and Features

Hex ,	BASIC Example	Description
Display I	Mode Controls	
CØ50 CØ51 CØ52 CØ53 CØ54 CØ55 CØ56	10 POKE -16304,0 20 POKE -16303,0 30 POKE -16302,0 40 POKE -16301,0 50 POKE -16300,0 60 POKE -16299,0 70 POKE -16298,0	Set color graphics mode Set text mode Clear mixed graphics Set mixed graphics (4 lines text) Clear display Page 2 (BASIC commands use Page 1 only) Set display to Page 2 (alternate) Clear HIRES graphics mode
CØ57	8Ø POKE -16297,Ø	Set HIRES graphics mode
TEXT Mode	e Controls	
Ø Ø 2Ø	90 POKE 32,L1	Set left side of scrolling window to location specified by Ll in range of Ø to 39.
ØØ21	1ØØ POKE 33,₩1	Set window width to amount specified by W1. L1+W1<4Ø. W1>Ø
ØØ22	11Ø POKE 34,T1	Set window top to line specified by Tl in range of Ø to 23
ØØ23	12Ø POKE 35,B1	Set window bottom to line specified by Bl in the range of Ø to 23. Bl>Tl
ØØ24	13Ø CH=PEEK(36) 14Ø POKE 36,CH 15Ø TAB(CH+1)	Read/set cusor horizontal position in the range of Ø to 39. If using TAB, you must add "1" to cusor position read value; Ex. 140 and 150 perform identical function.
ØØ25	16Ø CV=PEEK(37) 17Ø POKE 37,CV 18Ø VTAB(CV+1)	Similar to above. Read/set cusor vertical position in the range Ø to 23.
ØØ32	190 POKE 50,127 200 POKE 50,255	Set inverse flag if 127 (Ex. 190) Fig. Set normal flag if 255(Ex. 200)
FC58	210 CALL -936	(0E) Home cusor, clear screen
FC42	22Ø CALL -958	(F _E) Clear from cusor to end of page

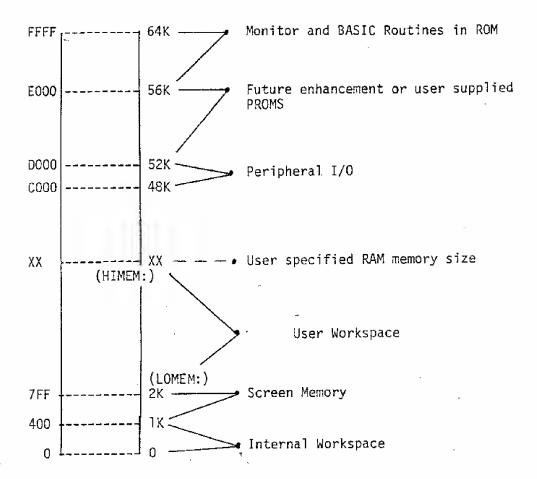
<u>Hex</u>	BASIC Example	Description
FC9C	23Ø CALL -868	$(E_{\overline{E}})$ Clear from cusor to end of line
FC66	24Ø CALL -922	$(J^{\mathbb{C}})$ Line feed
FC7Ø	25Ø CALL -912	Scroll up text one line

Miscellaneo	บร	
сøзø	36Ø X=PEEK(-16336) 365 POKE -16336,Ø	Toggle speaker
CØØØ	37Ø X=PEEK(-16384	Read keyboard; if X>127 then key was pressed.
CØIØ	38Ø POKE -16368,Ø	Clear keyboard strobe - always after reading keyboard.
CØ61	39Ø X=PEEK(-16287)	Read PDL(Ø) push button switch. If X>127 then switch is "on".
CØ62	4ØØ X=PEEK(-16286)	Read PDL(1) push button switch.
CØ63	41Ø X=PEEK(-16285)	Read PDL(2) push button switch.
CØ58	42Ø POKE -16296,Ø	Clear Game I/O ANØ output
CØ59	43Ø POKE -16295,Ø	Set Game I/O ANØ output
CØ5A	440 POKE -16294,0	Clear Game I/O AN1 output
СØ5В	450 POKE -16293,0	Set Game I/O AN1 output
CØ5C	460 POKE -16292,0	Clear Game I/O AN2 output
CØ5D	470 POKE -16291,0	Set Game I/O AN2 output
CØ5E	48Ø POKE -16290,Ø	Clear Game I/O AN3 output
CØ5F	49Ø POKE -16289,Ø	Set Game I/O AN3 output

APPLE II BASIC ERROR MESSAGES

*** SYNTAX ERR	Results from a syntactic or typing error.
*** > 32767 ERR	A value entered or calculated was less than -32767 or greater than 32767.
*** > 255 ERR	A value restricted to the range 0 to 255 was outside that range.
*** BAD BRANCH ERR	Results from an attempt to branch to a non-existant line number.
*** BAD RETURN ERR	Results from an attempt to execute more RETURNs than previously executed GOSUBs.
*** BAD NEXT ERR	Results from an attempt to execute a NEXT state- ment for which there was not a corresponding FOR statement.
*** 16 GOSUBS ERR	Results from more than 16 nested GOSUBs.
*** 16 FORS ERR	Results from more than 16 nested FOR loops.
*** NO END ERR	The last statement executed was not an END.
*** MEM FULL ERR	The memory needed for the program has exceeded the memory size allotted.
*** TOO LONG ERR	Results from more than 12 nested parentheses or more than 128 characters in input line.
*** DIM ERR	Results from an attempt to DIMension.a string array which has been previously dimensioned.
*** RANGE ERR	An array was larger than the DIMensioned value or smaller than 1 or HLIN, VLIN, PLOT, TAB, or VTAB arguments are out of range.
*** STR OVFL ERR	The number of characters assigned to a string exceeded the DIMensioned value for that string.
*** STRING ERR	Results from an attempt to execute an illegal string operation.
RETYPE LINE	Results from illegal data being typed in response to an INPUT statement. This message also requests that the illegal item be retyped.

Simplified Memory Map



READ/SAVE DATA SUBROUTINE

INTRODUCTION

Valuable data can be generated on the Apple II computer and sometimes it is useful to have a software routine that will allow making a permanent record of this information. This paper discusses a simple subroutine that serves this purpose.

Before discussing the Read/Save routines a rudimentary knowledge of how variables are mapped into memory is needed.

Numeric variables are mapped into memory with four attributes. Appearing in order sequentually are the Variable Name, the Display Byte, the Next Variable Address, and the Data of the Variable. Diagramatically this is represented as:

VΝ	DSP	NVA	DATA(0)	DATA(1)	DATA(N)
1			h ₁	h ₂	h _{n+1}

VARIABLE NAME - up to 100 characters represented in memory as ASCII equivalents with the high order bit set.

DSP (DISPLAY) BYTE - set to Ø1 when DSP set in BASIC initiates a process that displays this variable with the line number every time it is changed within a program.

NVA (NEXT VARIABLE ADDRESS) - two bytes (first low order, the second high order) indicating the memory location of the next variable.

DATA - hexadecimal equivalent of numeric information, represented in pairs of bytes, low order byte first.

String variables are formatted a bit differently than numeric ones. These variables have one extra attribute - a string terminator which designates the end of a string. A string variable is formatted as follows:

VN	DSP	NVA	DATA(0)	DATA(1)	DATA(n)	ST
1			hŢ	h ₂	h _{n+l}	

VARIABLE NAME - up to 100 characters represented in memory as ASCII equivalents with the high order bit set.

DSP (DISPLAY) BYTE - set to Ø1 when DSP set in BASIC, initiates a process that displays this variable with the line number every time it is changed within a program.

NVA (NEXT VARIABLE ADDRESS) - two bytes (first low order, the second high order) indicating the memory location of the next variable.

DATA - ASCII equivalents with high order kit set.

STRING TERMINATOR (ST) - none high order bit set character indicating END of string.

There are two parts of any BASIC program represented in memory. One is the location of the variables used for the program, and the other is the actual BASIC program statements. As it turns out, the mapping of these within memory is a straightforward process. Program statements are placed into memory starting. at the top of RAM memory* unless manually shifted by the "HIMEN:" command, and are pushed down as each new (numerically larger) line numbered statement is entered into the system. Figure la illustrates this process diagramatically. Variables on the other hand are mapped into memory starting at the lowest position of RAM memory - hex \$800 (2048) unless manually shifted by the "COMEM:" command. They are laid down from there (see Figure 1b) and continue until all the variables have been mapped into memory or until they collide with the program statements. In the event of the latter case a memory full error will be generated

^{*}Top of RAM memory is a function of the amount of memory. 16384 will be the value of "HIMEN:" for a 16K system.

The computer keeps track of the amount of memory used for the variable table and program statements. By placing the end memory location of each into \$CC (208)-\$ (205) and \$CA(202)-\$ CB(203), respectively. These are the BASIC memory program pointers and their values can be found by using the statements in Figure 2. CM defined in Figure 1 as the location of the end of the variable tape is equal to the number resulting from statement a of Figure 2. PP, the program pointer, is equal to the value resulting from statement 2b. These statements (Figure 2) can then be used on any Apple II computer to find the limits of the program and variable table.

FINDING THE VARIABLE TABLE FROM BASIC

First, power up the Apple II, reset it, and use the CTRL B (control B) command to place the system into BASIC initializing the memory pointers. Using the statements from Figure 2 it is found that for a 16K Apple II CM is equal to $2\emptyset48$ and PP is equal to 16384. These also happen to be the values of LOMEN and HIMEN: But this is expected because upon using the B^C command both memory pointers are initialized indicating no program statements and no variables.

To illustrate what a variable table looks like in Apple II memory suppose we want to assign the numeric variable A (\$Cl is the ASCII equivalent of a with the high order bit set) the value of -l (FF FF in hex) and then examine the memory contents. The steps in this process are outlined in example I. Variable A is defined as equal to -l (step 1). Then for convenience another variable - B - is defined as equal to Ø (step 2). Now that the variable table has been defined use of statement 2a indicates that CM is equal to 2060 (step 3). LOMEN has not been readjusted so it is equal to 2048. Therefore the variable table resides in memory from 2048 (\$800 hex) to 2060 (\$800). Depressing the "RESET" key places the Apple II into the monitor mode (step 4).

We are now ready to examine the memory contents of the variable table. Since the variable table resides from \$800 hex to \$800 hex typing in "800.800" and then depressing the "RETURN" key (step 5) will list the memory contents of this range. Figure 3 lists the contents with each memory location labelled. Examining these contents we see that Cl is equal to the variable name and is the memory equivalent of "A" and that FF FF is the equivalent of -1. From this, since the variable name is at the beginning of the table and the data is at the end, the variable table representation of A extends from \$800 to \$805. We have then found

the memory range of where the variable A is mapped into memory. The reason for this will become clear in the next section.

EAD/SAVE ROUTINE

The READ/SAVE subroutine has three parts. The first section (lines Ø-lo) defines variable A and transfers control to the main program. Lines 20 through 26 represents the Write data to tape routine and lines 3Ø-38 represent the Read data from tape subroutine. Both READ and SAVE routines are executable by the BASIC "GOSUB X" (where X is 2Ø for write and 3Ø is for read) command. And as listed these routines can be directly incorporated into almost any BASIC program for read and saving a variable table. The limitation of these routines is that the whole part of a variable table is processed so it is necessary to maintain exactly the dimension statements for the variables used.

The variables used in this subroutine are defined as follows:

- A = record length, must be the first variable defined
- CM= the value obtained from statement a of figure 2
- CM= is equal to the value of "LOMEN:" Nominally 2048

AVING A DATA TABLE

The first step in a hard copy routine is to place the desired data onto tape. This is accomplished by determining the length of the variable table and setting A equal to it. Next within the main program when it is time to write the data a GOSUB2Ø statement will execute the write to tape process. Record length, variable A, is written to tape first (line 22) followed by the desired data (line 24). When this process is completed control is returned to the main program.

READING A DATA TABLE

The second step is to read the data from tape. When it is time a GOSUB3Ø statement will initiate the read process. First, the record length is read in and checked to see if enough memory is available (line 32-34). If exactly the same dimension statements are used it is almost guaranteed that there will be enough memory available. After this the variable table is read in (line 34) and control is then returned to the main program (line 36). If not enough memory is available then an error is generated and control is returned to the main program (line 38)

EXAMPLE OF READ/SAVE USAGE

The Read/Save routines may be incorporated directly into a main program. To illustrate this a test program is listed in example 2. This program dimensions a variable array of twenty by one, fills the array with numbers, writes the data table to tape, and then reads the data from tape listing the data on the video display. To get a feeling for how to use these routines enter this program and explore how the Read/Save routines work.

CONCLUSION

Reading and Saving data in the format of a variable table is a relatively straight forward process with the Read/Save subroutine listed in figure 4. This routine will increase the flexibility of the Apple II by providing a permanent record of the data generated within a program. This program can be reprocessed. The Read/Save routines are a valuable addition to any data processing program.

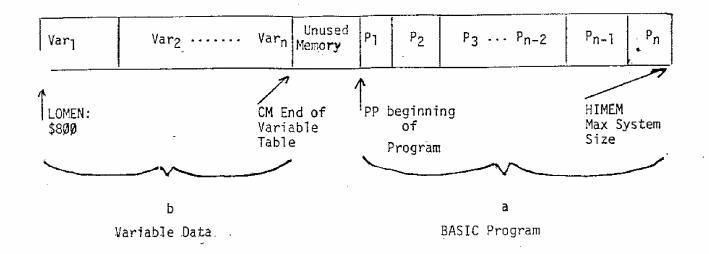


Figure 1

- a) PRINT PEEK(2Ø4) + PEEK(2Ø5)*256 PP ~ .
- b) PRINT PEEK(2 \emptyset 2) + PEEK(2 \emptyset 3)*256 \rightarrow CM

Figure 2

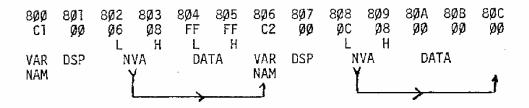


Figure 3 \$800.80C rewritten with labelling

-~ ,

READ/SAVE PROGRAM

COMMENTS

0 A=0

This must be the first statement in the program. It is initially \emptyset , but if data is to be saved, it will equal the length of the data base.

10 GOTO 100

This statement moves command to the main program.

20 PRINT "REWIND TAPE THEN START TAPE RECORDER": INPUT "THEN HIT RETURN", B\$

Lines 20-26 are the write data to tape subroutine.

22 A=CM-LM: POKE 60,4: POKE 61,8: POKE 62,5: POKE 63,8: CALL -307

24 POKE 60,LM MOD 256: POKE 61, LM/256: POKE 62, CM MOD 256: POKE 63, CM/256: CALL -3Ø7 Writing data table to tape

26 PRINT "DATA TABLE SAVED": RETURN

Returning control to main program.

30 PRINT "REWIND THE TAPE THEN START TAPE RECORDER": INPUT "AND HIT RETURN", Lines 30-38 are the READ data from tape subroutine.

32 POKE 60,4: POKE 61,8: POKE 62,5: POKE 63,8: CALL -259

34 IF A<Ø THEN 38: P=LM+A: IF P>HM THEN 38: CM=P: POKE 6Ø, LM MOD 256: POKE 61, LM/256: POKE 62, CM MOD 256: POKE 63, CM/256: CALL -259 Checking the record length (A) for memory requirements if everything is satisfactory the data is READ in.

36 PRINT "DATA READ IN": RETURN

38 PRINT "***TOO MUCH DATA BASE***": RETURN

Returning control to main program.

NOTE: CM, LM and A must be defined within the main program.

1 >A=1

- 2 >B=Ø
- 3 >PRINT PEEK (204) + PEEK (205) * 256

computer responds with= 2060

- 4 >
- 5 *8ØØ.8ØØ

Define variable A=-1, then hit RETURN

Define variable B=Ø, then hit RETURN

Use statement 2a to find the end of the VARIABLE TABLE

Hit the RESET key, Apple moves into Monitor mode.

Type in VARIABLE TABLE RANGE and HIT the RETURN KEY.

Computer responds with:

1800- C1 00 86 08 FF FF C2 00

0808 0C 08 00 00 00

Example 1

41

XLIST

ê A≃8

18 60TO 188

28 REM WRITE CATA TO TAPE ROUTINE

22 RECH-LM: POXE 68,4: POXE 61

,8: POKE 62,5: POKE 62,9: CALL

-307

E4 POKE 68,18 NOD 256: POKE-61

,LH/256: PCKE 62,CH WOD 256

: POKE 63,CH/256: CRLL -397

26 RETURN

SE REM READ DATA SUBROUTINE

32 POKE 68,4: POKE 61,8: POKE

62,5: POKE 63,8: CALL -259

24 IF AKS THEN 38:P=LM+R: IF P)

HH THEN 38; CH=P; POKE 68,LH MOD

256: POKE 61,LM/256: POKE 62

,C# MOD 256: POME 63,C#/256

: CSLL, -259

SA RETORN

· 36 PRINT **** TOO NUCH OATA SASE **

±°1 0₩1

100 DIN 84(1),X(20)

165 FOR I=1 TO 28:#17=I: NEXT

7

183 L#=2846:C#=2186:R=58:H#=16383

119 PRINT *28 HUMBERS GENERATED*

120 PRINT "HOW WE MRE GOING TO SAVE
THE DATA": PRINT "WHEN YOU MRE R
EADY START THE RECORDER IN RECOR
D MODE": 1HPUT "AND HIT RETURK"
AS

138 CALL -935: PRINT "NOW WRITING DG TA TO TAPE": GOSUB 28

135 PRINT "HOW THE DATA IS SAVED"

145 PRINT "HOW WE ARE GOING TO CLEAR THE XX29) TABLE AND READ THE DA TA FROM TAPE"

150 FOR I=1 TO 20:XXI)=8: PRINT - "X(":1:")= ";XXI): NEXT I

160 PRINT "NOW START TAPE RECORDER" : IMPUT "AND THEN HIT RETURN" ,A\$

165 PRINT TA *"A

179 805UB 39

188 PRINT "ALL THE DATA PERM IK"

198 FOR I=1 TO 29: PRIN: "X(";I;
">= ";X(I): NEXT I

195 PRINT THIS IS THE END?

325 5U

A SIMPLE TONE SUBROUTINE

INTRODUCTION

Computers can perform marvelous feats of mathematical computation at well beyond the speed capable of most human minds. They are fast, cold and accurate; man on the other hand is slower, has emotion, and makes errors. These differences create problems when the two interact with one another. So to reduce this problem humanizing of the computer is needed. Humanizing means incorporating within the computer procedures that aid in a program's usage. One such technique is the addition of a tone subroutine. This paper discusses the incorporation and usage of a tone subroutine within the Apple II computer.

Tone Generation

To generate tones in a computer three things are needed: a speaker, a circuit to drive the speaker, and a means of triggering the circuit. As it happens the Apple II computer was designed with a two-inch speaker and an efficient speaker driving circuit. Control of the speaker is accomplished through software.

Toggling the speaker is a simple process, a mere PEEK - 16336 (\$CØ3Ø) in BASIC statement will perform this operation. This does not, however, produce tones, it only emits clicks. Generation of tones is the goal, so describing frequency and duration is needed. This is accomplished by toggling the speaker at regular intervals for a fixed period of time. Figure 1 lists a machine language routine that satisfies these requirements.

Machine Language Program

This machine language program resides in page \emptyset of memory from \$02 (2) to \$14 (20). \$00 (00) is used to store the relative period (P) between toggling of the speaker and \$01 (01) is used as the memory location for the value of relative duration (D). Both P and D can range in value from \$00 (0) to \$FF (255). After the values for frequency and duration are placed into memory a CALL2 statement from BASIC will activate this routine. The speaker is toggled with the machine language statement residing at \$02 and then a

delay in time equal to the value in \$00 occurs. This process is repeated until the tone has lasted a relative period of time equal to the duration (value in $\$\emptyset1$) and then this program is exited (statement \$14).

Basic Program

The purpose of the machine language routine is to generate tones controllable from BASIC as the program dictates. Figure 2 lists the appropriate statement that will deposit the machine language routine into memory. They are in the form of a subroutine and can be activated by a GOSUB 32000 statement. It is only necessary to use this statement once at the beginning of a program. After that the machine language program will remain in memory unless a later part of the main program modifies the first 20 locations of page 0.

After the GOSUB 32000 has placed the machine language program into memory it may be activated by the statement in Figure 3. This statement is also in the form of a GOSUB because it can be used recursively in a program. Once the frequency and duration have been defined by setting P and D equal to a value between \emptyset and 255 a GOSUB 25 statement is used to initiate the generation of a tone. The values of P and D are placed into \$00 and \$01 and the CALL2 command activates the machine language program that toggles the speaker. After the tone has ended control is returned to the main program.

The statements in Figures 2 and 3 can be directly incorporated into BASIC programs to provide for the generation of tones. Once added to a program an infinite variety of tone combinations can be produced. For example, tones can be used to prompt, indicate an error in entering or answering questions, and supplement video displays on the Apple II computer system.

Since the computer operates at a faster rate than man does, prompting can be used to indicate when the computer expects data to be entered. Tones can be generated at just about any time for any reason in a program. The programmer's imagination can guide the placement of these tones.

CONCLUSION

The incorporation of tones through the routines discussed in this paper will aid in the humanizing of software used in the Apple computer. These routines can also help in transforming a dull program into a lively one. They are relatively easy to use and are a valuable addition to any program.

8688-	FF			272	
388i-	FF			277	
0002-	AD	30	00	LDA	\$C935
6665-	88			DEY	
0906-	DØ	04		BNE	\$000C
5998-	06	01		DEC	\$ 01
800A-	FØ	08		SEQ	\$8014
569C-	CA	:		DEX	
000D-	Dø	Fe		BAE .	\$0005
000F-	A€	88		. LDX	\$69
0011-	40	92	88	JMP	\$6662
9914-	68			RTS	

FIGURE 1. Machine Language Program adapted from a program by P. Lutas.

32988 POKE 2,173: POKE 3,49: POKE
4,192: POKE 5,136: POKE 6,288
: POKE 7,4: POKE 8,138: POKE
9,1: POKE 10,248

32082 POKE 11,8: POKE 12,282: POKE
13,288: POKE 14,245: POKE 15
,166: POKE 16,8: POKE 17,76
: POKE 19,2: POKE 19,8: POKE
28,96: RETURN

FIGURE 2. BASIC "POKES"

ES POKE #,P: POXE 1,D: CRLL 2: RETURN

FIGURE 3. GOSUB

High-Resolution Operating Subroutines

These subroutines were created to make programming for High-Resolution Graphics easier, for both BASIC and machine is language programs. These subroutines occupy 757 bytes of memory and are available on either cassette tape or Read-Only Memory (ROM). This note describes use and care of these subroutines.

There are seven subroutines in this package. With these, a programmer can initialize High-Resolution mode, clear the screen, plot a point, draw a line, or draw and animate a predefined shape. on the screen. There are also some other general-purpose subroutines to shorten and simplify programming.

BASIC programs can access these subroutines by use of the CALL statement, and can pass information by using the POKE statement. There are special entry points for most of the subroutines that will perform the same functions as the original subroutines without modifying any BASIC pointers or registers. For machine language programming, a JSR to the appropriate subroutine address will perform the same function as a BASIC CALL.

In the following subroutine descriptions, all addresses given will be in decimal. The hexadecimal substitutes will be preceded by a dollar sign (\$). All entry points given are for the cassette tape subroutines, which load into addresses COB to FFF (hex). Equivalent addresses for the ROM subroutines will be in italic type face.

h-Resolution Operating Subroutines

INIT Initializes High-Resolution Graphics mode.

From BASIC: CALL 3972 (or CALL -12288)

From machine language: JSR \$CDD (or JSR \$DDDD)

This subroutine sets High-Resolution Graphics mode with a 280 x 160 matrix of dots in the top portion of the screen and four lines of text in the bottom portion of the screen. INIT also clears the screen.

CAR Clears the screen.

From BASIC: CALL 3886 (or CALL -12274)

From machine language: JSR \$CPE (or JSR \$D\$9E)

This subroutine clears the High-Resolution screen without resetting the High-Resolution Graphics mode.

PLOT Plots a point on the screen.

From BASIC: CALL 378# (or CALL -1158#)

From machine language: JSR \$C7C (or JSR \$D\$7C)

High-Resloution Operating Subroutines

PLOT (continued)

(top of screen) to 159 (bottom of screen) and is passed in location 802 or the A-register; but the X (horizontal) coordinate can range from \$ (left side of screen) to 279 (right side of screen) and must be split between locations 800 (X MOD 256) and 801 (X/256).or, from machine language, between registers X (X LO) and Y (X HI). The color of the point to be plotted must be set in location 812 (\$32C). Four colors are possible: Ø is BLACK, 85 (\$55) is GREEN, 170 (\$AA) is VIOLET, and 255 (\$FF) is WHITE.

Positions a point on the screen. POSN

From BASIC: CALL 3761 (or CALL -11599]

From machine language: JSR \$C26 (or JSR \$D#26)

This subroutine does all calculations for a PLOT, but does not plot a point (it leaves the screen unchanged). This is useful when used in conjunction with LINE or SHAPE (described later). To use this subroutine, set up the X and Y coordinates just the 3 same as for PLOT. The color in location 812 (\$326) is ignored.

Brown a line on the sureen. 1.7

FYG

1-Resolution Operating Routines

LINE Draws a line on the screen.

From BASIC: CALL 3786 (or CALL -11574)

From machine language: JSR \$C95 (or JSR \$D\$ 95)

or POSN'ed to the point specified. One endpoint is the last point PLOTted or POSN'ed; the other endpoint is passed in the same manner as for a PLOT or POSN. The color of the line is set in location 812 (\$32C). After the line is drawn, the new endpoint becomes the base endpoint for the next line drawn.

SHAPE Draws a predefined shape on the screen.

From BASIC: CALL 3805 (or CALL -11555)

From machine language: JSR \$DBC (or JSR \$D1BC)

This subroutine draws a predefined shape on the screen at the point previously PLOTted or POSN'ed. The shape is defined by a table of vectors in memory. (How to create a vector table will be described later). The starting address of this table should be passed in locations 804 and 805 from BASIC or in the Y and X registers from machine language. The color of the shape unld be passed in location 28 (\$1C).

There are two special variables that are used only with shapes:
the scaling factor and the rotation factor. The scaling factor
determines the relative size of the shape. A scaling factor of

High-Resolution Operating Subroutines

SHAPE (continued)

factor of 2 will draw the shape double size, while a scaling factor of 2 will draw the shape double size, etc. The scaling factor is passed in location 896 from BASIC or \$32F from machine language. The rotation factor specifies one of 64 possible anglesoms of rotation for the shape. A rotation factor of \$\beta\$ will cause the shape to be drawn right-side up, where a rotation factor if 16 will draw the shape rotated 90° clockwise, etc. The rotation factor is passed in location 8\$\beta\$7 from BASIC of in the A-register from machine language.

The table of vectors which defines the shape to be drawn is a series of bytes stored in memory. Each byte is divided into three sections, and each section specifies whether or not to plot a point and also a direction to move (up, down, left, or right). The SHAPE subroutine steps through the vector table byte by byte, and then through each byte section by section. When it reaches a ## byte, it is finished.

The three sections are arranged in a byte like this:

D D P D D P D D P D D

Each bit pair DD specifies a direction to move, and the two bits P specify whether or not to plot a point before moving. Notice that the last section (most significant bits) does not have a P field, so it can only be a move without plotting. The SHAPE

gh-Resolution Operating Subroutines

SHAPE (continued)

subroutine processes the sections from right to left (least significant bit to most significant bit). If THE REMAINING SECTIONS OF THE BYTE ARE ZERO, THEN THEY ARE IGNORED. Thus, the byte cannot end with sections of \$6 (move up without plotting).

Here is an example of how to create a vector table:

Suppose we want to draw a shape like this:

rst, draw it on graph paper, one dot per square. Then decide where to start drawing the shape. Let's start this one in the center. Next, we must draw a path through each point in the shape, using only 90° angles on the turns:

Next, re-draw the shape as a series of vectors, each one moving one place up, down, left, or right, and distinguish the vectors that plot a point before moving:

Now "unwrap" those vectors and write them in a straight line.

ししゃ マイトト ション ひり ひり ひ か か か か

low draw a table like the one in Figure 1. For each vector in the line, figure the bit code and place it in the next available section in the table. If it will not fit or is a \$6 at the end of a byte, then skip that section and go on to the next. When you have finishe

High-Resolution Operating Subroutines

SHAPE (continued)

Then make another table (as in figure 2) and re-copy the coded vectors from the first table. Then decode the vector information into a series of hexadecimal bytes, using the hexidecimal code table in figure 3. This series of hexadecimal bytes is your shape definition table, which you can now put into the Apple II's memory and use to draw that shape on the screen.

0123456789	C 0 1	B 010 100 101 010 010 010 000	A 0 1 0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0	C B A START WW COMPANY C B A START WERE C B A START WERE C B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	マナナナ ナイナナ	00E5 000 001 010 011 100 101	0-	0 Ø Ø I I Ø I I
8 9	7 F	1 - 1	000	This vector ca a plot vector or a move	~	l l i	-	

9123956789	C B A 00010010 00100100 01100100 00100101 00010110 00010110 00000000	# ex-decime = 12 3F 20 0000 7 20 0010 7 20 0010 7 15 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7 0000 7	0 1 2 3 9 5 6 7 8 9
-		denotes end 00 7 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	9 A B C

JEEN HIRES DENO-BASIC LISTING

XLIST

- 1 INIT=2072:CLEAR=3886:POSM=5761 :PLOT=2788:LINE=2786:SMAPE= 2885:FINE=3667:SINTBL=2848 5 OIW X(10).Y(10)
- 10 TEXT : CALL -926; VTAB 4: TAB 10: PRINT "**= 16% RPPLE II ****
 : PRINT " *** HIGH RESOLUTION 3
 REPHICS DEMOS ***": PRINT
- 20 PRINT "3 CHRIS' MAD FOLLT":
 PRINT "4 RANDOM SHOPE SPIRALING
 INTO POINT": PRINT "3 SPIRADRAP
 H"
- 25 PRINT 'S HI-RES DONUT': PRINT

 "7 RANDON WAVE FORM": PRINT

 "8 SUN OF TWO SINE WINES"
- 38 FRINT: PRINT "NIT ONY KEY FOR N
 EW DEMO": PRINT "TYPE 'CONTROL'C
 '; RETURN BUTTON THEN TYPE 'T
 EXT AND RETURN BUTTON TO STOF"
- 59 PRINT : INPUT "WHICH DEWN & DG Y "
- 98 IF XI(1 02 X1)8 THER ID: CALL INIT: GOTO 180*XI
- 180 CALL INIT:X=48:Y=X: 505U6 2990 : POKE 812,255: CALL PLOT
- 110 X= RAD (200):Y= RAD (160): GSSUB 2000: CALL LINE: IF NOT RAD (300) THEN POKE 23,("PEEK (20)+ RAD (3)+1) HOD 4+85: GOSUB " 3000: GOTO 110
 - E00 GOSUB 1000:%= RHD (2)x279:Y=
 RHD (2)x159: CRLC PLOT: FOR
 J=1 TO 30: FCR I=1 TC R: POKE
 800,X(I) MOD 250: FOKE 301,
 X(I)X255: POKE 302,Y(I): CMLL
 LINE

- 530 IF RND (500)(C THEN YOKE 28 , RND (4)+05:Y=Y+YDIR+0: IF YD=0 9ND Y(160 THEN 510:YDIR= -YDIR:Y=-Y: IF Y(6 THEN Y=Y+ 310: GOSND 3000: GOTO 510
- 688 POKE -16962,8: POKE 768,5: POKE 769,6: POKE 888,149: POKE 881 ,8: POKE 882,0: POKE 884,8: POKE 885,3: POKE 812,255: CRLL POSK
- \$18 FOR R=0 TO 4169: POKE 807,R HOD 64: POKE 806,2+6* HOT CR HOD 65:: CRLL SHAPE: HEXT R: GOSDS 3880: GOTO 610
- 716 50508 4**999:** 60508 3288: 5010 786
- 880 INPUT "REL FRED \$1=",J; INPUT "XEL FRED \$2=",R; INPUT "MODE (8 =50LID, 1=POINTS)",L
- 310 COSUB 4000: GDSUB 3000: GOTO , 800
- 1888 CALL CLERR: POKE 812, RMD (3)*85*85:R= RMD (3)*2* RMD (2): FOR I=1 TO R:X(I)= RMD (168):Y(I)= RMD (168): MEXT
- 1010 %=X(1):Y=Y(1): GCSUB 2000: RETURN 2000 POKE 800,X NOD 256: POKE 801 ,X)255: POKE 802,Y: RETURN
 - 3880 IF FEEK (-16384)X128 THEN RETURN 1 POKE -16388.0: POF : GOTO 18
 - 4880 CALL INIT: FORE \$12,255:A=8
 :S=8: FOR I=8 TO 279:A=(A+J)
 #50 256:B=(B+K) MOD 256:Y=
 ("FEEK (SINTBL+A)+ PEEK (SINTBL+B))#5/16
 - 4010 POKE 600,1 MOC 255; POKE 601 ,10255; POKE 602,7; CRLL LINE-644 NOT I OR L): MEXT 1: RETURN

- 318 x(1)=(X(1)-X)#5/18+X;Y(1)=(Y(1)-Y)#9/18+Y; HEXT 1,J; GOSUB 3888; GOTO 200
- 396 CALL CNIT:R= RHD (24)=19+29 :Y= RHD (14)=18+28; POKE 812 , RHD (3)=85+85; G95UB 2890 ; CALL PLOT
- 310 IF RWD (1000)X(1 THEN 300: IF .NDT RWD (200) THEN POKE 28, RND (40+85
 - 328 X1=XH RRB (3)-1)=25:Y1=YH(RHC (3)-1)=15: IF X148 CR X1)279 GR 7148 CR Y1)159 THEN 328
 - 338 X-K1:Y-Y1: G05UB 2000: CALL LIME: G05UB 3000: G0TO 310
 - 409 60508 1000: POKE 812, RHD (3)=35+85: CALL PLOT
 - 418 FOR J=1 TO 25: FOR I=1 TO R: POKE 800, X(I) NOV 253: POKE 801, XX255: POKE 802, Y(I): CMLL LINE
 - 428 &=(%(1)-88+(Y(1)-88)/8)*9/18 +85:Y(1)=(Y(1)-88-(Y(1)-89) /8)*9/18+88:X(1)=E: MEXT 1, J: GOSUB 3888: GOTG 488
- 588 CALL INIT: POKE 880,0: CALL PLOT:X=0:Y=8:XDIR=1:YDIR=1: A=5:3=3:C=8
- 510 POKE 880,0: POKE 881,0: POKE-802,Y: CALL LIME: POKE 880, (279-X) MOD 256: POKE 881,XX 24: POKE 882,159: CALL LIME: POKE 886,23: POKE 881,1: POKE 882,159-Y: CALL LIME
- * 515 IF RMO (598) THEN SERIELLE RHD *** (13):8=2+ RHO (8):C=4+ RHO (7)

ROD'S COLOR PATTERN

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

ROD'S COLOR PATTERN is a simple but eloquent program. It generates a continuous flow of colored mosaic-like patterns in a 40 high by 40 wide block matrix. Many of the patterns generated by this program are pleasing to the eye and will dazzle the mind for minutes at a time.

REQUIREMENTS

4K or greater Apple II system with a color video display. BASIC is the programming language used.

PROGRAM LISTING

160 GR

165 FOR W=0 TG 58

114 FOR I=1 TO 19

115 FOR J=8 TO 19

126 K=1+V

136 COLOR=J+3/(1+3)+1+9/12

135 PLOT I,K: PLOT K,I: PLOT 40

-I,40-K

136 PLOT 40-K,40-I: PLOT K,48-I:

PLOT 40-K,I

140 NEXT J,I

145 NEXT W: GOTO 165

PROGRAM LISTING: PONG

- 16 REN 7/7/77
- 15 RFW PARALE SWITCHES COMERUL PARCLE SIZE RETER A HISS er puring a hit
- 26 G.
- as did kan did maked
- 98 8=38:8±1:C=-1
- 35 COLOR=13: HLIH 1,38 RT 8: HLIH 1,38 87 39
- 48 CALL -936: YTES ES: THPUT "HANDS ALL OR FORE ? ", SP\$
- 45 TEPUT *PARALE STZE (1-6) *, PS: IF PSK1 OR P576 THEN 45 : E=PS-1
- 58 CALL -936
- 55 IF IF \$1 1997 TEN 285
- 60 H=1: COLOR=13: WITH 8,39 AT 39: GDT9 285
- 65 FOR N=8 TO 8 STEP C
- SE: IF YK! THEN Y=1: IF YXXX THEH Y=38
- 75 Y=-Y: FOR T=1 TO SAME PRES. (-16336): WEXT T
- 器 IF X=C 研 X=39-C THEN 選: COLOR= 9: PLOT X-C,YY: COLOR=15: PLOT ម ម គឺ_ទី៖
- .85 YY=Y: IF X NAA 2=6 THEN GOSER 235: WEAT X
 - 98 GOSUB 235
 - 另 15 犯罪以罪其特权得 體 社 Y)-1))=5 THEN 165
 - 188 FOR T=1 TO 18: H= PEEK (-16336): #EXT T
 - 165 IF N AND CAN THEN 138
- 1:5 FP=**P**(\$/38)
 - 115 IF Y=PP THEN Y=3: IF Y=PP+1 THEN Y=2: IF Y=PE+2 THEN Y=

- 5 REAL PONC BY MEMDELL STITES 128 IF YERPYS THEN YET IN IF YERPY 285 IF IN THEM 245/F(1)=(POL (4 THER YE-2: IF YEPP+5 THER 9=-3
 - 185 IF S=8 THIDE V=3- 融版(7)
 - 158 CGLOR=8: PLOT X-C,Y
 - (v) AHD X=0) THEN V=4- RHD (9)
 - 148 IF X=8 THEX YY8= 885 (Y)
 - 145 8=39-8:8=39-8:0=-0
 - 150 IF PEEK (-16206))127 BMD 55 5 (FEH S=5+1
 - 155 IF PEEX (-18287))127 RHD 5# 8 THEN S=5-1
 - 168 G0T0 **6**5
 - 165 COLOR=0: PLOT X-C,Y
 - 178 (OLOR=15: PLOT X,Y+Y=(Y+Y)-1 創版 24學(49)
 - 175 FOR T=1.70 75;#= FTEX (~16336 *)* PEEK (-16336)- PEEK (-16336 255 (OLDX-9; IF P(B)):P(2) THER HEXT T
 - 189 IF X=0 THEN SR=5R+1: IF X=39 THEN SLESSEN
 - 135 VIAB 23: THE 7: PRINT SL;: THE 266 PRINT **: END 33. 飛訊 37 - 35 部
 - 199 COLOR=8: PLOT X-C,Y
 - 195 IF SL=15 OR SR=15 THEN 268
 - 298 COLEG=9: PLOT X,T+V=(Y+V)-1 RED 1447(48)
 - 285 FOR T=1 TO 75: IF T MOD 546 THEM 218: IF PEEK (-16286) ->127 AND 545 THEN S-541: IF
 - PEEK (-16257))127 AND S#8 THEN
 - 218 GOSUB 235: HEXT T
 - 215 YY=P(8): IF X=8 T#E# YY=P(1 ·) · ·
 - 228 IF N THEN YET RHD (27)41
 - 225 Y=1- RMD (3)
 - 238 GUTO 65

- 1)-24)#28)/115: IF P(1)=P(3) THEN 245: IF P(1)(# THEN P(1)=8: IF P(1)+5)39 THEN P(- 1)=29-5
- 155 IF (N AND 2000 OR (NYO= 985) 240 COLOR=6: VLIN P(1),P(1)+5 AT 39: COLOR=8: IF P(1)>P(3) THEN · VLIH B.P(1)-1 AT 39: IF P(1 XP(3) THEN YELD R(1)+5-1,39 87.39:P(3)=P(1)
 - 1245 8/80=((PDL (8)-24)+287/145 : IF MONOTHER MO)=8: IF F(S)=P(E) THEM RETURN : IF F(80+5709 THEM P(87=39-5
 - 250 COLDR=6: YLIM P(8/,P(8)+5 AT 9: COLOR=8: IF P(8)/P(2) THER YLIN B.F(8)-1 BT B: IF P(8) (F(2) THEN PLH P(8)+5+1.39 RTS
 - VLIH'S,P(B)-1 AT B: IF P(B) (P(2) THEM VLIM P(4)+5+1,39 -AT B:P(2)=P(8): RETURN

COLOR SKETCH

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

Color Sketch is a little program that transforms the Apple II into an artist's easel, the screen into a sketch pad. The user as an artist has a 40 high by 40 wide (1600 blocks) sketching pad to fill with a rainbow of fifteen colors. Placement of colors is determined by controlling paddle inputs; one for the horizontal and the other for the vertical. Colors are selected by depressing a letter from \underline{A} through P on the keyboard.

An enormous number of distinct pictures can be drawn on the sketch pad and this program will provide many hours of visual entertainment.

REQUIREMENTS

This program will fit into a 4K system in the BASIC mode.

PROGRAM LISTING: COLOR SKETCH

- 5 POKE 2,173: POKE 3,48: POKE 4,196: POKE 5,185: POKE 6,8 : POKE 7,32: POKE 8,168: POKE 9,252: PEKE 18,165: POKE 11,11 POKE 12,288: POKE 13,4
- 18 POKE 14,198: POKE 15,24: POKE 16,248: POKE 17,5: POKE 18, 190: POKE 19,1: POKE 28,76: POKE 21,2: POKE 22,8: POKE 23,36
- 15 DIM B#(48): TEXT : CALL -936
- 28 CALL -936: 6010 99
- 25 8= LENC3\$): FOR Z=1 TO A: 6050B 55: PRINT BACZ,Z):: NEXT Z: SOSNO 70: RETURN
- 35 84="COLOR SKETCH": RETURN
- 48 85="COPYRIGHT APPLE COMPUTER 1977": RETURN
- 45 B\$="THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS YOU TO "
 1 RETURN
- 50 B\$="SKETCH COLORED FIGURES IN" : RETURN
- 55 B#="LOW PESOLUTION GRAPHICS WITH | PRODUCES": RETURN
- 59 KK-20:TOM-20: GOSUB SO: RETURN
 - 65 KK=18:TON=18: ODSUB 85: RETURN
 - 78 KK-28:TCH-58: GOSUG 85:KX-30 :TOH-98: GOSUB 85: RETURN
 - 75 KX=28: TON=20: GOSUB 85: RETURN
 - 88 Kx=8:TOX=258; G35UB 85:KX=9 :TOX=258; G35UB 85: KETVXX

- 85 FOKE 1,TON HOD ESS: POKE 24 ,TOH/256+1: POKE 6,KX: CALL 2: FETORN
- 98 GCSUB 39: GOSUB 25: PRINT:
 TAB 13: GOSUB 35: GOSUB 25
 : PRINT: GOSUB 38: GOSUB 25
 : PRINT: TAB 5: GOSUB 48: GOSUB
 25: PRINT: GOSUB 28: GOSUB
 25: PRINT: GOSUB 28: GOSUB
- 95 PRINT : GOSUB 78: GOSUB 45: GOSUB 25: PRINT : GOSUB 59 : GOSUB 25: PRINT : GOSUB 55 : GOSUB 25: PRINT
- 100 PRINT : PRINT : GUSUB 70: INPUT
- 1時 頭
- 118 P3="NEOVETSHIJKL#NOF": CRLL -936
- 115 FOR Z=0 TO 15: COLOR=Z: PLOT Z*2+4,39: VTRB 21: 605VB 75 / : TAB Z*2+5: PRINT B&XZ+1,Z+ 1);: GOSUB 75: NEXT Z: [88

1

- 126 YTAD 22:5≠="TYPE A LETTER TO CH SHGE COLOR.": GOSUB 25: PRINT :8\$="TTPE SPACE 25R TO STOP PLUT .": GOSUB 25: PRINT
- 125 Y= PRL (1)#38/255:X= POL (8
)#29/255: YTHR 24: TAB 1: PRINT
 CURSOR POSITION: X=;X;* Y=*
 :Y;* **:
- 138 IF PEEK (-16384)>127 THEN 145
 : IF X1=X RHD Y1=Y THEN 125
 : COLOR=C2: PLOT X1,Y1: IF
 NOT PLAG THEN 135: COLOR=C:
 PLOT X,Y

- 135 C2= SCRW X,Y):C3=15: IF C2= 15 THEN C3=5: COLOR=C3: PLOT X,Y;XI=X;YL=Y
 - 140 E0T0 :125
- 145 IF PEEX (-16364)#160 THEN 155 (FLRG=0: POKE -16368,0: POKE 34,20: COLOR=0: HLIN 8,35 BT 39: CALL -936
- 150 PRINT :8%="CONTINUE OR STOF" : YTAB 24: GOSUB 25: INFUT " (C/S) ",8%: 1F 8%(1,1)="C" THEN 110: PRINT "E-90": EMD
- 155 FLAG=1:C= PEEK (-16384)-193 : POKE -16368,8: 6070 125

MASTERMIND PROGRAM

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

MASTERMIND is a game of strategy that matches your wits against Apple's. The object of the game is to choose correctly which 5 colored bars have been secretly chosen by the computer. Eight different colors are possible for each bar - Red (R), Yellow (Y), Violet (V), Orange (O), White (W), and Black (B). A color may be used more than once. Guesses for a turn are made by selecting a color for each of the five hidden bars. After hitting the RETURN key Apple will indicate the correctness of the turn. Each white square to the right of your turn indicates a correctly colored and positioned bar. Each grey square acknowledges a correctly colored but improperly positioned bar. No squares indicate you're way off.

Test your skill and challenge the Apple II to a game of MASTERMIND.

REQUIREMENTS

8K or greater Apple II computer system. BASIC is the programming language.

PROGRAM LISTING: MASTERMIND

- 9 REN GAME OF MASTERNIND 8-25-77 WOZ (APPLE COMPUTER)
- 19 DIN A(6),C(8),D(5),X(8),XS(8):X(1)=2:X(2)=12:X(3)=1:X(4)=13:X(5)=3:X(6)=9:X(7)=15 :X(8)=5:X\$=*86XYVWX*
- 25 TEXT : CRLL -936: PRINT

uri en

HE TO THE COME OF HISTERNIADS

- YOUR OBJECT IS TO GUESS 5 COLOR 5 (WHICH
- 38 PRINT "I WILL MAKE BP) IN THE MI MIMUM HUMBER OF GUESSES. THER E ARE EIGHT DIFFERENT COLORS TO CHOSE FROM."
- 40 PRINT *
- FEWER THRIN 7 GUESSES—EXC

CLLENT*: PRINT * 7 TO 9 GUESSE S----GOOD*: PRINT * 19 TO 14 GT UESSES---NVERBGE*

- 58 PRINT "MORE THAN 14 GRESSES—FOR
- ": CALL -304; THE 7: PRINT
 "HIT ANY KEY TO BEGIN PLAY"
- 100 CRLL -309: IF PEEK (-16384).
 (132 THEM 180: POKE -16365,
 8: SR : PRINT': FOR I=1 TO THE STATE OF THE STAT

110 TRY=0: PRINT: PRINT * LETTER

KEYS FOR COLOR CHANGE*: FRINT
* REPOW KEYS FOR MOVENCE AND BR

CK*: PRINT * HIT RETURN TO ACC

EPT GUESS **;

- 200 f=TRY#2 MOD 36+1:TRY=TRY+1:
 TAB 32: FRINT TRY;: COLOR=
 9: HLIN 0,39 AT Y:FLASH=1: FOR
 H=1 TO 5:EXTX)=8: GUSUB 1900
 : HLST N:N=1
- 388 FBR WHIT=1 TO 16:KEY= PEEK
 (-16884): IF KEY(132 THEH 318
 : POXE -16365,6:FLRSH=1: FOR
 I=1 TO 8: IF KEY(> RSC(X\$(I)
 > THEH HEXT I: IF I=9 THEH
 319:8(H)=I:KEY=149
- 318 605UB 1880: IF KEY=141 TMEN
 480: IF KEY=136 RHD H21 GR
 KEY=149 RHD HC6 TBEN H=H+KEY/
 5-28: HEXT WRIT:FLASH=1-FLASH:
 60TO 388
- 480 COLOR=15:N=9: FOR I=1 10:5: 4678 REM SUER 2808 MATCH TEST D(I)=C(I):J=1: GOSUB 2806: NEXT I: IF N=5 THEN 500: COLOR=5
 : FOR J=1 TO 3: FOR I=1 TO 5: GOSUB 2800: NEXT I, J: GOTO 2800: 2800: NEXT I, J: GOTO 2800
- -500 PRINT : PRINT *
- YOU GOT IT IN T

; TRY; * TRIES (*; IF TRY(7 THER PRINT *EXCELLENT*;: IF TRY) 6 AND TRY(10 THEN PRINT *GOOD*

- 518 IF TRY/9 SED TRY(15 THEN PRINT "BYERSEI";: IF JRY/14 THEN PPIHT "POOR";: PRINT "/": CHIL -364: TAB 5: PRINT "HIT ANY KEY TO PLAY SERIK": GOTO 180
- 1990 IF H=6 THEK RETURN : COLOR=
 X(B(N))*FLASH: HLIN H*4-2;H*
 4 BT Y: RETURN
- * ';X\$(1,1);: MEXT I 2589 IF R(1)()P(J) THEN RETURN : 9 TRY=9: PRINT : PRINT * LETTER H=H+1: PLOT 21+H+H,T: PRINT
 KEYS FOR COLOR CHANGE': PRINT **;:R(1)=8:D(J)=9: RETURN

3886 REM CALL -384 SETS INVERSE VID
3818 REM CALL -388 SETS MORAN. VID
3820 REM PEEK(-16364) IS KBD (ASCII)
(IF) 127 THEM STROBE SET)
3838 REM POKE-16368 CLAR KED STROBE
3848 REM CALL-936 CLEARS SCREEN BUD
TABS CURSOR TO UPPER LEFT.
3858 REM IN 319, KEY/5-28= -1 OR +1
(ARROW KEY=136 OR 149 ASCII)
4898 REM STMTS 18-58 INTRO
4816 REM STMTS 188-110 HEW SETUP
4828 REM STMTS 388-318 USER INPUT
4848 REM STMT 488 GUESS EVAL
4858 REM STMTS 588-510 VIN

4966 REM SURR 1866 COLOR LINE

BIORHYTHM PROGRAM

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

This program plots three Biorhythm functions: Physical (P), Emotional (E), and Mental (M) or intellectual. All three functions are plotted in the color graphics display mode.

Biorhythm theory states that aspects of the mind run in cycles. A brief description of the three cycles follows:

Physical

The Physical Biorhythm takes 23 days to complete and is an indirect indicator of the physical state of the individual. It covers physical well-being, basic bodily functions, strength, coordination, and resistance to disease.

Emotional

The Emotional Biorhythm takes 28 days to complete. It indirectly indicates the level of sensitivity, mental health, mood, and creativity.

Mental

The mental cycle takes 33 days to complete and indirectly indicates the level of alertness, logic and analytic functions of the individual, and mental receptivity.

Biorhythms

Biorhythms are thought to affect behavior. When they cross a "baseline" the functions change phase - become unstable - and this causes Critical Days. These days are, according to the theory, our weakest and most vulnerable times. Accidents, catching colds, and bodily harm may occur on physically critical days. Depression, quarrels, and frustration are most likely on emotionally critical days. Finally, slowness of the mind, resistance to new situations and unclear thinking are likely on mentally critical days.

REQUIREMENTS

This program fits into a 4K or greater system. BASIC is the programming language used.

PROGRAM LISTING: BIORHYTHM

- 5 POKE 2,173: POKE 3,48: POKE 4,192: POKE 5,165: FOKE 6,8 : POKE 7,32: POKE 3,168: POKE 9,252: POKE 18,165: POKE 11 ,1: POKE 12,288: POKE 13,4
- 18 POKE 14,198: POKE 15,24: POKE 16,248: POKE 17,5: POKE 18, 198: POKE 19,1: POKE 28,76: POKE 21,2: POKE 22,8: POKE 23,96
- 15 GOTO 95
- 28 TT=3: GOSUB 30: RETURN
- 38 KK=8:TOK=500: SOSUN 45: RETURN
- 35 TKK=8: TOK=25A: 805U8 45: RETURN
- 40 MX=9:TOH=250: GOSUB 45:XX=9 :TOH=250: GOSUB 45: RETURN
- '45 POKE 1,TOH MOD 256: POKE 24 ,TOH/256+1: POKE 8,XK: CRLL
- 50 A=(19-(P+E01)/190))*(P*100('C(I))+(P*100)C(I))*(P*100(3*C(I))=((P*100-C(I))/100+E(I)/100) *
- 55 R=R+(P+108)3+C(1))+138-((P+ 168-3+C(1))/160+541)/1607X: R=39+(R)39)+N+(R(40); ZETURN

68 KK-8:TH-500: SOSHD 70:KK-9: TM-250: GJSHB 70: KETVRK 65 KK-7:TH-10: GJSHB 70: KETVRK

- 78 POKE 1,TM MOD 656: POKE 24, TM/256+1: POKE 8,KK: CALL 2 : RETURN
- 75 605UB 60: [RPUT *DATE (M,D,Y) * ,M,D,Y:Y=Y+(Y(100)*1900
- 88 R=Y-(M(3):N=Y HOD 58*365-Y/ 58*82*AV4-AV489*X*31-X/12-X/ 7-X/5-3*(X)2)*D: IF X(8 THEX N=X*21252: RETURN
 - 85 DIM H\$(10),0\$(3),8(3),0(3), BY(3):8(1)=348:8(2)=286:5(3 >=242:0(1)=575:0(2)=709:0(3)=825:8Y(1)=23:8Y(2)=28
 - 90 8V(3)=33: TEXT : CALL -936:
 FOXE 34,28: SOSUB 20: GOSUB
 25: GOSUB 20: PRINT : TAB 19
 : PRINT "APPLE II BIORNYTHA (4K)
 ": IRB 15: PRINT
- 95 60508 25: TAB 5: PRINT *COPYRIGHT
 T 1977 APPLE COMPUTER INC.*
 : POKE 24:24: YTAB 24
- 188 GOSUB 48; IMPUT *NOME *,N\$; '''

 VTAB 22; PRINT N\$; VTGB 24 7 '''
 - : PRINT "BIRTH";; GOSUB 75 : YTAB 22: TAB 21: PRINT "BIRTH
 - 0ATE ";#;",";0;",";Y: YTAB 24:H1=H: CALL -868
 - 105 PRINT "FORECAST ";: GOSUB 75 ;N=N-NL: IF W(0 THEN N=N+21252 : VTOB 23: TAB 18: PRINT "FURECA
 - 57 DATE ";#;",";D;",";Y; YTAB 24: CALL -868

- 110 J=1; GR : POKE 34,20; FOR X=
 10 TO 20; COLOR=3; HLIN 0,31
 RT X: MEXT X: HLIN 1,3 AT
 3; HLIN 1,3 AT 37; YLIN 2,4
 AT 2; YTHB 21
- 115 FOR Y=1 TO 31 STEP 3: PRINT
 Y :: IF Y(10 THEN PRINT " ";
 : PRINT " ";: NEXT Y: PRINT "
 " P E N": VIND 24
 - 120 VTAB 23: PRINT "BAYS LIVED "
 ;A: FOR I=1 TO 3: COLOR=1*(
 I=1)+6*(1=2)+6*(1=3): VLIN
 8.29 AT 35*1+1: VTAB 24
- 125 FOR %=6 TO 31:P=(N MGD BY(I) +x) MGD BY(I): GOSUB 58: PLOT %,A: GOSUB 65: MEXT %: MEXT /:
- 138 PRINT : 1NPUT "ENOTHER PLOT (TAN) ",89: IF BX(1,1)="Y" THEN 90: END

DRAGON MAZE PROGRAM

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

DRAGON MAZE is a game that will test your skill and memory. A maze is constructed on the video screen. You watch carefully as it is completed. After it is finished the maze is hidden as if the lights were turned out. The object of the game is to get out of the maze before the dragon eats you. A reddish-brown square indicates your position and a purple square represents the dragon's. You move by hitting a letter on the keyboard; U for up, D for down, R for right, and L for left. As you advance so does the dragon. The scent of humans drives the dragon crazy; when he is enraged he breaks through walls to get at you. DRAGON MAZE is not a game for the weak at heart. Try it if you dare to attempt out-smarting the dragon.

REQUIREMENTS

8K or greater Apple II computer system. BASIC is the programming language.

1225 HX=3+X-2+HY=3+Y-2	2528 GOTO 2828 (III-) 7 10 17 (2 5 5 1 1 1 1	7600 IF XXXX THEN 7265: IF YXXI THEN
· 1239 野= 280 (13)41 3.17 (13)	3090 0X=8:0Y=-1:-; - 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1:- 1	700
• 1248 COLOR=8: VEIN 3447-2,3+W1-1	3018 IF K(X+13+(Y-2))/10 TEN 4208 /	7001 IF XXX THE 7100: IF XX THEF TO S
The farm of the second of the second		7.00
1250-58-13:57-00-	3829 50TD 2828 571 33 Period 122 151	7885 IF 5X-13 IMM 7858. IF 14537 64 7 15
1268 08-3-32-2:01-3-57-2	2588 DX=8:DY=1	13KSF-1139 THEH 7818: TF 1-2
19 1278 NO.EL 27 14 表 1 表 1 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元 元	3510 IF #(X+13+C7-17)/18 THEN 4385	- Nistropies-(1) and in them
1588 K- PEEK T-163847; IF KY128 THEN		4 7650 FEET SANTESTEE FEET
The second state of the second	ा ३५२० क्षेत्रक २८२४ एक एक एक हा सुराहती	Taus ox=1:0x=g. Taken and taken and
- Higher Here & To The Transfer	4 896 60506 5998 (上版 7 名)	57820 COLOR: 8 PETE SET STORE TO THE
1515-90=K: GDSUB 7300:K=W() (V=V.)	4919. COLOR=15	7922 XX=3+3X=2+3X=3+3X+Z
1516 IF SX=X AND SY=7 THEN 9000 (\$\frac{1}{2} \) (**)	4028 PLTH 34(Y=1),3\$Y RT 3+X-1	7023 FOR 1-1-10 3: NX-RX-VIII RC-RY+
1528; IF % REA "R") THEN ENDS AT THE	4838 5010 1588 TEACH TEACH	
1500 IF (= 6500 1.1) THEN 2500 12 12 12 13	AND DEDUCTION AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON	7824 (31.04-9 7) \$1 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
1540 IF K= HEK(*H*) THEN 3848 (***********************************	14119 COLOR=15-14-1 (1971) - 17-7 (1971)	7025 FOR X-10 TO TO FOR LINE TO LIVE AND LIVE AND A STATE OF
1500 IF K= RSC("0") THEN 3500 TO SEE	4128 YLIN 34(Y-1),33Y AT 3*(X-1)	PLOT GX+K,QY+L: NEXT L,Kr CTIN=
4 1568 GOSCR 5000: 6070 4566 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 7		AND THE KIES TO LOTTER LIES TO THE
. 288 W-1: 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 17 - 1	413 0070 1586 4 字是管理 157 157 1	A CONTRACTOR AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O
2810 IF KANDAYTY III 10 THEF THE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	W-W.W-W- E- S. Brown - Company
	THE CHIEFE THE LINE STEELS.	ा रक्षत्र भारतः । सन्दर्भ स्थाने अनुवर्गने । प्राप्तने सङ्ग्री स
-2000 FX-247-2:77-247-2; FOR F=E-TO TOTAL		
े ५५ वर्षे क्रिया अधिकार विकास	त्र अत्य कें क्स ्यान स्थान स्थान है।	7848 (ICSX+13445X+1) ETCSX+134/5X-4-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-7-
200 FA-NOVELLET IN	423 6001500 1117 1117 1117 1117 1117 1117 111	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	4380 50506 5880 To 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	。7845 ETINE 25-47 夏米等天气中三
	.4816 OLUE-15-75	TOOM IF STAIS THEM THE THE STATE OF THE STAT
PLOT KIK, RELY HEXT LIXE COLOR		A LOADY-LOOP THEM 785E HE TO THE ACT
3; FOR K=0-TO-1; FOR 1-4-10 / TO	4330 0010 1500 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	是一个所谓413K(引引)及16个图形下16000000000000000000000000000000000000
1: PLUT EXPE, FYALL WEXT LIVE	Sing S-S-1: FOR 4=1 TO CHIEF FLEX	े देश विकास के जिल्ला का स्वास्त्र के किया है। जिल्ला के स्वास के किया के किया के किया के किया किया किया किया क
THE REPORT OF STREET,	(-16336)+ PLEX (-16326)+ PEEK	7860 DX-0:DY=1: 5010 7022 70.3
· 2119 HEXT TO TO THE SECOND	-1-4-16329 HEK (-1638 W HEXT	6716 IE Skit IIEN 71586 IE RSEE [1477] 575 144
E115 X=X+DX:Y=Y+DY	FOLKETIKN P TEATSTEAM	(中1345f3)39 JHR 7118: 東京東京
2116 IF X=13 AND 1=17 THEN 6881 2232		是一个工作。在17.11、MM、11.41至14、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、12.11、1
		1130 70277244442424797000
T2580-0X=-1:0Y=0		
	`6828 PRINT_'QURE_';\$43	
(1980) 可以上述是到于阿里尔克克克克	6434 END TECHNIQUE SERVICES SE	

DRAGON MAZE cont.

7118 DX=-1:DY=8: SCT0 7020 7156 IF SY=1 THEN 7865: IF T(SX+ 194(5Y-1))/9 THEN 7168: IF #(5%+134(5Y-1)-13)/18 THEN 7885

\$888 GOSUB S888: GOSUB S888: GOSUB \$888 GOSUB S888: GOSUB S888: GOSUB SARR: GOSUR SARR: PRINT "THE DAR GON GOT YOU!"

8999 EHD

APPLE II FIRMWARE

CONTENTS

- 1. System Monitor Commands
- 2. Control and Editing Characters
- 3. Special Controls and Features
- 4. Annotated Monitor and Dis-assembler Listing
- 5. Binary Floating Point Package
- 6. Sweet 16 Interpreter Listing
- 7. 6502 Op Codes

System Monitor Commands

Apple II contains a powerful machine level monitor for use by the advanced programmer. To enter the monitor either press RESET button on keyboard or CALL-151 (Hex FF65) from Basic. Apple II will respond with an "*" (asterisk) prompt character on the TV display. This action will not kill current BASIC program which may be re-entered by a $C^{\rm C}$ (control C). NOTE: "adrs" is a four digit hexidecimal number and "data" is a two digit hexidecimal number. Remember to press "return" button at the end of each line.

Command Format	Example	Description
Examine Memory		
adrs	*CØF2	Examines (displays) single memory location of (adrs)
adrs1.adrs2	*1024.1048	Examines (displays) range of memory from (adrs1) thru (adrs2)
(retu r n)	* (return)	Examines (displays) next 8 memory locations.
.adrs2	*.4096	Examines (displays) memory from current location through location (adrs2)
Change Memory		
adrs:data data data	*A256:EF 20 43	Deposits data into memory starting at location (adrs).
:data data data	*:FØ A2 12	Deposits data into memory starting after (adrs) last used for deposits.
Move Memory		
adrs1 <adrs2. adrs3M</adrs2. 	*199<8919.8419M	Copy the data now in the memory range from (adrs2) to (adrs3) into memory locations starting at (adrs1).
Verify Memory		
adrs1 <adrs2. adrs3V</adrs2. 	*100 <b010.b410v< td=""><td>Verify that block of data in memory range from (adrs2) to (adrs3) exactly matches data block starting at memory location (adrs1) and displays differences if any.</td></b010.b410v<>	Verify that block of data in memory range from (adrs2) to (adrs3) exactly matches data block starting at memory location (adrs1) and displays differences if any.

Command Format	Example_	<u>Description</u>
Cassette I/O		·
adrsl.adrs2R ···	*300.4FFR	Reads cassette data into specified memory (adrs) range. Record length must be same as memory range or an error will occur.
adrsl.adrs2W	*800.9FFW	Writes onto cassette data from speci- fied memory (adrs) range.
Display		
I	*[Set inverse video mode. (Black characters on white background)
N	*N	Set normal video mode. (White characters on black background)
Dis-assembler		
adrsL	*C8ØØL	Decodes 20 instructions starting at memory (adrs) into 6502 assembly nmenonic code.
L	*L	Decodes next 2D instructions starting at current memory address.
Mini-assembler		
(Turn-on)	*F666G	Turns-on mini-assembler. Prompt character is now a "!" (exclamation point).
\$(monitor command)	:\$C8ØØL	Executes any monitor command from miniassembler then returns control to miniassembler. Note that many monitor commands change current memory address reference so that it is good practice to retype desired address reference upon return to miniassembler.
adrs:(65 £ 2 MNEMONIC instruction)	:c010:STA 23FF	Assembles a mnemonic 6592 instruction into machine codes. If error, machine will refuse instruction, sound bell, and reprint line with up arrow under error.

Command Format	Example	<u>Description</u>
(space) (6502 mnemonic instruction)	! STA O1FF	Assembles instruction into next available memory location. (Note space between "!" and instruction)
(TURN-OFF)	! (Reset Button)	Exits mini-assembler and returns to system monitor.

Monitor Program Execution and Debugging

adrsG .	*3ØØG	Runs machine level program starting at memory (adrs).
adrsT	*8 00 T	Traces a program starting at memory location (adrs) and continues trace until hitting a breakpoint. Break occurs on instruction ØØ (BRK), and returns control to system monitor. Opens 65Ø2 status registers (see note 1).
adrsS	*cØ5ØS	Single steps through program beginning at memory location (adrs). Type a letter S for each additional step that you want displayed. Opens 6502 status registers (see Note 1).
(Control E)	*EC	Displays 6502 status registers and opens them for modification (see Note 1).
(Control Y)	*γC	Executes user specified machine language subroutine starting at memory location (3F8).

Note 1:

6502 status registers are open if they are last line displayed on screen. To change them type ":" then "data" for each register.

Example: A = 3C X = FF $Y = \emptyset\emptyset$ P = 32 S = F2*: FF

Changes A register only

*:FF $\emptyset\emptyset$ 33

Changes A, X, and Y registers

To change S register, you must first retype data for A, X, Y and P.

Hexidecimal Arithmetic

datal+data2	*78+34	Performs hexidecimal sum of datal plus data2.
datal-data2	*AE-34	Performs hexidecimal difference of datal minus data2.

- -

Command Format Example	<u>Description</u>
Set Input/Output Ports	:
(X) (Control P) *5P ^C	Sets printer output to I/O slot number (X). (see Note 2 below)
(X) (Control K) *2K ^C	Sets keyboard input to I/O slot number (X). (see Note 2 below)

Note 2:

Only slots I through 7 are addressable in this mode. Address \emptyset (Ex: \emptyset P^C or \emptyset K^C) resets ports to internal video display and keyboard. These commands will not work unless Apple II interfaces are plugged into specificed I/O slot.

Multiple Commands

*100L 400G AFFT	Multiple monitor commands may be given on same line if separated by a "space".

*LLLL Single letter commands may be repeated without spaces.

SPECIAL CONTROL AND EDITING CHARACTERS

"Control" characters are indicated by a super-scripted "C" such as G^C. They are obtained by holding down the CTRL key while typing the specified letter. Control characters are NOT displayed on the TV screen. B and C must be followed by a carriage return. Screen editing characters are indicated by a sub-scripted "E" such as D_E. They are obtained by pressing and releasing the ESC key then typing specified letter. Edit characters send information only to display screen and does not send data to memory. For example, U^C moves to cursor to right and copies text while A_E moves cursor to right but does not copy text.

CHARACTER

DESCRIPTION OF ACTION

RESET key

Immediately interrupts any program execution and resets computer. Also sets all text mode with scrolling window at maximum. Control is transferred to System Monitor and Apple prompts with a "*" (asterisk) and a bell. Hitting RESET key does NOT destroy existing BASIC or machine language program.

Control B

If in System Monitor (as indicated by a "*"), a control B and a carriage return will transfer control to BASIC, scratching (killing) any existing BASIC program and set HIMEM: to maximum installed user memory and LOMEM: to 2048.

Control C

If in BASIC, halts program and displays line number where stop occurred*. Program may be continued with a CON command. If in System Monitor, (as indicated by "*"), control C and a carraige return will enter BASIC without killing current program.

Control G

Sounds bell (beeps speaker)

Control H

Backspaces cursor and deletes any overwritten characters from computer but not from screen. Apply supplied keyboards have special key "+" on right side of keyboard that provides this functions without using control button.

Control J

Issues line feed only

Control V

Compliment to H^C. Forward spaces cursor and copies over written characters. Apple keyboards have "→" key on right side which also performs this function.

Control X

Immediately deletes current line.

* If BASIC program is expecting keyboard input, you will have to hit carriage return key after typing control C.

SPECIAL CONTROL AND EDITING CHARACTERS (continued)

CHARACTER	DESCRIPTION OF ACTION
A _E	Move cursor to right
ВЕ	Move cursor to left
c _E	Move cursor down
DE	Move cursor up
EE	Clear text from cursor to end of line
F _E	Clear text from cursor to end of page
@ _E	Home cursor to top of page, clear text to end of page.

Special Controls and Features

Hex	BASIC Example	Description
Display M	ode Controls	
CØ50 CØ51 CØ52 CØ53 CØ54 CØ55 CØ55	10 POKE -16304,0 20 POKE -16303,0 30 POKE -16302,0 40 POKE -16301,0 50 POKE -16300,0 60 POKE -16299,0 70 POKE -16298,0 80 POKE -16297,0	Set color graphics mode Set text mode Clear mixed graphics Set mixed graphics (4 lines text) Clear display Page 2 (BASIC commands use Page 1 only) Set display to Page 2 (alternate) Clear HIRES graphics mode Set HIRES graphics mode
TEXT Mode	Controls	
ØØ2Ø	9Ø POKE 32,L1	Set left side of scrolling window to location specified by Ll in range of Ø to 39.
ØØ21	100 POKE 33,W1	Set window width to amount specified by W1. L1+W1<40. W1>0
ØØ22	110 POKE 34,T1	Set window top to line specified by Tl in range of Ø to 23
ØØ23 ·	120 POKE 35,B1	Set window bottom to line specified by Bl in the range of 0 to 23. Bl>Tl
ØØ24	130 CH=PEEK(36) 140 POKE 36,CH 150 TAB(CH+1)	Read/set cusor horizontal position in the range of Ø to 39. If using TAB, you must add "1" to cusor position read value; Ex. 140 and 150 perform identical function.
ØØ25	16Ø CV=PEEK(37) 17Ø POKE 37,CV 18Ø VTAB(CV+1)	Similar to above. Read/set cusor vertical position in the range Ø to 23.
ØØ32	190 POKE 50,127 200 POKE 50,255	Set inverse flag if 127 (Ex. 190) Set normal flag if 255(Ex. 200)
FC58	210 CALL -936	(@E) Home cusor, clear screen
FC42	220 CALL -958	(F _E) Clear from cusor to end of page

<u>Hex</u>	BASIC Example	Description
FC 9C	23Ø CALL -868	(EE) Clear from cusor to end of line
FC66	24Ø CALL -922	(J ^C) Line feed
FC7Ø	25Ø CALL -912	Scroll up text one line

Miscellaneous

CØ3Ø	360 X=PEEK(-16336) 365 POKE -16336,0	Toggle speaker
СФФФ	37Ø X=PEEK(-16384	Read keyboard; if X>127 then key was pressed.
CØIØ	38Ø POKE -16368,Ø	Clear keyboard strobe - always after reading keyboard.
CØ51	39Ø X=PEEK(16287)	Read PDL(Ø) push button switch. If X>127 then switch is "on".
CØ62	400 X=PEEK(-16286)	Read PDL(1) push button switch.
CØ63	410 X=PEEK(-16285	Read PDL(2) push button switch.
CØ58	420 POKE -16296,0	Clear Game I/O ANØ output
CØ59	43Ø POKE -16295,Ø	Set Game I/O ANØ output
CØ5A	440 POKE -16294,0	Clear Game I/O AN1 output
CØ5B	45Ø POKE -16293,Ø	Set Game I/O AN1 output
CØ5C	460 POKE -16292,0	Clear Game I/O AN2 output
CØ5D	470 POKE -16291,0	Set Game I/O AN2 output
CØ5E	480 POKE -16290,0	Clear Game I/O AN3 output
CØ5F	490 POKE -16289,0	Set Game I/O AN3 output

APPLE II SYSTEM MONITOR

?;

41000

COPYRIGHT 1977 BY APPLE COMPUTER, INC.

ALL RIGHTS RESERVED

S. WOZNIAK A. BAUM

TITLE "APPLE II SYSTEM MONITUR" 2PZ LOCG \$00 \$01 LOCI EPZ \$20 \$21 522 WNDLFT EPZ EPZ EPZ WNOMDTH WNDTOP WNDBTM EPZ \$23 \$24 \$25 EPZ CH EPZ CA\$26 \$27 EPZ EPZ GBASL GBASH EPZ \$28 BASL \$29 \$2A EPZ BASH BAS2L EPZ BAS2H EPZ \$2B \$2C \$2C \$2C f. 2 SPZLMNEM EPZ EPZ RTNL EPZ EPZ \$2D \$2D V2 RMNEM RTNH EPZ \$20 EPZ EPZ \$2E MASK CHKSUM 52E FORMAT EPZ \$2E 52F \$2F LASTIN EPZ LENGTH EPZ SIGN EPZ \$2F \$30 \$31 \$32 \$33 \$34 COLOR EPZ HODE EPZ INVFLG EPZ PROMPT YSAV EPZ EPZ YSAVI EPZ \$35 \$36 \$37 EPZ EPZ CSWL CSWH KSWL EPZ \$38 EPZ S39 KSWH EPZ \$3A PCL \$3E PCH EPZ XQT EPZ \$3C \$3C AlL Alh EP3 EPZ \$3D A2L A2H EPZ S3E EPZ \$37 ABL EPZ S40 \$41 \$42 A3a EPZ EPZ A 4 H EPZ \$43

EPZ EPZ \$44 \$45

A5L A5H

```
XPEG
                                €P2
                                     546
547
                    YREG
                                EP2
                                      $48
                                EP2
                    STATUS
                                FPZ
                                      549
                    SPNT
                                EP3
                                      54E
                    RNDL
                                EPZ
                                      $4 F
                    PNOH
                                EPZ
                                     S50
                    ACL
                    ACH
                    XINDL
                               EPZ
                                     $52
                    ХТЫРЕ
                                EPZ
                                      $53
                                     554
                    AUXI-
                               · EPZ
                               59%
                                      955
                    AUXE
                                527
                                     595
                    PICK
                                EOU
                                      $6200
                    USKADR
                               EQU
                                     $0368
                    PHI
                                EOU
                                     $03FB
                    IFOLOC
                                EQU
                                      SUBFE
                    ICADR
                                EQU.
                                     SC000
                                      SC000
                    KBD.
                                EQU
                    KBDSTRR
                                EQU.
                                     SC010
                    TAPEOUT
                                EOU
                                     90020
                    SPER
                                EQU
                                      SC030
                    TXTCLR
                                EŌU
                                     SC050
                                     SC051
                    TXTSET
                               EÇU
                               EQU
EQU
                                     $C052
$C053
                    MIXCLR
                    MIXSET
                               EQU
                                     SC054
                    LOWSCR
                    HISCR
                                EQU
                                     SC055
                    LORES
                                ZOU
                                     SC056
                    HIRES
                               EQU
                                     SC057
                    TAPEIN
                                EQU
                                     $C060
                    PADOLU
                                SOU
                                     SC064
                                     $C070
                               ECU
                    PTRIG
                    BASIC
                               FOU
                                     SE000
                    BASIC2
                               POII
                                     SE003
                                                ROM START ADDRESS
                               ORG
                                     SF800
                               LSR
                                                Y-COOFD/2
F808: 4A
                    PLOT
                                     А
                                                SAVE LSB IN CARRY
P801: 08
                               PHP
F802: 20 47 F8
                                     GBASCALC CALC BASE ADR IN GBASL, H
                                JSR
                                                RESTORE LSB FROM CARRY MASK SOF IF EVEN
F805: 28
                               PLP
F806: A9 0P
                                LDA
                                     #SOF
F808: 90 02
                               BCC
                                     RTMASK
                                                MASK SFO IF ODD .
F80A: 69 E0
                               ADC
                                     #SE0
F80C: 85 2E
                    RIMASK
                                STA
                                     MASK
                                      (GBASL), I DATA
F80E: 81 26
                    PLOT1
                               LDA
                                                 XOR COLOR
F810: 45 30
F812: 25 2E
                               EOR
                                     COLOR
                                     MASK
                               AND
F814: 51 26
                                                    XOR DATA
                               EOR
                                     (GRASL),Y
F816: 91 26
                                     (GBASL),Y
                                                      TO DATA
                               STA
F818: 60
F819: 20 00 F8
                   HLINE
                               JSR
                                     PLOT
                                                PLOT SOUARE
P81C: C4 2C
                               CPY
                                                DONE?
                   HLINE1
                                     Ħ2
                                                YES, RETURN
NO, INCR INDEX (X-COORD)
                                     RTS1
F81E: 80 11
                               BCS
F820: C8
                               INY
F821: 20 OE F8
F824: 90 F6
                                                PLOT NEXT SOUARE
                               JSR
                                     PLOTI
                                                ALWAYS TAKEN
                                     HLINEI
                               BCC
                                                NEXT Y-COORD
SAVE ON STACK
P826: 69 01
                   VLINEZ
                               ADC
                                     $501
F828: 48
F829: 20 CO F8
                   VLINE
                               PHA
                                                 PLOT SQUARE
                                     PLOT
                               JSP
                               PLA
F82C: 68
                                     V2
                                                DONE?
F820: C5 2D
F82F: 90 F5
                               CMP
                               BCC
                                     VLINEZ
                                                 KO, LOOP.
                   RTS1
                               RTS
£831: 60
                                                MAX Y, FULL SCRN CLR
ALWAYS TAKEN
MAX Y, TOP SCRN CLR
F832: A0 2F
F834: D0 02
F836: A0 27
                   CLRSCR
                               LDY
                                     #$2F
                               PHE
                                     CLRSC2
                   CLRTOP
                               LDY
                                     *$27
                                                STORE AS BOTTOM COORD
F838: 84 2D
                   CLRSC2
                               STY
                                     V2
                                FOR
                                     VLINE CALLS
                                                FIGHTMOST X-COORD (COLUMN)
£83A: A0 27
                                     ₹527
                               LDY
                                                TOP COORD FOR VLINE CALLS
F83C: A9 00
F83E: 85 30
                                     # SD
                   CLPSC3
                               LDA
                                     COLOR
                                                CLEAR COLOR (BLACK)
                               STA
F840: 20 28 F8
                                     VLINE
                                                CRAW VLINE
                               JSR
                                                NEXT LEFTMOST X-COORD
F343: 88
F844: 10 F6
                               DEY
                                     CLRSC3
                                                LOOP UNTIL DONE.
                               apL
F846: 60
                               RTS
F847: 48
F848: 4A
                               PHA
                                                FOR INPUT GOODEFCH
                   GRASCALC
                               LSE
                                     •$03
F849: 29 03
                               AND
                                                  GENERATE GBASH=000001FG
F84B: 09 04
                               OPA
                                     #504
                               STA
£84D: 85 27
                                     GDASH
                                                AND GRASL=HOEDE000
                               PLΛ
F84F: 69
F850: 29 18
                               AND
                                     #518
                                     GRCALC
#$7F
F852: 90 02
                               SCC
F854: 69 7F
                               ADC
£856: 85 Z6
                   GBCALC
                               STA
                                     GRASL
                                                  77*
```

EFZ

ACC

' جد

```
F859: 0A
                             ASt.
                                   Α
                                   GRASL
 F85A: 05 26
                              ORA
 F85C: 85 26
                             STA
                                   GRASL
 F85E: 60
                             STS
                                             INCREMENT COLOR BY 3
 F85F: A5 30
                  NXTCOL
                             LDA
                                   COLOR
 F861: 18
                             CLC
                              ADC
 F862: 69 03
                                   ₹503
                             AND
                                   6507
                                             SERS COLOR=17*4 MOD 16
 F864: 29 OF
                  RETCOL
 F866: 85 30
                             STA
                                   CULOR
                             ASL
                                             POTH HALF PYTES OF COLOR EQUAL
 £868: 0A
                             ASL
 F869: 0A
                              AST.
 F86A: 0A
 F86B: CA
                             ASL
 F86C: 05 30
                             ORA
                                   COLOR
 F86E: 85 30
                             STA
                                   COLOR
                             RTS
 F870: 60
                                             READ SCPEEN Y-COORD/2
SAVE LSB (CAFRY)
                             LSR
                                   A.
 F871: 4A
                  SCFN
                             PHP
 F872: 06
 F873: 20 47 F8
                             JSR
                                   GBASCALC CALC BASE ADDRESS
                             LDA
                                   (GEASL),Y GET SYTE
 F876: B1 26
F378: 28
                             PLP
                                             RESTORE LSF FROM CARRY
                  SCRN 2
                             BCC
                                   RTHSKZ
                                             IF EVEN, USE LO H
 F879: 90 04
                             LSR
 F87B: 4A
F87C: 4A
                             LSE
                                             SHIFT HIGH HALF BYTE DOWN
                             LSR
                                   Д
F87D: 4A
 F87E: 44
                             LSR
                  STASKZ
                             AND
                                   #$0F
                                             MASK 4-BITS
 F87F: 29 OF
                             RTS
 £881: 60
                                             PRINT PCL, H
                  INSDSI
                             LDX
 F882: A6 3A
                                   PCF
 F884: A4 3B
                             LDY
F886: 20 96 FD
                             J5Ŗ
                                   PFYX2
£889: 20 48 F9
£88C: A1 3A
                                   PRELAK
                                             FOLLOWED BY A SLANK
                             JSR
                                             GET OF CODE
                             LDA
                                   (PCL, X)
                  INSD52
F88E: 48
                             TAY
                             LSR
BCC
                                             EVENIZODD TEST
FB8F: 4A
                                   IEVEN
P890: 90 09
                                             BIT 1 TEST
                             ₹0₽
P892: 61
                             BC5
                                  SPP
                                             XXXXXXII INVALID OF
F893: 30 10
F895: C9 A2
                                   $57.2
F897: F0 0C
                             BEG
                                  SPR
                                             OPCODE 589 INVALID
£899: 29 87
                             AND
                                   #S87
                                             MASK DITS
£893: 4A
                  TEVEN
                             LSS
                                             LSB INTO CARRY FOR LAP TEST
F89C: AA
                             TAX
                                             GET FORMAT INDEX BYTE
R/L H-RYTE ON CARRY
F89D: BD 62 F9
F8A0: 20 79 F6
                             LDA
                                   FHT1,X
                                   SCRN2
                             JSR
                                  GETENT
                             BNE
FRA3: D0 04
                                             SUPSTITUTE SHO FOR INVALID OPS
FBA5: A0 80
                  ERP
                             LDY
                                   #$8€
                                             SET PRINT FORMAT INDEX TO 0
                                   #50
                             LDA
£8A7: A9 00
                 GETFFT
                             TAX
F8A9: AA
                             LUA
                                  FMT2,X
                                             INCEX INTO PRINT FORMAT TABLE
FBAA: BD A6 F9
F8AD: 85 2E
                             STA
                                  FORMAT
                                             SAVE FOR ADR FIELD FORMATTING
                                             MASK FOR 2-BIT LENGTH
F8AF: 29 03
                             AND
                                  #$03
                                  (P=1 BYTE, 1=2 BYTE, 2=3 BYTE)
                             STA
                                  LENGTH
F8B1: 85 2F
                                             CRCODE
F8B3: 98
                             TYA
                                            MASK FOR 1XXX1010 TEST SAVE IT
7834: 29 SF
                             AND
                                  #58F
F8B6: AA
                             TAX
                                             OPCODE TO A AGAIN
£887: 98
                             TYA
                                  ±503
F8B8: A0 03
                             LDY
                             CPX
                                  488A
F8BA: £0 8A
F8BC: F0 OB
                             BEQ
                                  MNNDX3
F8BE: 4A
F8BF: 90 08
                 MNNDXI
                             LSR
                             BCC
                                  MNNDX3
                                             FORM INDEX INTO MNEMONIC TABLE
P8C1: 4A
                             LSR
                 MNNDX 2
                             LSP
                                               1) 1xxx1010=>00101xxx
P8C2: 4A
                             ORA
                                               21 XXXYYY01=>00111XXX
F8C3: 09 20
                                  *$20
                             DEY
                                             3) XXXYYY10=>00110XXX
F8C5: 88
                                               4) XXXYY100=>00100XXX
F8C6: D0 FA
                             BNE
                                  MNNDX2
F8C8: C8
                                             5} XXXXX000=>000XXXXX
F8C9: 88
                 MNNDX3
                             DEY
F8CA: D0 F2
                             BNE
                                  MNNDX1
F8CC: 60
                             RTS
FBCD: FF FF FF
                             DFB
                                  SFF, SFF, SFF
F800: 20 82 F8 INSTOSP F803: 48
                             JSR
                                  INSDS1
                                            GEN FMT, LEN BYTES
SAVE MNEMONIC TABLE INDEX
                             PHA
F8D4: B1 3A
                 PRNTOP
                             LDA
                                  (PCL),Y
                                  PRBYTE
F8D6: 20 DA FD
                             JSR
FBD9: A2 01
                             LDX
                                  #$01
                                             PRINT 2 BLANKS
F8DB: 20 4A F9 PRNTBL
                             JSR
                                  PRBL2
F8DE: C4 2F
                            CPY
                                  LENGTH
                                            PRINT INST (1-3 BYTES)
F8E0: C8
                             INY
                                            IN A 12 CHR FIELD
F8E1: 90 F1
                            BCC
                                  PRNTOP
                                            CHAR COUNT FOR MNEMONIC PRINT
F8E3: A2 03
                            LDX
                                  #$03
P8E5: C0 04
                            CPY
                                  #504
                                            78
                                          :
```

F858: 0A

فد

```
F8E7: 90 F2
                              BCC PRNTBL
                                              RECOVER MNEMONIC INDEX
                              PLA
 F8E9: 68
                              TAY
 FSEA: A8
 F8EB: B9 C0 F9
                              LDA
                                    MNEML, Y
                                              FETCH 3-CHAR MNEMONIC
                              STA
                                   · LMNEM
 F8EE: 85 2C
                                                (PACKED IN 2-BYTES)
- FBF0: B9 00 FA
                              LDA
                                    MNEMP.Y
                                    RMNEM
 F8F3: 85 2D
                              STA
 F8F5: A9 00
                   PRMN1
                              LDA
                                    *$00
 F8F7: A0 05
                              LDY
                                    #505
                                              SHIFT 5 BITS OF
                              ASL
                   PRMN2
                                    RMNEM
 F8F9: 06 2D
                                                CHARACTER INTO A
                              ROL.
                                    LMNEM
 F8FB: 26 2C
                                                   (CLEARS CARRY)
                              ROL
 F8FD: 2A
                              DEY
 F8FE: 88
                              BNE
                                    PRMN2
 F8FF: D0 F8
                                              ADD "?" OFFSET
 P901: 69 BF
                              ADC
                                    #$BF
                                              OUTPUT A CHAR OF MNEM
 F903: 20 ED FD
                              JSR
                                   COUT
                              DEX
 F906: CA
                                    PRMN1
                              BNE
 F907: DO EC
 F909: 20 48 F9
                              ĴŜR
                                    PRBLNK
                                              OUTPUT 3 BLANKS
                              LDY
                                    LENGTH
 F90C: A4 2F
                              LDX
                                              CNT FOR 6 FORMAT BITS
 F90E: A2 06
                                    #S06
                  PRADR1
                              CPX
                                    #$03
 F910: E0 03
                                    PRADR5
                                              IF X=3 THEN ADDR.
                              BEO
 F912: F0 1C
F914: 06 2E
                   PRADR2
                              ASL
                                    FORMAT
                              ₿CÇ
                                    PRADR 3
 F916: 90 0E
 F918: 8D B3 F9
                              LDA
                                    CHAR1-1,X
 F91B: 20 ED
                              JSR
                                    COUT
 P91E: BD B9 F9
                              LDA
                                   CHAR2-1,X
 F921: F0 03
                              BEQ
                                    PRADR 3
 F923: 20 ED FD
                              JSR
                                   COUT
 F926: CA
                  PRADR3
                              DEX
                                   PRADR1
 F927: D0 E7
                              BNE
 F929: 60
                              RTS
                  PRADR4
                              DEY
 F92A: 88
                              BMI
                                   PRADR2
 F92B: 30 E7
 P92D: 20 CA FD
P930: A5 2E
                              JSR
                                   PREYTE
                  PRADR5
                                   FORMAT
                              LDA
                                              HANDLE REL ADR MODE
                              CMP
                                   #SE8
 F932: C9 E8
F934: B1 3A
                                    (PCL),Y
                                              SPECIAL (PRINT TARGET,
                              LDA
 F936: 90 FZ
                              BCC
                                   PRADR4
                                                NOT OFFSET)
 F938: 20 56 F9 RELADE
                              JSR
                                   PCADJ3
                                              PCL, PCH+OFFSET+1 TO A, Y
                              TAX
 F93B: AA
 P93C: E8
                              INX
 F93D: D0 01
                              BNE
                                   XXTMRG
                                              +1 TO Y, X
 F93F: C8
                              INY
 F940: 98
                  PRNTYX
                             TYA
                                              OUTPUT TARGET ADR
                                   PRBYTE
 F941: 20 DA FD PRNTAX
                              JSR
                                              OF BRANCH AND RETURN
 F944: 8A
F945: 4C DA FD
                  PRNTX
                             TXA
                                   PRBYTE
                             JMP
                             LDX
                                   #$03
                                              BLANK COUNT
 F948: A2 03
                  PRBLNK
 F94A: A9 A0
                  PRSL2
                              LDA
                                   #$A0
                                              LOAD A SPACE
                                              OUTPUT A BLANK
 F94C: 20 ED FD
                             JSR
                                   COUT
 F94F: CA
                              DEX
                                   PRBL2
                                              LOOP UNTIL COUNT=0
 F950: D0 F8
                             BNE
 F952: 60
                             RTS
                                              0 = 1 - 3 \text{ YTE}, 1 = 2 - 3 \text{ YTE},
 P953: 38
                  PCADJ
                             SEC
                                   LENGTH
                                                2=3-BYTE
 F954: A5 2F
                  PCADJ2
                             LDA
 F956: A4 3B
                             LDY
                                   PCH
                  PCADJ 3
                                              TEST DISPLACEMENT SIGN
 F958: AA
F959: 10 01
                             TAX
                                              (FOR REL BRANCH)
EXTEND NEG BY DECR PCH
                                   PCADJ4
                              BPL
 F95B: 88
                             DEY
 F95C: 65
                  PCADJ4
                              ADÇ
                                   \mathtt{PCL}
                                             PCL+LENGTH (OR DISPL)+1 TO A CAPRY INTO Y (PCH)
 F95E: 90 01
                              BCC
                                   RTS 2
 F960: C8
                              INY
 P961: 60
                  RTS 2
                              RTS
                               FMT1 BYTES:
                                                      XXXXXXYO INSTRS
                                                      THEN LEFT HALF BYTE
                               IF Y=0
                                                      THEN RIGHT HALF BYTE
                               IF Y=1
                                                            (X=INDEX)
 F962: 04 20 54
 F965: 30 OD
F967: 80 O4 90
                  FMT1
                             DFB
                                   $04,$20,$54,$30,$0D
                                   $80,$04,$90,$03,$22
 F96A: 03 22
 F96C: 54 33 0D
 F96F: 80 04
                              DFB
                                   $54,$33,$0D,$80,$04
 F971: 90 04 20
 F974: 54 33
                             DFS
                                   $90,$04,$20,$54,$33
 F976: 0D 80 04
                                  $0D.$80,$04,$90,$04
                             DFB
 F979: 90 04
 F97B: 20 54 3B
 F97E: 00 80
                             DFB
                                  $20,$54,$38,$0D,$80
 F980: 04 90 00
 P983: 22 44
F985: 33 OD
                             DFB $04,$90,$00,$22,$44
              C8
           00
                             DFB
                                   $33,$00,$08,$44,$00
                     79
                                                    1
```

```
F98A: 11 22 44
 F98D: 33 0D
                              DFB $11.522.544.533.50D
F98F: C8 44 A9
F992: 01 22
                              DFB SC8.S44.SA9.S01.$22
F994: 44 33 0D
                              DFB $44,$33,$0D,$80,$04
F997: 80 04
F999: 90 01 22
                              DF8 $90,801,$22,$44,$33
F99C: 44 33
F99E: 0D 80 04
F9A1: 90
F9A2: 26 31 87
F9A5: 9A
                              DFB SOD.$80.$04.$90
                              DPB
                                   $26,$31,387,$9A 22XXXY01 INSTR'S
P9A6: 00
P9A7: 21
                  FMT2
                              DFB
                                    $00
                                              ERR
                              DPB
                                    $21
                                               TMM
F9A8: 81
                              DFB
                                    $81
                                              Z-PAGE
F9A9: 82
                              DEB
                                    $82
                                              ABS
                                              IMPLIED
F9AA: 00
                              DEB
                                    500
P9AB: 00
                              DPB
                                              ACCUMULATOR
                                    $00
F9AC: 59
F9AD: 4D
                                               (ZPAG,X)
                              DEB
                                    $59
                                               (ZPAG),Y
                                    S4D
                              DPB
F9AE: 91
                                              ZPAG, X
                              DFB
                                    $91
                              DFB
                                              ASS,X
F9AF: 92
                                    $92
£9B0: 8€
                              DFB
                                              ABS,Y
                                    $86
F9Bl: 4A
                              DPB
                                               (ABS)
F9B2: 85
                              OFB
                                    $85
                                              ZPAG,Y
F9B3: 9D
                                              RELATIVE
F9B4: AC A9 AC
       A3 A8 A4
                             ASC ",), # ($"
                  CHARL
F9BA: D9 00 D8
F9BD: A4 A4 00 CHAR2
                              DFB SD9,500,508,5A4,5A4,500
                              "Y",0,"x$$",0
                  *CHARZ:
                              MNEML
                                              IS OF FORM:
                              (A)
                                   XXXXX000
                              (B)
                                   XXXYY100
                              (⊆)
                                   1XXX1010
                              (D)
(E)
                                   XXXYYY10
                                   XXXYYYOl
                                    (X=INDEX)
F9C0: 1C 8A 1C
F9C3: 23 5D 8E MNEML
F9C6: 1B A1 9D
                             DFB $10.$8A.$10.$23.$5D.$88
                             DFB $18,5A1,59D,58A,$1D,$23
F9C9: 8A 1D 23
F9CC: 9D 8B 1D
F9CF: A1 00 29
                             DFB $90,588,510,5A1,500,529
F9D2: 19 AE 69
F9D5: A8 19 23
                             DPB $19, $AE, $69, $A8, $19, $23
F9D8: 24 53 1B
P9DB: 23 24 53
F9DE: 19 A1
F9EO: 00 1A 5B
                                   $24,$53,$18,$23,$24,$53
                             DFB
                                   $19,$A1 (A) FORMAT ABOVE
F9E3: 5B A5 69
F9E6: 24 24
                                   $00,$1A,$5B,$5B,$A5,$69
$24,$24 (B) FORMAT
                             DFB
F9E8: AE AE A8
F9EB: AD 29 00
                             DFB
                                   $AE, $AE, $A8, $AD, $29, $00
F9EE:
                             DFE
                                   $7C, $00 (C) FORMAT
F9F0: 15 9C 6D
F9F3: 9C A5 69
                             DFB
                                   $15,59C,$6D,$9C,$A5,$69
                                   $29,$53 (D) FORMAT
F9F6: 29 53
                             DFB
P9F8: 84 13 34
                                   $84,$13,$34,$11,$A5,$69
$23,$A0 (E) FORMAT
F9FB: 11 A5 69
                             DFB
F9FE: 23 A0
FACO: D8 62 5A
FA03: 48 26 62 MNEMR
FA06: 94 88 54
                             DFB SD8, $62, $5A, $48, $26, $62
                             DFE $94,588,$54,$44,$C8,$54
FA09: 44 C8 54
FAOC: 68 44 E8 FAOF: 94 00 B4
                             DFB $68.$44.$E8.$94.$00.$B4
FA12: 08 84 74
                            DFB $08,$84,$74,$B4,$28,$6E
FA15: B4 28 6E
PA18: 74 F4 CC
                             DF8 $74,$F4,$CC,$4A,$72,$F2
PA1B: 4A 72 F2
                             DFB $A4,$8A (A) FORMAT
FAlE: A4 8A
FA20: 00 AA A2
FA23: A2 74 74
                                   $00,$AA,$A2,$A2,$74,$74
                             DFB $74,$72 (B) FORMAT
FA26: 74 72
FA28: 44 68 B2
FA2B: 32 B2 00
                             DFB $44,868,$82,$32,$82,$00
FA2E: 22 00
FA30: 1A 1A 26
FA33: 26 72 72
                             DFB $22,500 (C) FORMAT
                             DFB S1A,$1A,$26,$26,$72,$72
FA36: 88 C8
FA38: C4 CA 26
                             DFH
                                  $88,5C8 (D) FORMAT
                             DFB
                                   $C4,$CA,$26,$48,$44,$44
FA3B: 48 44 44
                             DFB SA2, SC8 (E) FORMAT
FASE: A2 C8
                     80
```

```
FA40: FF FF FF
FA43: 20 DO F8 STEP
                              DFB
                                   SFF, SFF, SFF
                                   INSTOSP DISASSEMBLE ONE INST
                              JSR
                                              AT (PCL.H)
ADJUST TO USER
STACK. SAVE
                              PLA
FA46: 68
                                   RTNL
FA47: 85 2C
                              STA
FA49: 68
                              PLA
                                                RTH ADR.
                              STA
                                   RTNH
FA4A: 85
                              LDX
                                   #508
FA4C: A2 08
                                   INITSL-1,X INIT XEO AREA
FA4E: BD 10 FB XCINIT
                              LDA
                              STA
                                   XOT,X
FA51: 95 3C
                              DEX
FA53: CA
                                   XCINIT
                              BNE
FA54: DO F8
                                              USER OPCODE BYTE
                              LDA
                                   (PCL,X)
PA56: A1 3A
                                              SPECIAL IF BREAK
LEN FROM DISASSEMBLY
                                   XBRK
                              BEO
FA58: PO 42
                              LDY
                                   LENGTH
FA5A: A4 2F
                                   4$20
                              CMP
FA5C: C9 20
FA5E: F0 59
                                              HANDLE JSR, PTS, JMP,
JMP ( ), RTI SPECIAL
                              860
                                   XJSF
                                  *$60
FA60: C9 60
                              CMP
FA62: F0 45
FA64: C9 4C
                              BEQ
                                   XRTS
                             CMP
                                   #S4C
                                   XJMP
FA66: F0 5C
                              SEC
                                   #56C
FA68: C9
FA6A: F0
                              CMP
                                   XJMFAT
                              ВEQ
          59
                                   #$40
FA6C: C9 40
                              CMP
FA6E: F0
FA70: 29
FA72: 49
                              3EQ
                                   XRTI
          35
                              AND
                                    *$1P
                              SOR
                                   #514
                                              COPY USER INST TO XED AREA
                              CMP
                                   $$04
FA74: C9 04
                                                WITH TRAILING NOPS
                              8EQ
                                   XQ2
FA76: FO 02
                                              CHANGE REL BRANCH
                                    (PCL),Y
                  XQ1
                              LDA
FA78: B1 3A
                                              DISP TO 4 FOR
JMP TO BRANCH OR
FA7A: 99 3C 00 XQ2
                                   XQTNZ,Y
                              STA
                              DEY
FA7D: 88
                                                NBRANCH FROM XEQ.
FA7E: 10 P8
                              BPL
                                   XQl
                                              RESTORE USER REG CONTENTS.
FA80: 20 3F FF
FA83: 4C 3C 00
                              JSR
                                   RESTORE
                                              XEQ USER OF FROM RAM
                                   XQTNZ
ACC
                              JMP
                                                  (RETURN TO NBRANCH)
FA86: 85 45
                  IRC
                              STA
PA88: 68
FA89: 48
                              P.F.A
                                              **IRQ HANDLER
                              ASL
FASA: OA
                                   Α
FASB: OA
                              ASL
FASC: DA
                              ASL
                                   BREAK
                                              TEST FOR BREAK
FA8D: 30 03
                              BMI
                                   (IROLOC) USER ROUTINE VECTOR IN RAM
PASE: 6C FE 03
                              JMP
PA92: 28
                  BREAK
                              PLP
                                              SAVE REG'S ON BREAK
FA93: 20 4C FF
                              JS<sub>R</sub>
                                   SAVI
                                              INCLUDING PC
FA96: 58
                              PLA
                                   PÇL
                              STA
FA97: 85 3A
                              PLA
FA99: 68
                                   PĆH
FA9A: 85 3B
                              STA
FA9C: 20 82 F8 XBRK
FA9F: 20 DA FA
                                   IMSDS1
                                              PRINT USER PC.
                              JSR
                                                AND REG'S
                              JSR
                                   RGDSP1
FAA2: 4C 65 FF
FAA5: 18
                              JMP
                                   MON
                                              GO TO MONITOR
                  XRTI
                              CLC
                                              SIMULATE RTI BY EXPECTING
                              PLA
FAA6: 68
                                                STATUS FROM STACK, THEN RTS
                              STA
                                   STATUS
FAA7: 85 48
                                              RTS SIMULATION
FAA9: 68
                  XRTS
                              PLA
                                                EXTRACT PC FROM STACK
                                   PCL
FAAA: 85 3A
                              STA
                                              AND UPDATE PC BY 1 (LEN=0)
FAAC: 68
                              PLA
                                   PCH
                  PCINC<sub>2</sub>
PAAD: 85 3B
                              STA
                              LDA
                                   LENGTH
                                              UPDATE PC BY LEN
FAAF: A5 2F
                  PCINC 3
PAB1: 20 56 F9
FAB4: 84 3B
                              JSR
                                   PCADJ3
                              STY
                                   PCH
                              CLC
FAB6: 18
                              BCC
                                   NEWPCL
FAB7: 90 14
FAB9: 18
                  XJSR
                              CLC
                                              CPDATE PC AND PUSH
FABA: 20 54 F9
                                   PCADJ2
                              JSR
                                              ONTO STACK FOR
                              TAX
FABD: AA
                                              JSR SIMULATE
FABE: 98
                              TYA
                              PHA
FABP: 48
                              TXA
FACO: 8A
                             PHA
FAC1: 48
FAC2: A0 02
                                   #$02
                              LDY
                  XJMP
                              CLC
FAC4: 18
FAC5: Bl 3A
                              LDA
                                   (PCL),Y
                  XJMPAT
FAC7: AA
                              TAX
                                              LOAD PC FOR JMP,
                              DEY
                                              (JMP) SIMULATE.
FAC8: 88
FAC9: Bl 3A
                              LDA
                                   (PCL),Y
FACB: 86 3B
                              STX
                                   PCB
                  NEWPCL
                              STA
                                   PCL
FACD: 85 3A
FACF: BO F3
                             BCS
                                   XJMP
                  RTNIMP
                              LDA
                                   RTNH
FAD1: A5 2D
FAD3: 48
                             PHA
                              LDA
                                   RTNL
FAD4: A5 2C
FAD6: 48
                              PHA
                                               CONTENTS WITH
                                              DISPLAY USER REG
FAD7: 20 SE FD REGDSP
                              JSR
                                   CROUT
PADA: A9 45
                  RGDSPl
                             LDA
                                   #ACC
                              STA
                                   A3L
FADC: 85 40
                     81
```

Ł

```
STA
                                   A3H
FAEG: 85 41
                                   #SFB
                             LDX
PAE2: A2 FB
                             LDA
                                   #5A0
FAE4: A9 A0
                 RDSP1
FAE6: 20 ED FD
                             JSR
                                   COUT
                                   RTBL-SFB,X
FAE9: BD 1E FA
                             JSR
                                   COUT
FAEC: 20 ED FD
                             LDA
                                   #SBD
FAEF: A9 BD
                             JSR
                                   COUT
PAP1: 20 ED FD
                             LDA
                                   ACC+5,X
FAF4: B5 4A
FAF6: 20 DA FD
                             JSR
                                   PRBYTE
                             INX
FAP9: E8
FAPA: 30 E8
FAFC: 60
                             BMI
                                   RDSPl
                             RTS
                                             BRANCH TAKEN,
                 BRANCS
                             CLC
FAFD: 18
                                               ADD LEN+2 TO PC
                             LDY
                                   #$01
FAFE: A0 01
                             LDA
                                   (PCL),Y
FB00: B1 3A
FB02: 20 56 F9
                             JSR
                                   PCADJ 3
FB05: 85 3A
                             STA
                             TYA
FB07: 98
FB06: 38
                             SEC
                             9CS
                                   PCINC2
FB09: B0-A2
                                             NORMAL RETURN AFTER
FBOB: 20 4A FF NBRNCH
                             JSR.
                                   SAVE
                                             XEQ USER OF
                             SEC
FBOE: 38
                                             GO UPDATE PC
                                   PCINC3
FBOF: BO 9E
                             BCS
                  INITBL
                             NOP
FB11: EA
                                             DUMMY FILL FOR
                             NOP
FB12: EA
                                                XED AREA
FB13: 4C 08 FB
FB16: 4C FD FA
                             JMP
                                   MERNCH
                                   BRANCH
                              JMP
                  RTBL
                             DFB
                                   SCI
FB19: C1
                             DFB
                                   $D8
FB1A: D8
FB1B: D9
                             DEB
                                   SD9
FB1C: D0
                             DFF
                                   SDO
                             DFB
                                   SD3
FBlD: D3
                                   PTPIG
                                             TRIGGER PADDLES
FBlE: AD 70 CO PREAD
                             LDA
                                   #$00
                                              INIT COUNT
FB21: A0 00
                             LDY
                                             COMPENSATE FOR 1ST COUNT
                             NOP
FB23: EA
                             NOP
FB24: EA
                                   PADDLO,X COUNT Y-REG EVERY
FB25: BD 64 CO PREAD2
                                   RTS 2D
                                               12 USEC
                             BPL
FB28: 10 04
FB2A: C8
                              INY
                                                EXIT AT 255 MAX
                                   PREAD2.
                             BNE
FB2B: D0 F8
                             DEY
FB2D: 88
                  RTS2D
                              RTS
FB2E: 60
                                             CLR STATUS FOR DEBUG
                                   #$00
                             LDA
FB2F: A9 00
                  INIT
                             STA
                                   STATUS
                                                SOFTWARE
FB31: 85 48
                                   LORES
FB33: AD 56 CO
                              LDA
                                             INIT VIDEO MODE
                                   LOWSCR
FB36: AD 54 C0
                              LDA
                                             SET FOR TEXT MODE
FB39: AD 51 CO SETTXT
                                   TXTSET
                              LDA
                                                FULL SCREEN WINDOW
                              LDA
                                   4500
FB3C: A9 00
                              BEQ
                                   SETWND
FB3E: FG OB
                                             SET FOR GRAPHICS MODE
LOWER 4 LINES AS
FB40: AD 50 CO SETGR
FB43: AD 53 CO
                                   TXTCLP
                             LDA
                              LDA
                                   MIXSET
                                                TEXT WINDOW
FB46: 20 36 F8
                              JSR
                                   CLPTOP
                              LDA
                                   #514
FB49: A9 14
                                             SET FOR 40 COL WINDOW
                                   WNDTOP
 FB4B: 85 22
                  SETWND
                              STA
                                                TOP IN A-REG,
                                   #500
                              LDA
 FB4D: A9 00
                                                BTTM AT LINE 24
                                   WNDLFT
FB4F: 85 20
                              STA
                              LDA
                                   #$28
 FB51: A9 28
                              STA
                                   WNDWGTH
 FB53: 85 21
                             LDA
                                   #$15
FB55: A9 18
FB57: 85 23
                                                VTAE TO ROW 23
                                   WNDETM
                              LDA
                                   $$17
 PB59: A9 17
                                              VTABS TO ROW IN A-REG
                             STA
                                   CV
                  TABV
FB5B: 85 25
FB5D: 4C 22 FC
                                   VTAR
                              JMP
                             JSR
                                   MD1
                                              ABS VAL OF AC AUX
 FB60: 20 A4 FB MULPM
                                             INDEX FOR 16 BITS
ACX * AUX + XTND
                             LDY
                                   #$10
                  MUL
 FB63: A0 10
                                   ACL
 FB65: A5 50
                              LDA
                  MUL2
                              LSR
                                               TO AC, XTND
 PB67: 4A
                                              IF NO CAPRY
                                   MUL4
 F868: 90 OC
                             .BCC
                                             NO PARTIAL PROD.
                              CLC
 FB6A: 18
                                   #SFE
F868: A2 FE
                              LDX
                                   XTNDL+2,X ADD MPLCND (AUX)
AUXL+2,X TO PARTIAL PROD
XTNDL+2,X (XTND).
FB6D: B5 54
FB6F: 75 56
                  MHL3
                              LDA
                              ADC
 FB71: 95 54
                              STA
                              INX
 FB73: E8
 FB74: DO F7
                                   MOL3
                              BNE
                                   #S03
 FB76: A2 03
                              LDX
                  MUL.4
                                   #$76
#$50
 F278: 76
FB79: 50
                  MUL5
                              DEB
                              DFB
                              DEX
 FP7A: CA
                              3PL
                                   MULS
 PB78: 10 FB
 FB7D: 88
 FB7E: D0 E5
                              BNE
                                   MUL2
                              PTS
 FB80: 60
                   : 82
```

LDA

FADE: A9 00

*ACC/256

```
ARS VAL OF AC, AUX.
                  DIVPM
                               JSR
FR81: 20 A4 FB
                                               INDEX FOR 16 BITS
                                    ₹510
FB84: A0 10
                  DIV
                               LCY
                                     ACL
FB86: 06 50
                  DIV2
                               ASL.
                                    ACH
                               ROL
FB88: 26 51
                                               YTHD/AUX
                                     XTNOL
                               ROL
FB8A: 26 52
                                                 TO AC.
FB8C: 26
FB8E: 38
                               ROL
                                    NUMBER
                               SEC
                               LDA
                                     XTNDL
F88F: A5 52
                               Sec
                                     AUXL
                                               MOD TO XIND.
FB91: E5 54
                               TAX
F893: AA
                               LDA
                                    MORER
FB94: A5 53
                               SEC
                                     HXUA
F896: E5 55
F898: 90 06
                                    DIV3
                               BCC
                               STX
FB9A: 86
          52
                                     XTHOH:
F89C: 85 53
                               STA
FB9E: E6 50
                               INC
                                     ACL
                  otv3
                               DEY
FBA0: 88
                                     DIV2
FBA1: D0 E3
                               BNE
FBA3: 60
                               RTS
                                               PRS VAL OF AC, AUX WITH RESULT SIGN
                                     *$00
FBA4: A6 00
                   MD1
                               LDY
                               STY
                                     SIGN
#AUXL
FBA6: 84 2F
                                                  IN LSB OF SIGN.
                               LDX
FBA8: A2 54
FBAA: 20 AF PE
                               JSR
                                     MDZ
                               LDX
                                     #ACL
PBAD: A2 50
                                                X SPECIFIES AC OR AUX
                   MD2
                               LDA
                                     LOC1,X
FBAF: 85 01
                               BPL
                                     MDRTS
FBB1: 10 0D
                               SEC
FBB3: 38
FBB4: 98
                   MD3
                               TYA
                                                COMPL SPECIFIED REG
                                     LOCO.X
FBB5: F5 00
                               SBC
                                                  IF NEG.
FBB7: 95 00
                               STA
                                     LOCO,X
                               TYA
FBB9: 98
                                     LOC1.X
FBBA: F5 01
                               SBC
FBBE: E6 2F
                               STA
                                     LOC1.X
                                     SIGN
                               INC
                               RTS
                   MDRTS
FSC0: 60
                                                CALC BASE ADR IN BASL, H
                   BASCALC
                               PHA
FBC1: 48
                                                  POR GIVEN LINE NO. 0<=LINE NO. <=$17
                               LSR
FBC2: 4A
                                     #503
                               AND
                                               APG=000ASCDE, GENERATE
BASH=000001CD
FBC3: 29 03
                               ORA
                                     #$04
FBC5: 09 04
FBC7: 85 29
                                     BASH
                                                AND
                               PLA
FBC9: 68
                                                  PASL=EABABOOO
                               AND
                                     #$18
FBCA: 29 18
FBCC: 90 02
                                     BSCLC2
                               BCC
                                     #S7F
                               ADC
FBCE: 69 7F
FBD0: 85 28
                   BSCLC2
                               STA
                                     BASL
                               ASL
FBD2: 0A
                               ASL
FBD3: 0A
                                     BASE
                               ORA
FBD4: 05 28
                                     BASL
                               STA
PBD6: 85 28
                               RTS
FBD8: 60
                                                BELL CHAP? (CNTRL-G)
                   BELL1
                               CMP
                                     ≱$87
FBD9: C9 87
                                                  NO,RETURN
FBDB: D0 12
                               BNE
                                     FTS 28
                                                DELAY .01 SECONDS
FBDD: A9 40
                               LOA
                                     #$4C
                               JER
                                     WATT
FBDF: 20 A8 FC
                                     #SC0
                               LDY
FEE2: AC CO
                                                TOGGLE SPEAKER AT
                               LDA
                                     #80C
FBE4: A9 OC
                   BELL2
                                                  1 kHZ FOR .1 SEC.
                                     WAIT
FBE6: 20 A8 FC
                               JSR
                               LDA
                                     SPKR
 FBE9: AD 30 CO
                               DEY
FBEC: 68
                               BNE
                                     ESLL2
 FBED: DO F5
                   RTS2P
                               RTS
 FBEF: 60
                                                CURSER H INDEX TO Y-REG
FBF0: A4 24
                   STOADV
                               LDY
                                     CII
                                     (BASL), Y STOR CHAR IN LINE
CH INCREMENT CURSER H INDEX
                               STA
FBF2: 91 28
FBF4: E6 24
                   ADVANCE
                               INC
                                                  (MOVE RIGHT)
                                     CB
FBF6: A5 24
                               LDA
                                                BEYOND WINDOW WIDTH?
                               CMP
                                     WNDWDTH
F8F8: C5 21
                                                  YES OF TO NEXT LINE
 FBPA: BO 66
                               SCS
                                     CR
                                                NO RETURN
FBFC: 60
                   RTS3
                               RTS
                                     #SAO
                                                CONTROL CHAP?
                               CMP
                   VIDOUT
 FBFD: C9 A0
                                     STOADV
                                                  NO, OUTPUT IT.
                               BCS
 FBFF: 80 EF
                                                INVERSE VIDEO?
                               TAY
 FC01: A8
                                     STOADV
                                                  YES, OUTPUT IT.
                               SPL
FC02: 10 EC
                                     #$80
 FC04: C9 8D
                               CMP
                                                CS?
                                                  YES.
                               BED
                                     Ċ₽
 FC06: F0 5A
                                                LINE FEED?
                                     #$8A
                               CMP
 FC08: C9 8A
                                                IF SO, DO IT.
BACK SPACE? (CNTRL-H)
                                    LF
FCOA: FO SA
                               ÇBB
FC0C: C9 88
                               CMP
                                     #$$8
                                                MO, CHECK FOR BELL.
DECREMENT CURSER H INDEX
FC0E: D0 C9
FC10: C6 24
                                     BELL1
                               BNE
                               DEC
                                     СH
                                               IF POS, OK. ELSE MOVE UP
SET CH TO WNDWDTH-1
                                     RTS3
 FC12: 10 E8
                               BPL
                               LDA
                                     WNDMDTH
 FC14: A5 21
 FC16: 85 24
                               STA
                                     CH
                                                (RIGHTMOST SCREEN POS)
 FC18: C6 24
                               DEC
                                     CH
                                                CURSER V INDEX
                               LDA
                                     WNDTOP
 FC1A: A5 22
FC1C: C5 25
                        83 -
                                     CV
                               CMP
```

MOT

```
FClE: B0 0B
                                               DECR CURSER V-INDEX
GET CURSER V-INDEX
                              DEC
                                    CV
FC20: C6 25
                  VTAE
                              LDA
                                    CV
FC22: A5
                                               CENERATE BASE ADDR
                                    PASCALC
FC24: 20 C1 FB
                 VTABZ
                              JSR
                                               ADD WINDOW LEFT INDEX
                              ADC
                                    WNDLFT
FC27: 65 20
                                               TO BASL
FC29: 85 28
                              STA
                                    BASL
                  PTS 4
                              PTS
FC2B: 60
                                               ESC?
FC2C: 49 CO
                  ESC1
                              EOR
                                    # SC 0
                                               IF SO, DO HOME AND CLEAR ESC-A OR B CHECK
                              BEO
                                    HOME
FC2E: FO 28
                              ADC
                                    #$FD
FC30: 69 FD
                                               A, ADVANCE
B, BACKSPACE
ESC-C OP D CHECK
FC32: 90 C0
FC34: F0 DA
                              BCC
                                    ADVANCE
                              BEÓ
                                    29
FC36: 69 FD
                              ADC
                                    #SFD
                                                 C, DOWN
FC38: 90 2C
                              3CC
                                    LF
                                               D, GO UP
ESC-E OF F CHECK
PC3A: FO DE
                              BEO
                                    UP
                                    #SFD
FC3C: 69 FD
                              ADC
                                               E, CLEAR TO END OF LINE
NOT F, RETURN
CURSOR H TO Y INDEX
                                    CLREOL
                              BCC
FC3E: 90 5C
                                    FTSA
                              BNE
FC40: D0 E9
                  CLREOP
                              LDY
                                    CH
FC42: A4 24
                                               CURSOR V TO A-REGISTER
                                    CV
                              LDA
FC44: A5 25
                                               SAVE CUPRENT LINE ON STK
                  CLEOP1
                              PHA
FC46: 48
FC47: 20 24 FC
                                               CALC PASE ADDRESS
                              JSR
                                    VTABZ
                                               CLEAR TO EOL, SET CARRY
CLEAR FOOM H INDEX=0 FOR REST
FC4A: 20 9E FC
                                    CLEOLZ
                              JSR
FC4D: A0 00
                              LDY
                                    #$00
                                               INCREMENT CURRENT LINE
FC4F: 68
                              PLA
                                               (CAPRY IS SET)
DONE TO BOTTOM OF WINDOW?
FC50: 69 00
                              ADC
                                    ±500
                                    WNDSTM
                              CMP
FC52:
                                                 NO, KEEP CLEAPING LINES
                              BCC
                                    CLEOPI
FC54: 90 F0
                                                 YES, THE TO CUPRENT LINE
                                    VTAB
                              BCS
LDA
FC56: B0 CA
                                               INIT CURSOR V
                  dOttE
                                    UNDTOP
FC58: A5 22
FC5A: 85 25
                                    CV
                                                 AND H-INDICES
                              STA
                              LDY
                                    #$00
FC5C: A0 00
                                               THEN CLEAR TO END OF PAGE
                              STY
FC5E: 84
FC60: F0 E4
                              BEO
                                    CLEOPI
                                               CHRSOR TO LEFT OF INDEX
FC62: A9 00
                  CR
                              LDA
                                    #$00
                                               (RET CURSOR H=0)
                              STA
                                    CH
                                               INCR CURSOP V(DOWN 1 LINE)
                                    CV
FC66: E6 25
                  LF
                              TNC
                              LPA
FC68: A5 25
                                    CV
                              CMP
                                    NOPTH
                                              OFF SCREFA?
FC6A: C5 23
                                                 NO, SET BASE ADDR
FC6C: 90 B6
                              BCC
                                    VTARZ
                                               DECP CURSOR V(BACK TO BOTTOM LIM-
                              DBC
                                    CV
FC6E: C6 25
                                               START AT TOP OF SCRL WNDW
                  SCROLL
                              LDA
                                    WNDTOP
FC70: A5 22
FC72: 48
                              PHA
                                               GENERATE BASE ADDRESS
PC73: 20 24 FC
                              JSR
                                    VTABZ
                                              COPY BASL,H
TO BAS2L,H
PC76: A5 28
                  SCRL1
                              LDA
                                    BASL
PC78: 85 2A
                              STA
                                    BAS 2L
                              LDA
                                    BASH
FC7A: A5 29
                              STA
                                    BAS2H
FC7C: 85 2B
                                              INIT Y TO RIGHTMOST INDEX
                              LDY
                                    WNOWDTH
FC7E: A4 21
                              DEY
                                               OF SCROLLING WINDOW
FC80: 88
FC81: 58
                                               INCR LINE NUMBER
FC82: 69 01
                              ADC
                                    #801
                              CMP
                                    MYRGKW
                                              DONE?
FC84: C5 23
                                                 YES. FINISH
FC86: 30 0D
                              BCS
                                    SCRL3
                              PHA
FC88: 48
                                               FORM SASL, H (BASE ADDR)
                              JSF
                                    VTABZ
FC89: 20 24 FC
                                    (BASL), Y MOVE A CHR UP ON LINE
                  SCRL2
                              LDA
FC8C: B1 28
                              STA
                                    (BAS2L),Y
FC8E: 91 2A
                                              NEXT CHAP OF LINE
                              DEY
FC90: 88
FC91: 10 F9
                              BPL
FC93: 30 El
                                    SCRL1
                                              NEXT LINE
                              BMI
                                    *$00
                                              GET PASE ADOR FOR BOTTOM LINE CAPRY IS SET
                                              CLEAR BOTTOM LINE
FC95: A0 00
FC97: 20 9E FC
                  SCRL3
                              LDY
                              JSR.
                                    CLEOLZ
                                    VTAS
FC9A: BO 86
                              305
                              LDY
LDA
                                              CURSOR 9 INDEX
FC9C: A4
                  .CLREOL
                                    СĦ
                                    # SAO
FC9E: A9 A0
                  CLEOLZ
                              STA
                                    (RASL), Y STORE BLANKS FROM 'HERE'
                  CLEOL2
FCA0: 91 28
                                              TO END OF LINES (WNDWDTH)
FCA2: C8
FCA3: C4 21
FCA5: 90 F9
                              INY
                              CPY
                                    WNDCCTH
                              SCC
                                   CLEOL2
FCA7: 60
                              PTS
FCA8: 38
                  WAIT
                              SEC
                  WAIT2
                              PHA
FCA9: 48
                              SPC
                  WAIT3
                                    #501
FCAA: E9 01
                                              1.0204 USEC
FCAC: DO FC
                              PNE
                                   WAIT3
                                               (13+2712*A+512*A*A)
FCAE: 68
                              PLA
FCAF: E9
                              SBC
                                    #S01
                              BNE
FCB1: D0 F6
                                   WAIT2
                              PTS
FCB3: 60
                                              INCR 2-FYTE A4
                  NXTA4
                              INC
                                   A4L
PCB4: E6 42
                                                 AND A1
                              PNE
                                   NXTAL
FCB6: D0 02
                                   A4H
                              INC
FCB8: E6 43
                                              INCP 2-BYTE Al.
                  NXTAL
                              LDA
                                   AIL
FCBA: A5 3C FCBC: C5 3E
                              CMP
                                                 AND COMPARE TO A2
FCBE: A5 3D
                              LDA
                                   AIH
                     84
```

BCS

RTS4

IF TOP LINE THEN PETURN

```
SEC
                                   A2h
FCCO: E5 3F
                                                (CARPY SET IF >=)
                              TNC
FCC2: E6 3C
                                   AlL
                              BNE
                                   RT54B
FCC4: D0 02
FCC6: E6 3D
                              TNC
                                   AIR
                              RTS
FCC8: 60
                  RTS4B
                                              WRITE A*256 'LOWG 1'
FCC9: A0 48
                              LDY
                                   #542
                  HEADR
                                               HALF CYCLES
(650 USEC EACH )
                                   ZERRLY
FCC8: 20 DB FC
                              JSR
PCCE: D0 F9
FCD0: 69 FE
                              BNE
                                   HEADE
                              ADC
                                   #SFF
                                              THEN A 'SPORT O'
                              ecs.
                                   READR
FCD2: 20 F5
                                                (400 USEC)
PCD4: A0 21
                              LDY
                                   #<>1
                                              WRITE TWO HALF CYCLES
FCD6: 20 DB FC WRBIT
                                   ZERDLY
                              JSR
                                              OF 250 USEC ('0')
OR 500 USEC ('0')
FCD9: CB
                              INY
FCDA: C8
                              INY
FCDB: 88
                  ZERDLY
                              DEY
FCDC: DO FD
FCDE: 90 05
                              306
                                   ZERDLY
                                              Y IS COUNT FOR
                              BCC
                                   WRTAPE
                                                TIMING LOOP
FCE0: A0 32
                              LDY
                                   #S32
FCE2: 88
                  ONEDLY
                              DEY
FCE3: DO FD
                              ENE
                                   ONEDLY
PCES: AC 20 CO WRTAPE
                              LDY
                                   TAPEOUT
FCE8: A0 2C
                              LDY
                                   # $ 2C
FCEA: CA
FCEB: 60
                              DEX
                              RTS
                                              8 BITS TO READ
READ TWO TRANSITIONS
FCEC: A2 08
FCEE: 48
                                   #$08
                  RORYTÉ
                              LDX
                              PHA
                  RDEYT 2
FCEF: 20 FA FC
                              JSP.
                                   RDZBIT
                                               (FIND EDGE)
FCF2: 68
FCF3: 2A
                              PLA
                                              NEXT SIT
                              ROL
                                   ±$34
                                              COUNT FOR SAMPLES
FCF4: A0 3A
                             LDY
FCF6: CA
FCF7: D0 F5
                             DEX
                                   ROBYT 2
                              BNE
                             RTS
FCF9: 60
FCFA: 20 FD FC
FCFD: 88
                              JSR RD3IT
                  RD2BIT
                                              DECR Y UNTIL TAPE TRANSITION
                              DEY
                  RDPIT
FCFE: AD 60 CO
                                   TAPRIN
                             LDA
                                   LASTIM
FD01: 45 2F
                             EOR
FD03: 10 F8
                              apL
FD05: 45 2F
                                   LASTIN
                              EOR
FD07: 85 2F
                             STA
                                   LASTIN
                                             SET CARRY ON Y-PEG.
FD09: C0 80
                             CPY
                                   #S80
FD0B: 60
                             FTS
FD0C: A4 24
FD0E: B1 28
                              LDY
                  RDKEY
                                   (PASL), Y SET SCREEN TO PLASH
                             T.DA
                             PHA
PD10: 48
FD11: 29 3F
FD13: 09 40
                                   ≱S3F
                             AND
                                   #540
                             ORA
PD15: 91 28
                             5TA
                                   (FASL),Y
FD17: 68
FD18: 6C 38 00
                             PLA
                                   (KSWL)
                                             GO TO USER KEY-IN
FD12: E6 4E
                  KEYIN
                             INC
                                   RNDL
                             BNE
                                   KEYIM2
                                             INCR RND NUMBER
FD1D: D0 02
FD1F: E6 4F
                             INC
                                   RNDH
                                              KEY DOWN?
FD21: 2C 00 C0 KEYIN2
                             TIS
                                   KBD
                                               LOOP
FD24: 10 F5
                             \mathtt{E} \mathtt{F} \mathbf{L}
                                   KEYIU
                                   (BASL), Y REPLACE FLASHING SCREEN
FD26: 91 28
                             STA
                                             CET KEYCODE
FD28: AD 00 C0
                                   KED
                             LDA
FD2B: 2C 10 C0 FD2E: 60
                                            CER KEY STROBE
                                   KEDSTP3
                             BIT
                             FTS
FD2F: 20 OC FD ESC
                             JSR
                                   PDKEY
                                              GET KEYCODE
PD32: 20 2C FC FD35: 20 0C FD PDCHAP
                             JSR
                                   ESC1 '
                                               HANDLE ESC FUNC.
                             JSR
                                   POKEY
                                              REAG KEY
FD38: C9 9B
                                   ¥$93
                             CMP
                                             ESC?
                                               YES, DON'T RETURN
FD3A: F0 F3
                             BEÓ
                                  SSC
FD3C: 60
                              RTS
PD3D: A5 32
                  NOTCR
                             LDA INVFLG
                             PHA
FD3F: 48
FD40: A9 FF
                             LDA
                                   #SFF
                                             ECHO USER LINE
                             STA INVFLG
FD42: 85 32
                                               NON INVERSE
FD44: 8D 00 02
                             LDA
                                   IN.X
FD47: 20 ED FD
                             JSR COUT
FD4A: 68
                             PLA
FD4B: 85 32
FD4D: BD 00 02
                             ATP
                                   INVELG
                             LDA
                                   IN,X
                                              CHECK FOR EDIT KEYS
FD50: C9 88
                                   #$88
                             CMP
FD52: F0 1D
                             BEO
                                   BCKSPC
                                              BS, CTRL-X.
FD54: C9 98
FD56: FO OA
                             PEQ
                                   CANCEL
                                   #SF8
                                              MARGIN?
FD58: E0 F8
                           • CPX
FD5A: 90 03
                             BCC
                                   NOTCRI
                                                YES. SOUND PELL
FD5C: 20 3A FF
                             JSR
                                   RELL
FD5F: E8
                                              ADVANCE INPUT INDEX
                 NOTORL
                             INX
FD60: D0 13
                             BNE
                                   NXTCHAR
                 CANCEL LDA
JSR
                                             BACKSLASH AFTER CANCELLED LINE
FD62: A9 DC
                                   #SDC
FD64: 20 ED FD
                                   COUT
```

```
CROUT
                              JSR
PD67: 20 8E PD
                  GETLNZ.
                                    PROHPT
                              LDA
FD6A: A5 33
                   GETLN
                                               OUTPUT PROMPT CHAP
INIT INPUT INDEX
WILL PACKSPACE TO 0
FD6C: 20 ED FD
FD6F: A2 01
FD71: 8A
                              JSR
                                    COUT
                               LDX
                   BCKSPC
                              TXA
                               SEQ
                                    GETLNZ
FD72: F0 F3
                              DEX
FD74: CA
FD75: 20
          35 FD
                  NXTCHAR
                               JSP
                                    PDCHAR
                                               USE SCREEN CHAR
FD78: C9 95
FD7A: D0 02
                                    *PICK
CAPTST
                               CMP
                                                  FOR CTRL-U
                               BNE
                                     (BASL),Y
                               LDA
FD7C: 81
          28
                                     $$E0
                               CMP
FD7E: C9 E0 FD80: 90 02
                   CAPTST
                                               CONVERT TO CAPS
                                    ADDINE
                               BCC
                               \Omega NE
                                     #SOF
FD82: 29 DF
                                                ADD TO INPUT BUF
                                     IN,X
                               STA
FD84: 9D 00 02 ADDINP FD87: C9 8D
                               CMP
                                     # 5 A D
                               BNE
                                     MOTER
FD89: DO B2
                                               CLR TO ECL IF CR
FD8B: 20 9C FC
                               JSP
                                     CLREOL
                               LDA
                                     #58D
                   CROUT
FD8E: A9 8D
                                     COUT
FD90: D0 5B
                               BNE
                                               PRINT CR, Al. IN HEX
                               ГDХ
                                     AlH
                   PPA1
FD92: A4 3D
                               LDX
                                     AlL
FD94: A6
                               JSK
                                     CROUT
FD96: 20 SE FD
                   PRYX2
                                     PRJTYX
                               JSR
FD99: 20 40 F9
                                     #$00
                               LDY
FD9C: A0 00
                                                PRIGT '-'
                               LDA
                                     #SAD
FD9E: A9 AD
                               JMP
                                     COUT
FDA0: 4C ED FD FD FDA3: A5 3C
                                     All
                               LDA
                   XAM8
 FDA3: A5
                                                SET TO FINISH AT
                                     #S07
FDA5: 09 07
                               CRA
                                                  mor 8=7
                               STA
                                     AZL
 FDA7: 85 32
                               LDA
                                     AlH
 FDA9: A5
                               STA
                                     λ2Η
 FDAB: 85 3F
                   MODSCHK
                               LDA
                                     AlL
 FDAD: A5 3C
                                     ‡$07
                               GNA
 FDAF: 29 07
                                     DATAOUT
                               BNE
 FDB1: D0 03
                                     PRA1
                               JSP
FDB3: 20 92 FD
                   XAM
 FD86: A9 A0
                   DATAGUT
                               LDA
                                                OUTPUT BLANK
                                     COUT
 FDB8: 20 ED FD
                               JSR
                                     (AlL),Y
                               LDA
 FDBB: E1 3C
                                                OUTPUT BYTE IN HEX
 FDBD: 20 DA FD
                               JSR
                                     PRBYTE
                                     NXTAL
 FDCO: 20 BA FC
                                                CHECK IF TIME TO, PRINT ADDR
                               BCC
                                     MODSCHK
 FDC3: 90 E8
                    RTS4C
                                RTS
 FDC5: 60
                                                DETERMINE IF MON
                    XAMPM
                               LSR
 FDC6: 4A
                                                  MODE IS XAM
ADD, OR SUB
                                3ÇC
                                     XAM
 FDC7: 90 EA
FDC9: 4A
                                LSR
                                     Α
                                LSR
 FDCA: 4A
 FDCB: A5 3E
FDCD: 90 02
                                     3 2 L
                                LDA
                                BCC
                                     ADD
                                                SUB: FORM 2'S COMPLEMENT
                                     #SFF
                               EGR
 FDCF: 49 FF
                               ADC
PHA
                                     AlL
 FDD1: 65 3C
                    ADD
 FDD3: 48
                                LDA
                                     #S9D
 FDD4: A9 BD
                                                PRINT '=', THEN RESULT
                                     COUT
                                JSR
 FDD6: 20 ED FD
 FDD9: 68
FDDA: 48
                                                PRINT BYTE AS 2 HEX
                    PRBYTE
                                PHA
                                                  DIGITS, DESTROYS A-REG
                                LSR
 FDDB: 4A
 FDDC: 45
                                LSR
                                     Ą
                                LSR
 FDDD: 4A
                                LSR
 FDDE: 4A
                                     PRHEXZ
 FDDF: 20 E5 FD
                                JSR
                                PLA
 FD£2: 68
                                                 PRINT HEX DIG IN A-REG
                    PRHEX
                                AND
                                      #$OP
 FDE3: 29 OF
                                      #SEO
                                                  LSB'S
                    PRHEX2
                                ORA
 FDE5: 09 BO
                                CMP
                                      #$BA
 FDE7: C9 BA
                                BCC
ADC
                                      COUT
 FDE9: 90 02
                                      #$06
 FDEB: 69 06
                                                 VECTOR TO USER OUTPUT ROUTINE
                                      (CSWL)
               0.0
                   COUT
                                JMP
 FDED: 6C 36
                                      #SAO
                    COUT1
                                CMP
 FDF0: C9 A0 FDF2: 90 02
                                                 DON'T OUTPUT CTRL'S INVERSE
                               - BCC
                                      COUTZ
                                                 MASK WITH INVERSE FLAG
                                      INVFLG
                                AND
 FDF4: 25 32
                                                 SAV Y-REG
SAV A-PEG
                                      YSAVI
                                STY
 FDF6: 84 35
                    COUTZ
                                PHA
  FDF8: 48
                                                 OUTPUT A-REG AS ASCII
                                      TUDGIV
                                JSR
  FDF9: 20 FD FB
                                                 RESTORE A-REG
                                PLA
  FDFC: 68
                                                   AND Y-REG
                                LDY
                                      YSAV1
 FDFD: A4 35
FDFF: 60
                                                 THEN RETURN
                                RTS
                    BLl
                                DEC
                                      YSAV
  FE00: C6 34 FE02: F0 9F
                                BEO
                                      8 MAX
                                                 BLANK TO MON
                    BLANK
                                DEX
  FEG4: CA
                                                 AFTER BLANK
                                      SETMOZ
                                BNE
  FE05: DO 16
FE07: C9 BA
                                                 DATA STORE MODE?
                                      ≱SBA
                                CMP
                                                   NO, XAM, ADD, OR SUB
                                      XAMPM
                                BNE
  FE09: DO BB
                                                 KEEP IN STORE MODE
                                STA
                                      MODE
                    STOR.
  FEOB: 85 31
                                LDA
  PEOD: A5 3E
                          86
```

OUTPUT CR

**

```
(A3L),Y STORE AS LOW BYTE AS (A3) -
FEOF: 91 40
                             STA
FE11: E6 40
                             TNC
                                 A 3 f.
                             BNE
                                  RTS 5
                                            INCR A3, RETURN
FE13: D0 02
FE15: E6 41
                             INC
                                  438
FE17: 60
FE18: A4 34
                  RTS5
                             RTS
                                            SAVE CONVERTED ':', "+',
                                 YSAV
                  SETMODE
                             LDY
                                 IN-1,Y
                                               '-', '.' AS MODE.
FE1A: 89 FF 01
                             LDA
FE1D: 85 31 FE1F: 60
                  SETMOZ
                             STA
                                  MODE
                             RTS
FE20: A2 01
                  LT
                                 *$01
                             LDX
                                 A2L,X
                                          " COPYTAZ (2 BYTES) TO
FE22: B5 3E
                 LT2
                             LDA
                                 A4L,X
                                              A4 AND A5
FE24: 95 42
                             STA
FE26: 95 44
FE28: CA
                             DEX
FE29: 10 F7
                             BPL
                                 LT2
FE2B: 60
                             RTS
                                  (AlL),Y MOVE (Al TO A2) TO
FE2C: B1 3C
                 MOVE
                             LDA
                                             (A4)
                                 (A4L),Y
FE2E: 91 42
                             STA
FE30: 20 84 FC
                             JSR
FE33: 90 F7
                             BCC
                                 MOVE
FE35: 60
FE36: B1 3C
                             RTS
                             LDA
                                 (AIL), Y VERIFY (A1 TO A2) WITH
                                 (A4L),Y
                             CMP
                                             (A4)
FE38: D1 42
                                 VEYOR
FE3A: FO 1C
                             BEQ
FE3C: 20 92 FD
                             JSR
                                 PRAI
FE3F: B1 3C
                                  (AlL),Y
                             LDA
FE41: 20 DA FD
                             JSR
                                 PRBYTE
                                 #$A0
FE44: A9 A0
                             LDA
FE46: 20 ED FD
                             JSR
                                 COUT
FE49: A9 A8
                             LDA
                                 RARE
                             JSR "COUT
FE48: 20 ED FD
FE4E: 81 42
FE50: 20 DA FD
                             LDA
                                 (A4L)
                             Jšť
                                  PREYTE
FE53: A9 A9
                             LDA
                                 #SA9
PE55: 20 ED FD
PE58: 20 B4 FC
                             JSR
                                 COUT
                VEYOR
                             JSR
                                 NXTA4
FE5B: 90 D9
                             8CC
                                 777Y
FESD: 60
FESE: 20 75 FE LIST
                             PTS
                                            TVE A1 (2 BYTES) TO PC IF SPEC'D AND
                             JSR AlPC
FE61: A9 14
                            LDA
                                 #$14
FE63: 48
FE64: 20 D0 F8
                            PHA
                                            DISSEMBLE 20 INSTRS
                 LIST2
                            JSR
                                 INSTESP
FE67: 20 53 F9
                            JSP
                                  PCADJ
                                            ADJUST PC EACH INSTR
FE6A: 85 3A
                            STA
                                 PCL
FE6C: 84 3B
                                  PCH
FE6E: 68
                            PLA
FE6F: 38
                            SEC
                                  #801
                                            MEXT OF 20 INSTRS
FE70: E9 01
                            SBC
                                 LIST2
FE72: DU EF
                            BNE
                            RTS
FE74: 60
FE75: 8A
                                            IF USER SPEC'D ADR
                            TXA
                 AlPC
                                 Alperts
                                              COPY FROM A1 TO PC
FE76: FO 07
                            SEC
                 AIPCLP
FET8: 85 3C
                                 Alt.X
                            LDA
FE7A: 95 3A
                            STA
                                  PCL,X
FE7C: CA
                            DEX
                                Alpclp
FE7D: 10 F9
                            PPL
FE7F: 60
                 Alperts
                            RTS
PE80: A0 3F
                 SETINV
                            ĻDY
                                  #$3F
                                            SET FOR INVERSE VID
                            BNE
                                  SETIFLG
                                             VIA COUTI
FE82: D0 02
                 SETNORM
                            LDY
                                  #$FF
                                            SET FOR NORMAL VID
FE84: A0 FF
                                 INVFLG
FE86: 84 32
                 SETIFLG
                            STY
FE88: 60
FE89: A9 00
                            RTS
                 SETKBD
                            LDA
                                  #S00
                                            SIMULATE PORT #0 INPUT
                                             SPECIFIED (KEYIN ROUTINE)
FE8B: 85 3E
                 INPORT
                            STA
                                 AZL
FE8D: A2 38
                 INPRT
                            LDX
                                 #KS₩L
FESF: AO 1B
                            LDY
                                  #KEYIN
                            ENE
                                 IGPRT
FE91: D0 08
                 SETVID
                            LDA
                                  $500
                                            SIYULATE PORT #0 OUTPUT
FE93: A9 00
FE95: 85 3E
                 TROTTUO
                            STA
                                 A2L
                                            SPECIFIED (COUT) POUTINE)
                            LDX
                                  ∦CSWL
FE97: A2 36
                 OUTPRT
                                  #COUT1
                            LDY
FE99: A0 F0
                                            SET RAM IN/OUT VECTORS
                 IOPRT
                            LDA
                                 A2L
FE9B: A5 3E
FE9D: 29 OF
                             AND
                                  #50F
                            BEQ
                                  IOPRT1
PE9F: F0 06
                                  #10ADR/256
FEA1: 09 CO
                            ORA
FEA3: A0 00
                            LDY
                                  #S00
FEA5: FO 02
                            PEO
                                 10PRT2
FEA7: A9 FD
                 IOPETI
                            LDA
STY
                                  #COUT1/256
                                  LOC0,X
                 IOPRT2
FEA9: 94 00
                            STA
                                  LOC1.X*
FEAB: 95 01
                            PTS
FEAD: 60
                            NOP
FEAE: EA
FEAF: EA
                            NOP
                                            TO BASIC WITH SCRATCH CONTINUE BASIC
FEBO: 4C 00 E0 XBASIC
FEB3: 4C 03 EU BASCONT
                            J'IP
                                  RASIC
                            JMP
                                  BASIC2
```

```
FEB6: 20 75 P€
                                               RESTORE META PEGS
GO TO USEP SUBR
FEB9: 20 3F FF
FEBC: 6C 3A 00
                               JSP
                                    RESTOPE
           3A 00
                               JMP
 FEBF: 4C D7 FA
                   REGZ
                               JYP
                                    PEGDSP
                                                TO REG DISPLAY
 FEC2: C6 34
FEC4: 20 75 FE
                   TPACE
                               DEC
                                     YSAV
                                               ADR TO PC IF SPEC'D TAKE ONE STEP
                   STEPZ
                               JSR
                                    AlPC
                               JHP
 FEC7: 4C 43 FA
                                     STEP
                                               TO USP SUBR AT USRADR
 FECA: 4C F8 03
                   USP
                               JMP
                                    USRADR
                   WRITE
 FECD: A9 40
                               LDA
                                     4540
 FECF: 20 C9 PC
                               JSR
                                    HEADR-
                                               WRITE 10-SEC HEADER
                               LDY
                                    #822
 FED2: A0 27
 FED4: A2 00
                   WR1
                               LDX
                                     *$00
 FED6: 41 3C
                               EOP
                                     (All,X)
 FED8: 48
                               PHA
 FED9: Al 3C
                               LDA
                                     (AlL,X)
 FEDB: 20 ED FE
                               J$R
                                     ARPYTE
                                    NXTAL
 FEDE: 20 BA FC
                               JSR
 FEE1: AC 1D
                               LDY
                                    #$1D
 FEE3: 68
                               PLA
                                    W5.1
 FEE4: 90 ZE
                               BCC
 FEE6: A0 22
FEE8: 20 ED FE
                               LDY
                                     #522
                                    WREYTE
                               JSR
 PEES: FO 40
                               BEC
                                    FELL
 FEED: A2 10
                   WRBYTE
                               LDX
                                    #S10
 FEEF: OA
                   WRBYT 2
                               ASL
 FEF0: 20 D6 FC
                               JSR
                                    WRBIT
 FEF3: DO FA
                               BNE
                                    WREYT2
 FEF5: 6D
                               RTS
 FEF6: 20 00 FE CRMON
                                               HANDLE CR AS ELANK
                               JSP
                                    BLl
 FEF9: 68
                                               THEN POP STACK
                               PLA
                                               AND STN TO MON
 FEFA: 68
                               PLA
 FEFB: DO 6C
                                    MONZ
                              BNE
 FEFD: 20 FA FC
                  READ
                               JSR
                                    RD2BIT
                                               FIND TAPEIN EDGE
 FF00: A9 16
                               LDA
                                    #$16
                                               DMIAY 3.5 SECONDS
INIT CHKSOM=$FF
PIMD TAPEIN EDGE
 FF02: 20 C9 FC
                                    HEADR
                               JSR
 FF05: 85 2E
                              STA
                                    CHKSUM
FF07: 20 FA FC
                              JSR
                                    RC2BIT
                                               LOOK FOR SYNC BIT (SHORT 0)
                              LDY
 FF0A: A0 24
                                    #$24
 FFOC: 20 FD FC
                              JSR
                                    RDSIT
                                                 LOOP UNTIL FOUND
 FFOF: BO F9
                              BCS
                                    RD2
                                               SKIP SECOND SYNC H-CYCLE
                                    ROBIT
FF11: 20 FD FC
                              JSR
                                               INDEX FOR 0/1 TEST
                                     #$3B
FF14: A0
           3B
                              LDY
 FF16: 20 EC FC
                  RD3
                              JSR
                                    ROBYTE
                                               PEAD A SYTE
FF19: 81 3C
                              STA
                                    (AlL,X)
                                               STORE AT (A1)
FF1B: 45
          2E
                              EDR
                                    CHKSUM
                                               UPDATE RUNNING CHKSUM
FF1D: 85 2E
                              STA
                                    CHKSUM.
                                               INCR A1, COMPARE TO A2 COMPENSATE 0/1 INDEX
 FF1P: 20 BA FC
                              JSR
                                    NXTAL
FF22: A0
          35
                              LDY
                                    #533
FF24: 90 FO
                                    RD3
                                               LOOP UNTIL DONE
                              BCC
                                               READ CHKSUM BYTS
FF26: 20 EC FC
                                    RDDYTE
                              JS8
FF29: C5
                              CMP
                                    CHKSUM
          2 E
                                               GOOD, SOUND BELL AND RETURN
FF28: F0 0D
                              BEO
                                    SELL
FF2D: A9 C5
FF2F: 20 ED FD
                  PREBR
                              LDA
                                    #$C5
                                    COUT
                                               PRINT "EPP", THEN BELL
FF32: A9 D2
                              Lna
                                    #SD2
FF34: 20 ED FD
FF37: 20 ED FD
                                    COUT
                              JSR
                              JSR
                                    COUT
FF3A: A9 87
                                               OUTPUT BELL AND RETURN
                  SELL
                              LDA
                                    #S67
FF3C: 4C ED FD
FF3F: A5 48
                              JUIP.
                                    COURT
                  RESTORE
                              LDA
                                    STATUS
                                               RESTORE 6502 REG CONTENTS
                                               USED BY DEBUG SOFTWAPE
FF41: 48
                              PHA
FF42: A5 45
                              LDA
                                    ACC
FF44: A6 46
                  REST81
                              LDX
                                    XREG
                              LDY
FF46: A4 47
                                    YREG
FF48: 28
                              PLP
FF49: 60
                              RTS
                                               SAVE 6502 REG CONTENTS
FF4A: 85 45
                  SAVE
                              STA
                                    ACC
FF4C: 86 46
                  SAVI
                              STX
                                    XREG
FF4E: 84 47
                              STY
                                    YREG
FF50: 08
                              PHP
FF51: 68
FF52: 85 48
                              PLA
STA
                                    STATUS
FF54: BA
                              TSX
                              STX
FF55: 86 49
                                    SPNT
FF58: 60
                              2TS
FF59: 20 84 FE
                              JSR
                                   SETNOPS
                                              SET SCREEN TODE
                 PESET
                                                 AND INIT KED/SCREEN
FF5C: 20 2F FB
                              JSR
                                    INIT
FF5F: 20 93 FE
                                                 AS I/O DEV'S
                              JSR
                                    SETVID
FF62:
       20 89 FE
                              JSR
                                    SETKED
FF65: D8
                  MON
                              CLD
                                               MUST SET HEX MODE!
2566: 20 3A FF
                              JSR
                                    BELL
FF69: A9 AA
FF68: 85 33
                                               ** PROMPT FOR MON
                  MONZ
                              LDA
                                    $SAA
                              STA
                                    PROMPT
FF6D: 20 67 FD
                              JSP.
                                    GETLNZ
                                               READ A LINE
                                                      420
```

JSR

Alpo

ADR TO PC IF SPEC'D

```
8870: 20 C7 FF
FF73: 20 A7 FF
                                      240DE
                                                 CLEAR MON MODE, SCAN IDX
                                JSR
                                                 GET ITEM, NON-HEX
CHAR IN A-REG
                   NXTITM
                                      GETNUM
                                JSF
FF76: 84 34
                                STY
                                      YSAV
FF78: A0 17
FF7A: 88
                                LDY
                                      #$17
                                                   X-REC=0 IF NO HEX INPUT
                   CHRSRCH
                                DEY
                                                 NOT FOUND, GO TO MON
FF7B: 30 E8
                               BAT.
                                      MON
                                      CHRTSL,Y FIND CMND CHAR IN TEL
FF7D: D9 CC FF
                                CMP
 PP80: D0 PB
                                SME
                                      CHRSPCH
FF82: 20 BE FF
                                                FOUND, CALL CORRESPONDING
                                JSR
                                      TOSUS
FF85: A4 34 FF87: 4C 73 FF
                               LDY
                                      YSAV
                                                   SUPPOUTINE
                                JMP
                                      NXTITM
FF8A: A2 03
                   DIG
                               LDX
                                     #503
FF8C: OA
                               ASL
 FF8D: 0A
                               ASL
                                                GOT HEX DIG,
FFBE: 0A
                               ASL
                                                   SHIFT INTO A2
PF8F: 0A
                               ASL
FF90: 0A
                   NXTBIT
                               ASL
FF91: 26 3E
                                     A2L
                               ROL
FP93: 26 3F
                               POL
                                     A28
FF95: CA
                                                LEAVE X=SFF IF DIG
                               DEX
FF96: 10 F8
                                     NXTBIT
                               821.
FF98: A5 31
FF9A: D0 06
                   NXTEAS
                               LDA
PNE
                                     MODE
                                     NXTES2
                                                IF MODE IS 32RO
FF9C: B5 3F
                                                 THEN COPY A2 TO
                               ĻDA
                                     A2H,X
FF9E: 95 3D
FFAO: 95 41
                               STA
                                     AlH,X
                                                   41 AND 43
                               STA
                                     X,HEA
FFA2: E8
                   NXIBS2
                               INX
                               BNE
BNE
FFA3: FO F3
                                     AXTRAS
FFA5: D0 06
                                     NXTC2B
FFA7: A2 00
                                                CLEAP A2
                   GETHUM
                               LDX
                                     #S00
FFA9: 86 3E
FFAB: 86 3F
                               STX
                                     A2L
                               STX
                                     A 2.5
FFAD: B9 00 02 NXTCHP
                                                GET CHAR
                               LDA
                                     IV,Y
FF80: C8
FF81: 49 B0
                               INY
                               ECR
                                     1530
FFB3: C9 0A
                               CMF
                                     #50A
FFB5: 90 D3
                               3C¢
                                     CIG
                                                IF HEX DIG, THEN
FFB7: 69 86
                               ADC
                                     #508
FF89: C9 FA
                               CMP
                                     ≠SFA
FFB3: B0 CD
                               BCS
                                     DIG
FFBD: 60
                               RTS
                                     #CO/256 PUSY AIGH-ORDER
FFES: A9 FE
                   TOSUS
                               LDA
                                     SUEP ADR ON STK
FFC0: 48
                               PHA
FFC1: B9 E3 FF
FFC4: 48
                               LEA
                                                SU6. ADP ON STK
                               PHA
FFC5: A5 31
                               LūA
                                     MODE
FFC7: A0 00 FFC9: 84 31
                   ZHODE
                               LDY
                                     *snc
                                                CLP MODE, CLD MODE
                                                  TO A-REG
                               SIY
                                     MODE
                                                GO TO SURE VIA RTS F ("CTRL-C")
FFCB: 60
                               STS
                   CHRIBL
FFCC: BC
                                     330
                               DEB
                                                F("CTRL-Y")
FFCD: B2
                               DER
                                     Se2
                                                F("CTRL-E")
F("T")
FFCE: BE
                                     $3£
$50
                               DEB
FFCF: ED
                               OFB
FFDO: EF
                               DFF
                                                F("V")
                                     SEF
PFD1: C4
                                                F("CTRL-K")
                               330
                                     $C4
                                                F("S")
F("CTPL-P")
FFD2: EC
                               DEB
                                     SEC
FFD3: A9
                               DFB
                                     $A9
                                                F("CTRL-8")
F("-")
F("+")
FFD4: BB
                               \mathfrak{DFP}
                                     848
FFD5: A6
                               DFB
                                     $A6
FFD6: A4
                               DFE
                                     544
                                               F("M") (F=EX+OP S20+589)
F("<")
F("%")
FFD7: 06
                               DEB
                                     506
FFD8: 95
FFD9: 07
                                     $95
$07
                               DEB
                               OFB
                                                F("I")
F("L")
FFDA: 02
                               DEP
                                     $0.2
FFDB: 05
                                     565
                               DFB
FFDC: FO
                                     SFO
                                                ਵੇ ("ਜੋ<sup>2</sup>)
                               OFF
                                               F("G")
F(":")
F(":")
F("CR")
FFDD: 00
                               DFB
                                     $00
FPDE: EB
                               DFB
FFDF: 93
                               DFB
                                     $93
FFEO: A7
FFE1: C6
                              DFB
                                     $47
                               DF9
                                     SC6
FFE2: 99
                                                F(BLANK)
                               DF8
                                    599
FFE3: B2
                  SURTEL
                                    #BASCONT-1
                              DEB
FFE4: C9
                                     ≛USR-1
                               DFS
FFE5: BE
                                     #PEGZ-1
                               DFE
FFE6: C1
                                    #TRACE-1
                               DFB
FFE7: 35
                               DFB
                                     ëVFY-1
PPE8: 8C
                               DFB
                                     #INPRT-1
FFE9: C3
                              DFB
                                     $STEP2-1
FFFA: 96
                               DF8
                                     # DUTPRT
FFE8: AF
                              DFB
                                    #XPASIC-1
FFEC: 17
                              DFB
                                     #SETMODE-1
FFED: 17
                              DEB
                                     #SETMODE-1
PFEE: 28
                              DFB
                                    #MOVE-1
FFEF: 1F
                              DFS.
                                    #LT-1
                                                      430
```

ۇد

```
##F0: 83
##F1: 7#
                                                      DFB #SETHORM-1
DFE #SETINV-1
FFF1: 7F
FFF2: 50
FFF3: CC
FFF4: 95
FFF5: FC
FFF6: 17
FFF7: 17
                                                               *LIST-1
#MRITE-1
                                                      DFB
                                                                #GO-1
                                                      DFB
                                                                #READ-1
#SETMODE-1
#SETMODE-1
                                                      DFB
                                                      DFB
                                                      DFB
FFF7: 17
FFF8: F5
FFF9: 03
FFFA: F6
FFFB: 03
FFFC: 59
FFFD: FF
                                                                *CRMON-1
                                                      DFB
                                                               #BLANK-1
#BLANK-1
#NMI NMI VECTOR
#NMI/256
#RESET RESET VECTOR
#RESET/256
#TPO IRO VICTOR
                                                      DFB
                                                     DFB
                                                      DFB
                                                     DFB
DFB
FFFE: 86
                                                               $IRÇ IRO V3€ TOR
                                                     DFB
FFFF: FA
                                                                #IRQ/256
                                                     DFB
                                XQTNE
                                                                $30
                                                     EQU
```

ور

```
APPLE-II
     MINI-ASSEMBLER
* COPYRIGHT 1977 BY * APPLE COMPUTER INC.
* ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
        S. WOZNIAK
         A. BAUM
 TITLE "APPLE-II MINI-ASSEMBLER"
            EPZ 52E
EPZ 52F
FORMAT
LENGTH
BOOM
             EPZ
                   $31
             EPZ
EPZ
PROFPT
                   $33
$34
YSAV
ŗ,
             EPZ
                   $35
PCL
PCH
                   93A
938
             ΕPΖ
            EPZ
CPZ
AlH
                   $37
                   $3E
$3F
A2L
A2E
             EPZ
A41.
             SPZ
                   542
A4H
EMT
             EPZ
                   $43
             EPZ
                   $44
14
             EQU
                   $200
INSDS2
INSTOSP
                   $F88E
            EOU
                   5F8D0
PRBL2
             EQU
                   SF94A
PCADJ
CHARI
            EQU
EQU
                   SF953
SF984
CHAR2
            EQU
EQU
EQU
                   SP9SA
                   S29C0
MNEML
MNEMP
                   $FA00
                   SECIA
CURSUP
             ZQU
GETLNZ
             បកុទ
                   $FD67
COUT
             ECU
                   SFOED
                   SFECO
SLl
             BOU
                   SFE76
SFF34
Alpcle
            600
800
EELL
                   SFFA7
             EQU
GETNUM
TOSUB
ZZODE
             EDU
                   SFFPF
SFFC7
             EOU
CHPTGL
            ECC
                   SFECC
                   $7500
#S21
            OPG
SEC
                               IS PMT COMPATIBLE
             LSP
                               WITH RELATIVE MODE?
                   CFR3
                                 40.
            LOY
                   AZd
                              DOUBLE DECREMENT
            LDX
                   4.2 L
            BNE
                   REL2
            DEY
REL2
            XSC
            TXA
CLC
                   PCL
                              FORM ADDR-PC-2
            SBC
                  AZL
PEL3
            \mathtt{STA}
            BPL
            INY
REL3
            TYA
```

£500: E9 ā1

F507: A6 3E

F509: D0 01 F508: 88

£50F: E5 3A

F511: 85 3E F513: 10 01

F50C: CA

F50D: 8A F50E: 18

F515: C8

F516: 98

F502: 4A F503: D0 14 F505: A4 3F

```
SBC
                                       PCH
F517: E5 3B
                                       ERR
                                                  ERROR IF >1-BYTE BRANCH
                                 BNE
F519: D0 6B
                    ERR3
                                 \mathbf{L}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{Y}
                                       LENGTH
F51B: A4 2F
F51D: B9 3D 00
                    FINDOP
                                                  MOVE INST TO (PC)
                                       AlB,Y
                                 LDA
                    FNDOP 2
                                 STA
                                       (PCL),Y
F520: 91 3A
F522: 88
F523: 10 F8
                                       ENDOP2
                                 8PL
F525: 20 1A FC
                                 JSR
                                       CURSUP
                                                   RESTORE CURSOR
                                       CURSUP
                                 JSP
F528: 20 1A FC F528: 20 DO F8
                                                   TYPE FORMATTED LINE
                                       INSTOSP
                                 JSR
                                                   UPDATE PC
F52E: 20 53 F9
                                 JSR
                                       PCADJ
F531: 84 3B
F533: 85 3A
                                 STY
                                       PCH
                                 STA
                                       PCL
                                                  GET NEXT LINE
                                       NXTLINE
F535: 4C 95 F5
                                 JMP
                                                  GO TO DELIM HANDLER
RESTORE Y-INDEX
                   FAKEMON3
                                JSR
                                       TOSUB
P538: 20 BE FF
F53B: A4 34
                                       YSAV
                                 LDY
                                                   READ PARAM
F53D: 20 A7 FF
                    FAKEMON
                                 JSR
                                       GETNUM
                                                   SAVE Y-INDEX
INIT DELIMITER INDEX
F540: 84 34
F542: A0 17
                                 LDY
                                       #$17
                                                   CHECK NEXT DELIM
                    FAKEMON2
                                 DEY
F544: 88
                                       RESETZ ERR IF UNRECOGNIZED DELIM
CHRTBL,Y COMPARE WITH DELIM TABLE
                                 BMI
CMP
P545: 30 4B
F547: D9 CC FF
                                       FAKEMON2 NO MATCH
                                 SNE
F54A: D0 F8
                                       $$15
                                                   MATCH, IS IT CR?
                                 CPY
P54C: C0 15
F54E: D0 E8
                                       FAREMONS NO, HANDLE IT IN MONITOR
                                 BNE
                                 LDA
                                       MODE
F550: A5 31
                                 LDY
                                       *$0
F552: A0 00
F554: C6 34
                                       YSAV
                                DEC
                                                   HANDLE CR OUTSIDE MONITOR
                                 JSR
                                       BL1
P556: 20 00 FE
F559: 4C 95 P5
F55C: A5 3D
                                 JMP
                                       NXTLINE
                                                   GET TRIAL OPCODE
                    TRYNEXT
                                 LDA
                                       AlH
                                                   GET FMT+LENGTH FOR OPCODE
                                 JSR
                                       INSDS 2
F55E: 20 8E F8
                                 TAX
F561: AA
F562: BD 00 FA
                                       MNEMR,X
                                                   GET LOWER MNEMONIC BYTE
                                 LDA
                                                   MATCH?
                                 CMP
                                       A4L
F565: C5 42
                                                   NO, TRY NEXT OPCODE
GET UPPER MNEMONIC BYTE
                                 BNE
                                       NEXTOP
F567: D0 13
F569: BD CO P9
                                       MNEML, X
                                 LDA
                                 CMP
                                       A4H
                                                   MATCH?
F56C: C5 43
                                                   NO, TRY NEXT OPCODE.
                                 BNE
                                       NEXTOP
F56E: D0 0C
F570: A5 44
                                 LDA
                                       FMT
                                                   GET TRIAL FORMAT
                                 LDY
                                       FORMAT
F572: A4 2E
                                                   TRIAL PORMAT RELATIVE?
 P574: C0 9D
P576: F0 88
                                 CPY
                                        #59D
                                       REL
                                 BEO
                                       PORMAT
                                                   SAME FORMAT?
                    NREL
                                 CMP
 F578: C5 2E
                                        FINDOP
                                                   YES. NO, TRY NEXT OPCODE
 F57A: F0 9F
                                 в€О
 P57C: C6 3D
                                  DEC
                                        A1H
                    NEXTOP
                                        TRYNEXT
P57E: D0 DC
                                                   NO MORE, TRY WITH LEN=2 WAS L=2 ALREADY?
                                  INC
                                        FAT
F580: E6 44
F582: C6 35
                                  DEC
                                 BEO
                                        TRYNEXT
                                                   NO.
 F584: F0 D6
                                                    YES, UNRECOGNIZED INST.
                     ERR
                                 LDY
TYA
                                        YSAV
 P586: A4 34
                     ERR2
 F588: 98
                                  TAX
 F589: AA
                                                   PRINT OUNDER LAST READ CHAR TO INDICATE ERROR
                                        PRBL2
 F58A: 20 4A F9
F58D: A9 DE
                                  JSR
                                        #SDE
                                  LDA
                                        COUT
                                                    POSITION.
 F58F: 20 ED FD
                                  JSR
                                        BELL
 F592: 20 3A FF
                     RESETZ
                                  JSR
                                                    ٠.
 F595: A9 A1
                                  LDA
                                        *SA1
                                                    INITIALIZE PROMPT
                                  STA
                                        PROMPT
 F597: 85 33
                                                   GET LINE.
INIT SCREEN STUFF
 F599: 20 67 FD
F59C: 20 C7 FF
                                  JSR
                                        GETLNZ
                                        ZMODE
                                  JSR
                                                    GET CHAR
 F59F: AD 00 02
                                        IN
                                  LDA
                                                    ASCII BLANK?
 F5A2: C9 A0
F5A4: F0 13
                                  CMP
BEQ
                                        #SA0
                                        SPACE
                                                    YES
 F5A6: C8
                                  INY
                                                    ASCII '$' IN COL 1?
 F5A7: C9 A4
F5A9: F0 92
                                  CMP
                                                   YES, SIMULATE MONITOR
NO. BACKUP A CHAR
                                        FAKEMON
                                  ΒEQ
                                  DEY
 F5AB: 88
                                                   GET A NUMBER
':' TERMINATOR?
 F5AC: 20 A7 FF
F5AF: C9 93
                                  JSP
CMP
                                        GETNUM
                                        #$93
                                                    NO. ERR.
                                  BNJ"
                                        ERR2
 F5Bl: D0 D5
                     ERR4
                                  TXA
 F583: 8A
                                                    NO ADR PRECEDING COLON.
                                  BEO
                                        ERR2
 F5B4: F0 D2
                                                    MOVE ADR TO PCL, PCH.
COUNT OF CHARS IN MNEMONIC
                                        AlPCLP
 F5B6: 20 78 FE
                                  JSR
 F5B9: A9 03
F5BB: 85 30
                                  LDA
                                        453
                     SPACE
                                  STA
                                        AlB
                                        GETNSP
                                                    CET FIRST MNEM CHAR.
                                  JSR
 F5BD: 20 34 P6
                     MXTMN
                                  ASL
 F5C0: 0A
                     NXTM
                                                    SUBTRACT OFFSET
                                        #SBE
 F5C1: E9 BE
                                  SBC
                                                    LEGAL CHAR?
                                  CMP
                                        *$C2
 P5C3: C9 C2
                                  всс
                                        ERR2
                                                    NO.
 FSC5: 90 Cl
FSC7: 0A
                                                    COMPRESS-LEFT JUSTIFY
                                  ASL
                                        A
                                  ASL
 £5C8: 0A
 F5C9: A2 04
F5CB: 0A
                                        #$4
                                  LDX
                                                    DO 5 TRIPLE WORD SHIFTS
                     NXTM2
                                  ASL
                                        Α
```

```
F5CC: 26 42
                               ROL
                                     A4L
FSCE: 26 43 F5D0: CA
                               ROL
                                     A 4 9
                               DEX
F5D1: 10 F8
                                     NXTM2
                               SPL
F5D3: C6
                               DEC
                                                DONE WITH 3 CHARS?
           30
                                     AlH.
F505: F0 F4
                                     NXTM2
                                                YES, BUT DO 1 MORE SHIFT
FSD7: 10 E4
                               BPL
                                     NXTHN
F5D9: A2 05
F5DB: 20 34 F6
                               LDX
                                     $55
                                                5 CHAPS IN ADDR MODE
                   PORM2
                               ĭS₽
                                     GETNSP
                                                GET FIRST CHAR OF ADDR
F5DE: 84 34
                               STY
                                     YSAV
F5E0: DD 84 F9
                               CMP
                                     CHARL,X
                                                FIRST CHAR MATCH PATTERN?
F5E3: D0 13
                                     FORM3
                               BNE
                                                NO
                                                YES, GET SECOND CHAR
FSES: 20 34 F6
                               JSR
                                     GETNSP
F5E8: DD DA F9
                               CMP
                                     CFAR2,X
                                                MATCHES SECOND HALF?
F5EB: F0 OD
                               550
                                     CORM 5
                                                YES
                                               NO, IS SECOND HALF ZERO?
                                     CdA⊇2,X
F5ED: BD BA F9
                               LDA
F5F0: F0 07
F5F2: C9 A4
                               BEO
                                     FORM4
                                               YES.
NO.SECOND HALF OPTIONAL?
                               CMP
                                     #544
F5F4: F0 03
                               6EO
                                     EOPM 4
                                                YES.
F5F6: A4 34
                               LCY
                                     YSAV
F5F8: 18
                   FORM3
                                                CLEAR BIT-NO MATCH
                               CLC
F5F9: 88
                   FORM 4
                               DEY
                                                BACK UP 1 CHAR
F5FA: 26 44
F5FC: E0 03
                   FORM5
                                               FORM FORMAT SYTE TIME TO CHECK FOR ADDR.
                               CPX
                                     #$3
F5FE: D0 0D
                                     FORM7
                               BNE
                                               NO
F600: 20 A7
F603: A5 3F
                                               YES
                               JSR
                                     GE INUM
                               LDA
                                     428
F605: F0 01
                                               HIGH-ORDER BYTE ZERO
                                     FORMS
                               BEO
                                               NO, INCE FOR 2-BYTE
STOPE LENGTH
F607: E8
                               INX
F608: 86 35
                   FORM 6
                               STX
F60A: A2 03
                                    †$3
                                                RELOAD FORMAT INDEX
                               LDX
                                                BACKUP A CHAR
F60C: 88
                               DEY
F60D: 86 3D
                   FOR47
                               STX
                                    AlH
                                                SAVE INDEX
F60F: CA
                               DEX
                                               DONE WITH FORMAT CHECK?
                                               NO.
YES, PUT LENGTH
F610: 10 C9
F612: A5 44
                               BPL
                                     FORM 2
                               AGL
                                    PMT
                                               IN LOW RITS
F614: 0A
                              ASL
                                    Α
F615: 0A
                               ASL.
P616: 05 35
                               ORA
F618: C9 20
                              CMP
                                    #$20
F61A: B0 06
F61C: A6 35
                                               ADD 'S' IF NONZERO LENGTH
AND DON'T ALREADY HAVE IT
                              BCS
                                    FORM8
                              ĹDX
F61E: F0 02
                              BEQ
                                    FORM 8
F620: 09 80
                              ORA
                                    #$80
F622: 85 44
                  FORMS
                              STA
                                    FMT
F624: 84 34
                              STY
                                    YSAV
F626: B9 00 02
F629: C9 8B
                              LDA
CMP
                                    IN,Y
                                               GET NEXT NONBLANK
';' START OF COMMENT?
                                               YES
F62B: F0 04
                              BEQ
                                    FORM9
F62D: C9 8D
                              CMP
                                    #$8D
                                               CARRIAGE FETURN?
F62F: D0 80
                              BNE
                                    ERP4
                                               NO, ERP.
F631: 4C 5C F5 FORM9
                              JMP
                                    TRYNEXT
F634: B9 00 02 GETNSP
                                    IN,Y
                             . LDA
P637: C8
                              TNY
F638: C9 A0
                              CMP
                                    #SA0
                                               GET NEXT NON BLANK CHAR
F63A: F0 P8
F63C: 60
                              BEO
                                    GETNSP
                              RTS
                              ORG
                                    SF666
F666: 4C 92 F5 MINASM
                              JMP
                                    RESETZ
```

Ìέ

```
APPLE-II FLOATING
                         POINT ROUTINES
                    * COPYRIGHT 1977 BY
                    * APPLE COMPUTER INC.
                    * ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
                           S. WOZNIAK
                     TITLE "FLOATING POINT ROUTINES"
                                      SF3
                                SPZ
                    SIGN
                    X2
M2
                                 823
                                       SF4
                                 EP Z
                                 EPZ
                                       SE8
                    X1
                                 EPZ
                    М1
                                 EPZ
                                       SEC
                    Ε
                                 EQU
                                       $3£5
                    OVLOC
                                       SF425
                                 ORG
                                                  CLEAR CARRY.
F425: 18
                    ADD
                                 CLC
                                                   INDEX FOR 3-BYTE ADD.
                                       #$2
                                \mathbf{L}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{X}
F426: A2 02
                                      M1,X
M2,X
                    ADDl
                                 LDA
F428: B5 F9
F42A: 75 F5
                                                   ADD A SYTE OF MANT2 TO MANTI.
                                 ADÇ
                                 STA
                                       M1.X
F42C: 95 F9
                                                   INDEX TO NEXT MORE SIGNIF. BYTE.
F42E: CA
F42F: 10 F7
                                 DEY
                                                   LOOP UNTIL DONE.
                                       ADDI
                                                   RETURN
                                 RTS
£431: 60
                                                   CLEAR LSE OF SIGN.
ABS VAL OF M1, THEN SWAP WITH M2
                                       SIGN
F432: 06 F3
F434: 20 37 F4
                                 ASL
                    MD1
                                 JSR
                                       ABSWAP
                                                   MANTI NEGATIVE?
£437: 24 £9
                    ABSWAP
                                 BIT
                                       M1
                                                  NO, SWAP WITH MANTZ AND RETURN. YES, COMPLEMENT IT. INCH SIGN, COMPLEMENTING LSB. SET CARPY FOR RETURN TO MUL/DIV. INDEX FOR 4-BYTE SWAP.
                                       ABSWAP1
PCOMPL
                                 SPL
F439: 10 05
F438: 20 A4 F4
                                 JSR
                                 INC
                                       SIGN
P43E: E6 F3
                    ADSWAP1
                                 SEC
F440: 38
                                       454
F441: A2 G4
                    SMAP
                                 LDX
                                 STY
                                       E-1,X
F443: 94 FB
                    SMAP1
                                                   SWAP A SYTE OF EXP/MANT1 WITE EXP/MANT2 AND LEAVE A COPY OF
F445: 85 F7
F447: 84 F3
                                       x1-1,x
                                 LDA
                                 LDY
                                       x2-1,x
                                                   MANTI IN E (3 SYTES). E+3 USED
                                       X1-1,X
                                 STY
F449: 94 F7
                                       X2-1,X
 F44B: 95 F3
                                                   ADVANCE INDEX TO NEXT SYTE.
                                 DEX
F44D: CA
                                                   LOOP UNTIL DOME.
                                 BNE
                                      SWAPI
F44E: D0 F3
                                                   PETURN
INIT EXPL TO 14,
                                 RTS
F450: 60
F451: A9 85
                                       #58£
                    FLOAT
                                 LDA
                                                   THEN WORMALIZE TO FLOAT.
                                 STA
                                       x_1
F453: 85 F8
                                                   HIGH-ORDER MANTI BYTE.
                                      M1
#$CD
                    NOP™1
                                 LOA
F455: A5 F9
F457: C9 C0
                                                   UPPER TWO BITS UNEQUAL?
                                 CMP
                                                   YES, RETURN WITH MANTI MORMALIZED
                                       RTSI
                                 IMS
£459: 30 OC
                                                   DECREMENT EXPL.
F459: C6 F8
F45D: 06 F8
                                 DEC
                                       X1
7:1+2
                                 ASL
                                                 SHIFT MARTI (3 SYTES) LEFT.
                                       41+1
                                 ROL
 F45F: 26 FA
                                 ROL
F461: 26 F9
F463: A5 F8
                                                   EXPl ZERO?
                    NORM
                                 LDA
                                       Χĺ
                                                   NO, CONTINUE NORMALIZING.
                                 BNE
                                       NOR#1
F465: DO EE
                                 PTS
                                                   RETURN.
F467: 60 RTS1
F468: 20 A4 F4 FSUB
                                                   CMPL MANTI, CLEARS CARRY UNLESS 0
                                       FCOMPL
                                 JSR.
                                                   RIGHT SHIFT MANTI OR SWAP WITH
 F46B: 20 7B F4 - SWPALGN
                                 JSR
                                       ALGNSWP
F46E: A5 F4
F470: C5 F8
                                       X 2
X 1
                                 LDA
                                                   COMPARE EXPL WITH EXP2.
                                 CMP
                                                   IF 1, SWAP ADDENDS OF ALIGN MANTS.
                                       SWPALGN
F472: D0 F7
                                 BNE
                                                   ADD ALIGNED MANTISSAS.
                                       ADD
                                 JSR
 £474: 20 25 £4
                                                   NO OVERFLOW, NORMALIZE RESULT.
                    ADDEND
                                       NORM
                                 BVC
 F477: 50 EA
                                                   OV: SHIFT MI RIGHT, CARPY INTO SIGN
 F479: 70 05
                                 BVS
                                       RTLOG
```

Ţ,

94

	F478: 90 C4	ALGNERP	BCC	SWAP	SMAP IF CARRY CLEAR,
		*	FLSE S	HIEL SIGH	r ARITH. SICN OF MANT1 INTO CARRY FOR
	F47D: A5 F9 F47F: OA	RTAP	LDA ASL	М1 А	RIGHT ARITH SHIFT.
	F480: E6 F8	RTLOG	INC	XI	INCR X1 TO ADJUST FOR RIGHT SHIFT EXPLOUT OF RANGE.
	F482: F0 75 F484: A2 FA	RTLOGI	BEC LDX	OVPL 45FA	INDEX FOR 6: BYTE RIGHT SHIFT.
	F486: 76 FF	ROFI	ROR	E+3,X	MEXT BYTE OF SHIFT.
	F488: E8 F489: DO FB		INX	FORT	LOOP UNTIL DONE.
	F48B: 60		RTS	v n 1	RETURN. ABS VAL OF MANT1, MANT2.
	F48C: 20 32 F4 F48F: 65 F8	FricL	JSP ACC	10א 1x	ADD EXPL TO EXP2 FOR PRODUCT EXP
	F491: 20 E2 F4		JSR CLC	MD2	CHECK PROD. EXP AND PREP. FOR MUL- CLEAR CARRY FOR FIRST BIT.
	F494: 18 F495: 20 84 F4	MUL1	CLC JSR	RTLOGI	MI AND E RIGHT (PROD AND MPLIER)
	F498: 90 03		SCC JSR	('UL2 ADD	IF CARRY CLEAP, SKIP PARTIAL PROD ADD MULTIPLICAND TO PRODUCT.
	F49A: 20 25 F4 F49D: 88	MUL2	DEY	4011	NEXT MUL ITERATION.
	F49E: 10 F5	NDENE	PPL LSR	MUL1 SIGN	LOOP UNTIL DONE. TEST SIGN \$59.
	F4A0: 46 F3 F4A2: 90 2F	MDEMD XP90M	5CC	NOR!	IF EVEN, NORMALIZE PROD, ELSE COMP
	F4A4: 38	ECONST	SEC LDX	¥53	SCT CARRY FOR SUBTRACT. INDEX FOR 3-BYTE SUBTRACT.
	F4A5: A2 03 F4A7: A9 00	CO4251	LDA	#\$O	CLEAP A.
	F4A9: F5 F8 F4AB: 95 F8		SBC STA	X1,X X1.X	SUBTRACT PYTE OF EXPL. RESTORE IT.
	F4AD: CA		DEX.	_	HEXT MORE SIGNIFICANT BYTE.
	F4AE: D0 F7 F4B0: F0 C5		BNE	COMPLI ADDEND	LOOP UNTIL DONE. NOPMALIZE (OR SHIFT RT IF OVFL).
	F482: 20 32 F4	PDIV	JSP	M 01	TAKE ABS VAL OF MANTI, MANTZ.
	F485: E5 F8 F487: 20 E2 F4		SRC JSR	X1 MD2	SUPTRACT EXPL FROM EXP2. SAVE AS QUOTIENT EXP.
	F4BA: 38	DIVI	SEC		SET CARRY FOR SUBTRACT.
	F488: A2 02 F48D: B5 P5	DIV2	LOY	≇\$2 №2,X	INDEX FOR 3-PYTE SUBTRACTION.
	F4BF: F5 FC		SBC	E,X	SUBTRACT A BYTE OF E FROM MANT2. SAVE ON STACK.
	F4C1: 48 F4C2: CA		PHA DEX		NEXT MORF SIGNIFICANT BYTE.
	F4C3: 10 F8 F4C5: A2 FD		BPL LDX	nIV2 ≢SFD	LOOP UNTIL DONE. INDEX FOR 3-BYTE CONDITIONAL MOVE
	F4C7: 68	DIV3	PŁA	4 9 1 17	PULL BYTE OF DIFFERENCE OFF STACE
	F4C8: 90 02 F4CA: 95 F8		BCC STA	DIV4 M2+3,X	IF M2 <e don't="" m2.<="" restore="" td="" then=""></e>
	F4CC: E8	DIV4	INX	MATSIA	NEXT LESS SIGNIFICANT BYTE.
	F4CD: D0 F8 F4CF: 26 FB		BNE ROL	DIV3 M1+2	LOOP UNTIL DONE.
	F4D1: 26 FA		ROL	M1+1	ROLL QUOTIENT LEFT, CARRY INTO LSB
	F4D3: 26 F9 F4D5: 06 F7		ROL ASL	M1 M2+2	
	F4D7: 26 F6		ROL	82+1	SHIFT DIVIDEND LEFT.
	F4D9: 26 F5 F4DB: B0 1C		ROL	OVFL M2	OVEL IS DUE TO UNNORMED DIVISOR
	F4DD: 88 F4DE: 00 DA		DEY BNE	DIVI	NEXT DIVIDE ITERATION. LOOP UNTIL DONE 23 ITERATIONS.
	F4EO: FO BE		BEO	MOFNO	NORM. QUOTIENT AND CORRECT SIGN.
	F4E2: 86 FB F4E4: 86 FA	MD2	STX	M1+2 M1+1	CLEAR MANTI (3 BYTES) FOR MUL/DIV.
	F4E6: 86 F9		STX	#1	
	F4E8: 80 0D F4EA: 30 04		SCS BMI	MD3	IF CALC. SET CARRY, CHECK FOR OVEL IF NEG THEN NO UNDERFLOW.
	F4EC: 68		PLA	•	POP ONE RETURN LEVEL.
	F4ED: 68 F4EE: 90 B2		PLA BCC	MC8WX	CLFAR X1 AND RETURN.
	F4F0: 49 80 F4F2: 85 F8	MD3	EOR STA	#\$80 X1	COMPLEMENT SIGN BIT OF EXPONENT. STORE IT.
	P4P4: A0 17		LDY	±\$17	COUNT 24 HUL/23 DIV ITERATIONS
	F4F6: 60 F4F7: 10 F7	OVCHK	RTS BPL	MD3 .	RETURN. IF POSITIVE EXE THEN NO OVEL.
	F4F9: 4C F5 03		JMP	OAFOC	
	F63D: 20 7D F4	FIXI	ORG JSR	\$F63D BTAR	
	P640: A5 F8	FIX	LDA SPL	X1 UNDFL	
	F642: 10 13 F644: C9 8B		CMP	#\$8E	
	F646: DO F5 F648: 24 F9		DNE	FIX1 Ml	•
	F64A: 10 0A		GPL	FIXPTS	
•	F64C: A5 FB F64E: F0 06		LDA BEQ	M1+2 FIXRTS	
	F650: E6 FA		INC	Ml+l	
	F652: D0 02 F654: E6 F9		BNE	FIXRTS Ml	
	₹656: 60	FIXRTS	RTS		
	F657: A9 00 F659: 85 F9	UNDFL	LCA STA	#\$0 _ %1	-
	P65B: 85 FA		STA RTS	71+1 g	5 : 🤲
	F65D: 60		27.9		Q.

```
APPLE-II PSEUDO
                   * MACHINE INTERPRETER *
                        COPYRIGHT 1977
                   * APPLE COMPUTER INC
                   * ALL RIGHTS PESERVED
                          S. WOZNIAK
                    TITLE "SWEETI6 INTERPRETER"
                               EPZ $0
                   ROL
                               EPZ
CPZ
                   ROH
                                     Ś٦
                                     şîn
                   R14d
                               EPZ SIE
                   R15L
                   R15H
                               EPZ
                                     :1F
                   SIGPAG
                               EOU
                                     SE7
                                     SFF4A
                   SAVE
                               EQU
                   RESTORE
                               EQU
ORG
                                     SP689
                                                PRESERVE 6502 REG CONTENTS
F689: 20 4A FF SW16
                               JSR
                                     SAVE
                               PLA
P68C: 68
                                                 INIT SWEET16 PC
F68D: 85 1E
                                     R15L
                               STA
                                                FROM RETURN
F68F: 68
                               PLA
                                                   ADDRESS
                                     P159
                               STA
£690: 85 1F
                                                 INTERPRET AND EXECUTE
F692: 20 98 F6 Swla8
                               JSR
                                     SW16C
                                     SW168
                                                ONE SWEET16 INSTR.
F695: 4C 92 F6
                               JMP
                               INC
                   SW16C
F698: E6 1E
F69A: 00 02
                                     RISL
                                                 INCP SHEET16 PC FOR FETCH
                               BNE
                                     5₩160
F69C: E6 1F
                                     E159
                               INC
                                     #516PAG
F69E: A9 F7
F6A0: 48
                   SW16D
                               LDA
                                                PUSH ON STACK FOR RTS
                               PHA
F6Al: A0 00
                               \mathbf{L} \mathbf{D} \mathbf{Y}
                                     # S O
                                     (RISL),Y FETCH INSTR
#SF MASK REG SP
                               LDA
                                                MASK REG SPECIFICATION
                               AND
F6A5: 29 OF
                                                 DOUBLE FOR 2-MYTE REGISTERS
                               ASL
F6A7: 0A
                                     Α
                               TAX
                                                TO X-REG FOR IMPEXING
F6A8: AA
                               LSR
F6A9: 4A
F6AA: 51 1£
                               EOR
                                     (R15L),Y NOW MAVE OPCODE
                                                IF ZERO THEN NON-REG OF INDICATE PRIOP RESULT PEG.
                                     TOPE
F6AC: F0 0B
F6AE: 86 1D
                               BEQ
                                     R14#
                               STX
F6B0: 4A
                               LSB
                                                OPCODE*2 TO LSP'S
F6B1: 4A
F6B2: 4A
                               LSR
                               LSR
                                     А
                                                TO Y-REG FOR INDEXING
F683: A8
                               PAY
                                     OPTBL-2,Y LOW-OPDFR ADR SYTE
F684: B9 E1 F6
F6B7: 48
                               LDA
                                                ONTO STACK
                                                GOTO REG-OP POUTINE
                               P.TS
£688: 60
F6B9: E6 1E
F6BB: D0 02
                   TO39
                                                INCR PC
                               BNE
                                     PORR2
                                     P150
F68D: E6 1F
                               INC
F65F: BD F4 F6 TC3F2
F6C2: 48
                                     SETEL,X
                                                LOW-ORDER ADE EYTE ONTO STACK FOR GON-REG OF
                               LOA
                                                 'PRIOR RESULT FEG' INDEX
                               \mathbf{L}\mathbf{D}\mathbf{A}
                                     2145
F6C3: A5 1D
                                                PREPARE CARRY FOR BC, BNC. GCTO WON-REG OP POUTINE
                               LSP
F6C5: 44
F6C6: 60
                               PTS
                                                 FOR RETURN ADDRESS
F6C7: 68
                   RINZ
                               PLA
F6C8: 68
F6C9: 20 3F FF
                                     PESTORE RESTORE 6502 REG CONTENTS
(R151) RETURN TO 6502 CODE VIA PO
                               JSR
                                                PETURN TO 6502 CODE VIA PC
                               Jĸ₽
                                     (P151)
F6CC: 6C 1E 00
                                      (RISL), Y HIGH-ORDER BYTE OF CONSTANT
                               LDA
F6CF: B1 1F
                   SETZ
```

```
STA ROH, X
F6D1: 95 01
                               DEY
F6D3: 88
                                      (PISE),Y LOW-ORDER BYTE OF CONSTANT
F6D4: B1 1E
F6D6: 95 00
                               STA
                                    ROL,X
                                                 Y-REG CONTAINS 1
F6DB: 98
F6D9: 38
                               TYA
                                SEC
                                     F15L
                                                 ADD 2 TO PC
                                ADC
F6DA: 65 1E
                                STA
                                      715L
F6DC: 85 1E
F6DE: 90 02
F6E0: E6 1F
                                BCC
                                      SET2
                                INC
                   SET2
                                RTS
F6E2: 60
                                                 (1X)
                                DEE
F6E3: 02
6E4: F9
                   OPTSL
                                      RIN-1
                   BRIBL
                                DFE
                                                 (0)
                                DFB
                                      LD-1
                                                 (2X)
F655: 04
                                      37-1
ST-1
                                                 (1)
(3X)
                                DFP
F6E6: 90
                                DEB
F6E7: 00
                                      BMC-1
                                                  (2)
F6E8: 9E
                                DFB
                                                 (4X)
(3)
                                      LDAT-1
F6E9: 25
                                DFR
                                      9C-1
                                DFB
F6EA: AF
                                    STAT-1
                                                  (5X)
F6EB: 16
                               DEB
F6EC: B2
F6ED: 47
                                DFB
                                      82-1
                                      LDDAT-1
                                                  (6X)
                               DFE
                                      8M-1
                                                  (5)
F6EE: 89
                                      STDAT-1
                                                  (7X)
F6EF: 51
F6F0: C0
                                DF5
                                      8 Z - 1
                                                  (6)
                               DFC
                                      POP-1
                                                  (8X)
F6F1: 2F
                               DFB
                                      3N7-1
                                                 (7)
(9X)
F6FZ: C9
F6F3: 58
                                      STPAT-1
                                DFB
                               DPR
                                      BMI-I
                                                  (8)
F6F4: D2
                                DFB
                                      ADD-1
                                                  (AX)
F6F5: 85
                               DPB
                                      3NM1-1
                                                  (9)
F6F6: DD
                                      SU3-1
                                                  (8X)
                                DFB
F6F7: 6E
                                DFB
                                                  (A)
                                      8K~1
F6F8: 05
F6F9: 33
                                DFB
                                      PCPD-1
                                                  (CX)
                                      PS-1
                                                  (8)
                                DFB
F6FA: E8
                                      CPR-1
                                                  (DX)
F6FB: 70
F6FC: 93
                                DFB
                                      3S-I
                                                  (C)
                                                  (EX)
                                DFB
                                      INR-1
F6FD: 1E
F6FE: E7
F6FF: 65
                                OFB
                                      NUL-1
DCR-1
                                                  (FX)
                                DFB
                                DFB
                                      NUL-1
                                                  (E)
F700: E7
                                                  (UNUSED)
F701: E7
F702: E7
                                DEB
                                      NUL-1
                                      NUL-Î
                                DFB
                                                 ALWAYS TAKEN
F703: 10 CA
                   SET
                                BPL
                                      SETZ
F705: 85 00
                                LDA
                                      ROL,X
                    LD
                                EQU
F707: 85 00
                                STA
                                      ROL
F709: B5 01
F70B: 85 01
                                      ROH, X
                                                 MOVE RX TO RO
                                LDA
                                STA
                                      ROS
P70D: 60
                                RTS
F70E: A5 00
F710: 95 00
                   ST
                                LDA
                                      ROL
                                                 MOVE RO TO RX
                                STA
                                      ROL,X
F712: AS 01
                                LDA
                                      ROH
F714: 95 01
F716: 60
                                STA
                                      ROH.X
                                RTS
F717: A5 00
                   STAT
                                LDA
                                      ROL
F719: 81 00
F71B: A0 00
                                                 STORE BYTE INDIRECT
                   STAT 2
                                STA
                                      (ROL,X)
                                LDY
                                     #50
                                                 INDICATE RO IS RESULT REG
F71D: 84 1D
                   STAT 3
                                STY
                                      R14H
F71F: F6 00
F721: D0 02
                                INC
                                      ROL,X
                   INR
                                                 INCR RX
                                SNE
                                      INR2
F723: F6 01
                                INC
                                      ROH, X
F725: 60
F726: Al 00
                    INR 2
                                RTS
                                      (ROL,X)
                                                 LOAD INDIRECT (RX)
                   LDAT
                                LDA
F728: 85 00
                               STA
                                      ROL
                                                 10 R0
F72A: A0 00
F72C: 84 01
                                LDY
                                      # S D
                               STY
                                      ROH
                                                 ZERO HIGH-ORDER RO BYTE
F72E: F0 ED
                                BEO
                                      STAT3
                                                 ALWAYS TAKEN
                                                 HIGH ORDER BYTS = 0
ALWAYS TAKEN
F730: A0 00
                               LDY
F732: F0 06
                               936
                                      POP2
                                                 DECR RX
F734: 20 66 F7 POPD
                               JSR
                                      DCR
                                                 POP HIGH-ORDER BYTE @RX SAVE IN Y-REG
F737: Al 00
                               LCA
                                      (ROL,X)
F739: A8
                               TAY
                                                 DECR RX
F73A: 20 66 F7 POP2
                                      DCP
                               JSR
                                      (ROL,X)
                                                 LOW-ORDER BYTE
F73D: A1 00
F73F: 85 00
                               LDA
                               STA
                                                 TO RO
                               STY
                                     ROH
F741: 84 01
                                      #50
R14H
                                                 INDICATE RO AS LAST REST REG
F743: A0 00
F745: 84 1D
                   POP3
                               LDY
                               STY
£747: 60
                               RTS
F748: 20 26
F748: A1 00
                                                 LOW-ORDER BYTE TO RO, INCR PX HIGH-ORDER BYTE TO RO
              F7 LDDAT
                               JSR
                                      LDAT
                               LDA
                                      (ROL,X)
F74D: 85 01
                               STA
                                      RCH.
F74F: 4C 1F F7
F752: 20 17 F7 STDAT
                               JMP
                                      INR
                                                STORE INDIRECT LOW-OPDER
                                                 INCR RX
                               JSR.
                                      STAT
```

```
F755: A5 01
                                  LDA
                                        ROB
                                                   BYTE AND INCP BX. THEN
   F757: 81 00
F759: 4C 1F F7
                                  STA
                                        (ROL, X)
                                                   STORE HIGH-ORDER BYTE.
                                                   INCR RX AND RETURN
                                  JMP
                                        INR
   £75C: 20 66 £7
                      STPAT
                                  J3R
                                        DCF
                                                   DECR EX
   F75F: A5 00
                                  LDA
                                        ROL
   F761: 81 00
                                  STA
                                        (POL,X)
                                                   STORE PO LOW BYTE GRX
   £763: 4C 43 F7
                                  JMP
                                        POP3
                                                   INDICATE PO AS LAST PSET REG
   F766: B5 00
                      DC 8
                                  LDA
                                        ROL,X
   F768: D0 02
                                  PNE
                                                   DECR PX
  F76A: D6 01
                                  DEC
                                        808.X
  F76C: D6 00
F76E: 60
                      DCR2
                                  DEC
                                        ROL, X
                                  RTS
  F76F: AC 00
                      SU3
                                  LDY
                                       #80
                                                   RESULT TO RO
  F771: 38
F772: A5 00
                      CPR
                                                   NOTE Y-REG = 13*2 FOR CPR
                                  SEC
                                  LDA
                                       ROL
  F774: F5 00
                                  SBC
                                       ROL,X
  F776: 99 00 00
F779: A5 01
                                  STA
                                       ROL,Y
                                                  R0-RX TO RY
                                  LDA
                                       ROH
  F77B: F5 01
                                 SBC
                                       ROH.X
  F77D: 99 01 00
                     SUB2
                                 STA
                                       ROH,Y
  F780: 98
                                 TYA
                                                  LAST RESULT REG*2
  F781: 69 00
                                 ADC
                                       *$0
                                                  CARRY TO LSB
  F783: 85 1D
                                       R14H
  F785: 60
                                 RTS
  F786: A5 00
                     ADD
                                 LDA
                                       ROL
  F788: 75 00
F78A: 85 00
                                       ROL,X
                                 ADC
                                 STA
                                                  RO+RX TO RO
  P78C: A5 01
                                 LDA
                                       ROH
  F78E: 75 01
F790: A0 00
                                 ADC
LDY
                                       ROH,X
                                       #$0
                                                  RO FOR RESULT
  F792: F0 E9
                                 350
                                       SUB2
                                                  FINISH ADD
 F794: A5 1E
F796: 20 19 F7
                     BS
                                 LDA
                                                  NOTE X-REG IS 12*2!
PUSH LOW PC BYTE VIA R12
                                       R15L
                                 JSR
                                       STATZ
  F799: A5 1F
                                 LDA
                                       R158
 F79B: 20 19 F7
F79E: 18
                                 JSR
CLC
                                       STAT2
                                                  PUSH HIGH-ORDER PC BYTE
                     ₿Ŕ
  F79F: B0 0E
                     BNC
                                 80S
                                       BNC 2
                                                  NO CARRY TEST
 F7A1: B1 1E
F7A3: 10 01
                     BRI
                                 LDA
                                       (R151), Y DISPLACEMENT BYTE
                                 SPL
 F7A5: 88
                                DEY
 F7A6: 65
                     BR2
                                 ADC
                                                  ADD TO PC
 F7A8: 85 1E
                                STA
                                       R15L
 F7AA: 98
                                TYA
 F7AB: 65 1F
                                ADC
STA
 F7AD: 85 1F
                                       R15H
 F7AF: 60
                    BNC 2
                                RTS
 F7E0: 80 EC
F7B2: 60
                    ЭC
                                BCS
                                      88
                                RTS
 F7B3: 0A
                    ВΡ
                                ASL
                                      Đ,
                                                 LOUELE RESULT-REG INDEX
 F7B4: AA
                                TAX
                                                 TO X-REG FOR INDEXING TEST FOR PLUS
 F7B5: B5 01
                                      ROE,X
                                LDA
 F7B7: 10 E8
                                \mathbb{B}\,\mathsf{S}\Gamma
                                      PP1
                                                 PRANCH IF SO
 F7B9: 60
                                PTS
ASL
 F7BA: OA
                    30
                                      Δ
                                                 DOUBLE RESULT-REG INDEX
 F7B2: AA
                                TAX
 F7BC: B5 01
F7BE: 30 E1
                                LDA
                                      ROE,X
                                                 TEST FOR MINUS
                                BMI
                                      881
 F7C0: 60
                                RTS
 F7C1: 0A
F7C2: AA
                    8 Z
                                ASL
                                                 DOUBLE RESULT-REG INDEX
                                TAX
 F7C3: B5 00
                                LCA
                                     ROL,X
                                                 TEST FOR ZERO
 F7C5: 15 01
F7C7: F0 08
                                      FOH,X
                                ORA
                                                 (BOTH PYTES)
                                BEO
                                      BE1
                                                 PRANCH IF SO
 F7C9: 60
                                RTS
F7CA: 0A
F7CB: AA
                    Pol 2
                               ASL
TAX
                                     Д
                                                 DOUBLE RESULT-REG INDEX
F7CC: B5 00
                               LDA
                                     ROL, X
                                                TEST FOR NONZERO
F7CE: 15 01
                               ORA
                                     ROH, X
                                                 (BOTH BYTES)
F7D0: D0 CF
                               BNE
                                     BR1
                                                 BRANCH IF SO
P7D2: 60
                               RTS
F7D3: GA
                   BM1
                               ASL
                                                DOUBLE RESULT-REG INDEX
                                     Α
F7D4: AA
                               TAX
F7D5: B5 00
                                     ROL, X
                               LDA
                                                CHECK BOTH BYTES
F7D7: 35 01
F7D9: 49 FF
                               AND
                                     ROH, X
                                                FOR $FF (MINUS 1)
                               EOR
                                     #SFF
F7DB: F0 C4
                               BEQ
                                     BR1
                                                BRANCH IF SO
£7DD: 60
                               RTS
F7DE: OA
                   BNM1
                               ASL
                                                DOUBLE RESULT-REG INDEX
                                     A
F7DF: AA
                               TAX
F7E0: B5 00
F7E2: 35 01
                               LDA
                                     ROL, X
                               AND
                                     ROH X
                                                CHECK FOTH BYTES FOR NO SFF .
F7E4: 49 FF
                               SOR
                                     4 SEE
F7E6: DO B9
F7E8: 60
                              BNE
                                     BR 1
                                                BRANCH IF NOT MINUS 1
                   NUL
                               RTS
F7E9: A2 18
                   RS
                              \Gamma DX
                                     #$18
                                                12*2 FOR R12 AS STK POINTER
                                                         130
```

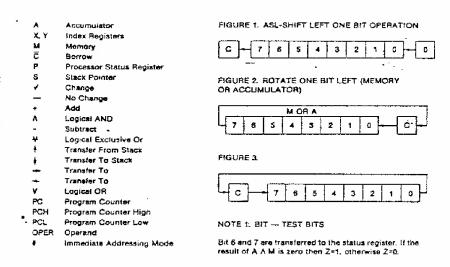
F7EB: 20 66 F7 F7EE: Al 00 F7F0: 85 1F	ĹDA	DCF (ROL,X) R15H	DECR STACK POINTER POP SIGH RETURN ADR TO PC
F7F0: 65 1F F7F2: 20 66 F7 F7F5: Al 00	JSP		SAME FOR LOW-ORDER SYTE
F7F7: 85 lE F7F9: 60	STA RTS	R15L	
F7FA: 4C C7 F6		RTNZ	

6502 MICROPROCESSOR INSTRUCTIONS

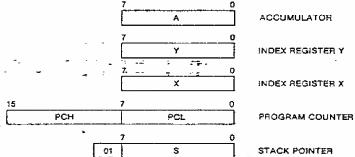
ADC	Add Memory to Accumulator with	LDA	Load Accumulator with Memory
	Carry	LDX	Load Index X with Memory
AND	"AND" Memory with Accumulator	LDY	Load Index Y with Memory
ASL	Shift Left One Bit (Memory or	LSR	Shift Right one Bit (Memory or
	Accumulator)	- 00	Accumulatori
BCC	Brench on Carry Clear	- NOP	No Operation
BCS	Branch on Carry Set	ARO.	"OR" Memory with Accumulator
BEQ	Branch on Result Zero	PHA	Push Accumulator on Stack
BIT	Test Bits in Memory with	PHP	Push Processor Status on Stack
	Accumulator	PLA	Pull Accumulator from Stack
BMI	Branch on Result Minus	PLP	Pull Processor Status from Stack
BNE	Branch on Result not Zaro		
BPL	Branch on Result Plus	ROL	Rotate One Bit Left (Memory or
BRK	Force Break		Accumulators
BVC	Branch on Overflow Clear	ROR	Rotate One Bit Right (Memory or
BVS	Branch on Overflow Sat		Accumulatori
CLC	Clear Carry Flag	RTI	Return from interrupt
CLD	Clear Decimal Mode	RTS	Return from Subroutine
CLI	Clear Interrupt Disable Sit	SBC	Subtract Memory from Accumulator
CLV	Clear Overflow Flag		with Borrow
CMP	Compare Memory and Accumulator	SEC	Set Carry Flag
CPX	Compare Memory and Index X	SED	Set Decimal Mode
CPY	Compare Memory and Index Y	SEI	Set Interrupt Disable Status
DEC	Decrement Memory by One	STA	Store Accumulator in Memory
DEX	Decrement Index X by One	STX	Store Index X in Memory
DEY	Decrement index Y by One	STY	Store Index Y in Memory
EOR	"Exclusive-Or" Memory with	ΥΑΥ	Transfer Accumulator to Index X
	Accumulator	TAY	Transfer Accumulator to Index Y
INC	Increment Memory by One	TSX	Transfer Stack Pointer to Index X
INX	Increment Index X by One	TXA	Transfer Index X to Accomulator
INY	increment Index Y by One	TXS	Transfer index X to Stack Pointer
	•	TYA	Transfer Index Y to Accumulator
JMP	Jump to New Location		
JSR	Jump to New Location Saying		

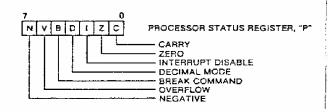
Return Address

THE FOLLOWING NOTATION APPLIES TO THIS SUMMARY:



PROGRAMMING MODEL





INSTRUCTION CODES

	•	200	Ferm	ğ	Byter	N 2 C 1 D N
ADC					-	
Add memory to	A+M+C A.C	Immediate	ADC #0per	2	~	^^^
accumulator with carry		Zero Page		23	c,	
		Zero Page,X		۶	C4	
		Absolute		23	~ ·	
1		Absolute,X	ADC Oper,X	5 1	· · ·	
		Absolute.T		2 6	20	
		(Andirect), Y	ADC (Open),Y	5 F	, c.	
AND						
*ALD" mamory with	8 4 14 6	fmmaniate	AND ABoar	2	^	//
accumulator	E	Zero Paue	AND Oper	123		
		Zero Page,X		8	'n	
	^	Absolute		8	က	
		Absolute,X	AND Oper,X	8	m	
	:	Absolute Y		23	m (
· •	t t	(Indirect,X)	AND (Oper.X) AND (Oper.Y)	55	~~	
ASI			1			
		Bearmanlahar		Ş	۳	/4/4
Smith long odd bill	(See rigue 4)	Accumination Zero Depo	791 D	<u> </u>	- 6	>
(Methory of Accumulation)		Zero Dane Y		3 42	10	
		Absolute	Act Oper	: 8	40	
		Absolute X	ASI Oper X	3 44	3 m	
00					Ī	
าาต						
Branch on carry clear	Branch on C-0	Relative	BCC Oper	8	7	
BCS						
Branch on carry set	Branch on C+1	Relative	BCS Oper	盆	~	
bro						
		1		ł	•	
Branch on result zero	Branch on 2-1	Relative	BEO Oper	2	~	
III.						
Test bits in memory	AAM My	Zero Page	BIT* Oper	77	21	U.,/
with accumulator	Mg → V		AIT* Oper	20	3	
15.00 15.00 15.00				_		
Branch on result minut	Branch on N-1	Relative	BMI Oper	8	2	
PUT			-	<u></u>		
Consult on security and upon	Orbach on 7-0	Dalashua	BME ONE	٤	٠	1
מישורוו פוו ופספוו וופו לפום	-		inde alle	3	4	
						
Branch on result plus	Branch on N=0	Retative	BPL oper	2	2	1
BRX						
Corne Brant	Fores	Inclind	RBV*	٤	-	
VIEG OFFIRM	Interrupt		£	3		-
	PC+2 + P +					
9110	_					
2.5	_		_			

"P" Slatus Rag. N Z C I D Y ~~^^ ----->> -0-**|** 3 Brits. -લાભાજ ¥ 6 § 3 2 8888 3 . 😑 8 23 2 88888888 部は配 828 Moper Oper,X Oper,X Oper,X Oper,X Oper,Y DEC Oper DEC Oper,X DEC Oper DEC Oper,X Assembly Language Farm CPY #Oper CPY Oper CPY Oper CPX #Oper CPX Oper CPX Oper BVS Oper Ä 3 35 5 OEY 급 Immediate Zero Page Zero Page, X Absolute Absolute, Y (Indirect, X) Zero Page Zero Page.X Absolute Absolute,X Addressing Mada Immediale Zero Page Absolute immediate Zero Page Absolute Retative Implied Implied Implied Implied Implied Implied Branch on V-1 Z+1-E Operation Y-1-Y X-1-X ¥ - × ¥ | ∀ **≅** | × 0+0)+ 0 7-0 7 Branch on overflow set CLC Clear cerry flag CLD Clear decimal mode CPX Compare memory and Index X Compara memory and accumulator Compare memory and index Y CLV Clear overflow flag CMP DEX Decrement index X by one DEY Decrement index Y by one Decrament memory by one Keme Description 즲

 ${\mathfrak T}_{\ell}$

INSTRUCTION CODES

		24470100	Assembly	₩ £		P. Chaire Bun	. August 2
Dateription		Made	Form	500	Bytes	NZCION	Description
EOR							- LSH
"Exclusive-Or" memory	AVMTA	immediate	*	4	~	/	Shift right one i
with accumulator		Zero Page	EON Oper	2 4	~ ^		
		Absolute		3 8	4 477		
		Absolute,X		昂	m ·		
•		Absolute,Y		33 2			NOP
		(Indirect),Y	EOR (Open, Y	- 55	4 ~		No operation
J#							OHA
Increment memory	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Zero Page	. INC Doer	93	~		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
by ane		Zero Page.X	INC Oper,X	21	~		accumulator
•	į:	Absolute Absolute.X	NC Oper.	##	m m		
NX.		1					
increment Index X by one	X+1+X	- Japlied -	INX	Ee	-	/	
- N							
Increment Index Y by one	Y - 1 Y	Implied	INY	CB	-	~~~^	Ē
JMP							on stack
Jump to new location	(PC+t)	Absofut#	JMP Oper	9	en e		뭂
	(FL+2) + PUR	Delibu	nwr (obai)	3	2		Push processor
JSR.							on stack
Jump to new location	PC+2 #	Absolute	JSR Oper	æ	+2		2
Sealone III allos Balles	(PC+2) - PCH						Pull accumulato
TO TO							Di Di Di
Load accumulator	¥ + ¥	Immediate	*	49	2		
with memory		Zaro Page	LBA Oper	\$ ¥	~ ~		from stack
		Absolute		45	463		i d
	<u></u>	Absolute.X		6	e3 e		Nut.
		Absolute.Y	LDA Dper,Y	£ 2			The mory or acc
		(Indirect), Y	LDA (Oper),Y	E	. ~		
rox						1	·
Land Index X	×	Immediate	-	¥2	~	/	ROR
with memory		Zero Page,Y	LEX Open'y	98 98	٠~		Rotale one bit ri
		Absolute Absolute,Y	LDX Oper-	# H	m m		(memory or act
107							-
Load Index Y	} =	Immediate	-	8:	~		
with marriory	_	Zero Page Zero Page X	LDY Oper	¥	N 6		
		Absolute	LDY Gper	88	· ~ ·		
		Absolute, X	- 1	2	2		-

 t_1

INSTRUCTION CODES

DP Nd. "P" Stalus Rag. Code Bytes # Z C L 2 V

Assembly Language Form ₹

TXA .

XS

3

TYA

	Operation Addressi	pajiduli A → X		X +- S Implied Y +- A Implied										
	Name Deart plen	TXA Transfer index X	to accumulator TXS	Transfer index X to stack pointer TYA Transfer index Y to accumulator										
	"F Stalus fug.	From Stack		7		1						/^		//
•	No. ' Bytsı	-	-	2000	2004	-				ผผต	ପାଧାନ	-	-	-
:	HEX OP Cade	40	9	88288	2625		3 5	2 22	888822 2	888	29.28	\$	A8	2
	Assembly Leaguage Form	нті	9115	SBC work SBC Oper SBC Oper SBC Oper	SSC Oper,X SSC Oper,Y SSC (Oper,X) SSC (Oper,X)		21.	. B	STA Oper X STA (Oper X) STA (Oper X) STA (Oper X)	STX Oper STX Oper,Y STX Oper	STY Oper STY Oper,X STY Oper	TAX	TAY	1.5x
	Addrassing Mode	balled	pajiguş	Immediate Zero Page Zero Page,X Absolute	Absolute.X Absolute,Y (Indirect,X) (Indirect),Y	4 1	David III	Taples.	Zero Page Zero Page, X Absolute Absolute, X Absolute, Y (indirect, X) (indirect, X)		Zero Page Zero Page,X Absolute	lmplled	Implied	Implied
•	Dperation	P+PC+	PC4, PC+1PC Implied	A-M-C-A		,		<u> </u>	72 † •	R+ X	N +	× - •	A Y) 1
	Marne Deacription	RT! Return from Interrupt	ATS Return from subroutine	SBC Subtract memory from accumulator with borrow		SEC .	SED	SEI Set Interrupt disable	STA Stare eccumulator In memory	STX Store Index X in memory	STY Store index Y in memory	TAX Transfer accumulator to index X	TAY Transfer accumulator to Index Y	TSX Franctive stack notative

HEX OPERATION CODES

00 BAK	2F - NOP	5E - LSR - Absolute, X	8D - STA - Absolute	S4 LDY Zero Page X	90
01 - OBA - Indirect. XX	35 H 855	SF + NOP	8E - STX - Absolute	RS - I DA - Zero Beco x	JON: SO
i	31 - AND - (Indirect) Y	B) - HIS	SF I NOP	P6 - 1 DX - 2 m 0 m x	NC TROP
	acu	61 - off - Underson M	000		UV —CMF — Absolute, X
1		ack — co	91 - STA - floating v	LON II G	DEC - DEC - Absolute, X
	1	1	NO NO CO	בים וייניה	DF - NOP
ı	102 I I	ŧ		89 - LOA - Absolute, Y	E0 - CPX - Immedials
1	1	ı	1	BA - tsx	E1 - SBC - Indirect, Xt
1	1	ī	ı	BB - NOP	E2 NOP
08 - PHP	1	Ţ	ı	BC — LDY — Absolute, X	E3 - NOP
09 - ORA - Immediate	38 — SEC	40N — 78	95 - STX - Zero Page, Y	8D - LDA - Absolute, X	E4 - CPX - Zero Page
0A - ASL - Accumulator	39 - AND - Absolute, Y	68 - PLA	40N - 18	BE - LDX - Absolute, Y	E5 - 58G - 7800 Page
08 - NQP	3A NOP	e9 - ADC - Immediate	98 — TYA	BF — NOP	EB - INC - Zaco Page
00 - NOP	33 - NOP	6A ROR Accumulator	99 - STA - Absolute, Y	C0 — CPY — Immediate	E7 - NOP
0D - ORA - Absolute	3C NOP	GB NOP	0A — TXS	Ct - CMP - (Indirect, Xo	E6 - INS
0E — ASt. — Absolute	3D — AND — Absolute, X	6C - JMP - Indirect	40N - 60	C2 - NOP	100 - 100 -
OF - NOP	3E — ROL — Absolute. X	6D ADC Absolute	9C - NOP	C3 - NOP	EA - NOP
10 – BPL	3F - NOP	6E ROR Absolute	9D - STA - Absolute, X	C4 - CPY - Zero Page	FR NO
11 - ORA - Indirecti, Y	ILL HILL	BF - NOP	9E - NOP	C5 CMP Zero Peae	EC CPX Absorber
12 - NOP	41 - EOR - (Indirect, X)	70 - BVS	9F NOP	C6 - DEC - Zero Page	ED - SBC - Absolute
13 - NOP	42 NOP	71 — ADG — (Indirect), Y	A6 - LDY - Jamediate	C7 - NOP	FF - INC - Absolute
H - NOP	43 - NOP	72 - NOP	At - LDA - (indirect, X)	C8 - 1NY	FF NOP
15 - ORA - Zaro Page, X	44 - NOP.	1	A2 — LDX — Immediate	C9 - CMP - Immediate	
16 - ASL - Zero Page, X	45 - EOR - Zero Page	- 1	A3 - NOP	CA - DEX	X 30 12 13 1 13
17 - NOP	1	ı	A4 - LDY - Zero Page	CB - NOP	
١	١		A5 — LDA — Zero Page	CO - CPY - Absolute	i
- 1		l	Aff — LOX — Zero Page	CD — Children Absolute	73 - NOF
4 ACM	elebental Con de	i	A7 — NOP	1000000 Jan 00000000000000000000000000000000000	1
1001			> F		ı
18 L NOV	4A - ESH - Accumulator	70 - ADC - Astolute, Y	141 AC	SC I NOW	ı
TC NOP	- NO.	TA NOP			FT - NOP
1D - ORA - Absolute, X	4C - JMP - Absolute	78 - NOP	AA — TAX	D1 — CMP — Indirect, Y	F8 - SE0
1E — ASI. — Absolute, X	1	70 - NOP	AB - NOP	D2 NOP	F9 - SBC - Absolute, Y
1F NOP	46 LSR Absolute	70 ADC Absolute, X NOP	AC LDY Absolute	D3 + NOP	FA NOP
20 - JSR	4F - NOP	7E - ROR - Absolute, X NOP	AD - Absolute	D4 - NOP	FB - NOP
21 — AND — (Indirect, X)	50 BVC	7F - NOP	AE LDX Absolute	DS CMP Zero Page, X	FC NOP
22 — NOP	51 - EOR (Indirect), Y	90 - NOP	AF NOP	D6 OEC Zero Page, X	FD - SBC - Absolute, X
23 NOP	62 - NOP	61 - STA - IIndirect, XI	B0 - BCS	D7 — NOP	FE - INC - Absolute, X
24 BIT Zero Page	63 - NOP	82 - NOP	1	DB CLD	FF I NOP
25 - AND - Zero Page	54 - NOP	83 NOP	82 - NOP	D9 - CMP - Absolute, Y	
26 - ROL - Zero Page	55 - EOR - Zero Page, X	84 -STY - Zero Page	B3 — NOP	DA - NOP	
27 NOP	56 - LSR - Zero Page, X	85 - STA - Zero Page			
28 — PLP	57 — NOP	86 - STX - Zero Page	:		
29 — AND — Immediate	£8 + CL	90N - 18			
2A — ROL — Accumulator	59 — EOR — Absolute, Y	88 DEY			
28 - NOP	5A - NOP	89 - NOP			
2C - BIT - Absolute	58 NOP	BA TXA			
2D - AND - Absolute	6C - NOP	4B - NOP			.
2E ROL Absolute	5D - EOR - Absolute, X	8C - STY - Absolute			।
					•

APPLE II HARDWARE

CONTENTS

- 1. Getting started with your Apple II Board
- 2. Apple II Switching Power Supply
- 3. Interfacing with the Home TV
- 4. Simple Serial Output
- 5. Interfacing the Apple -Signals, Loading, Pin Connections
- 6. Memory Options , Expansion, Map, Address
- 7. System Timing
- 8. Schematics

GETTING STARTED WITH YOUR APPLE II BOARD

INTRODUCTION .

ITEMS YOU WILL NEED:

Your APPLE II board comes completely assembled and thoroughly tested. You should have received the following:

- a. 1 ea. APPLE II P.C. Board complete with specified RAM memory.
- b. 1 ea. d.c. power connector with cable.
- c. 1 ea. 2" speaker with cable.
- d. 1 ea. Preliminary Manual
- e. 2 ea. Demonstration cassette tapes.
- f. 2 ea. 16 pin headers plugged into locations A7 and J14.

In addition you will need:

- g. A color TV set (or B & W) equipped with a direct video input connector for best performance or a commercially available RF modulator such as a "Pixi-verter" tm. Higher channel (7-13) modulators generally provide better system performance than lower channel modulators (2-6).
- h. The following power supplies (NOTE: current ratings do not include any capacity for peripheral boards.):
 - 1. +12 Volts with the following current capacity:
 - a. For 4K or 16K systems 350mA.
 - b. For 8K, 20K or 32K 550mA.
 - c. For 12K, 24K, 36K or 48K 850mA.
 - 2. +5 Volts at 1.6 amps
 - -5 Volts at 10mA.
 - 4. OPTIONAL: If -12 Volts is required by your keyboard. (If using an APPLE II supplied keyboard, you will need -12V at 50mA.)

- An audio cassette recorder such as a Panasonic model RQ-309 DS which is used to load and save programs.
- j. An ASCII encoded keyboard equipped with a "reset" switch.
- k. Cable for the following:
 - 1. Keyboard to APPLE II P.C.B.
 - 2. Video out 75 ohm cable to TV or modulator
 - Cassette to APPLE II P.C.B. (1 or 2)

Optionally you may desire:

- Game paddles or pots with cables to APPLE II Game I/O connector. (Several demo programs use PDL(O) and "Pong" also uses PDL(1).
- m. Case to hold all the above

Final Assembly Steps

- Using detailed information on pin functions in hardware section of manual, connect power supplies to d.c. cable assembly. Use both ground wires to miminize resistance. With cable assembly disconnected from APPLE II mother board, turn on power supplies and verify voltages on connector pins. Improper supply connections such as reverse polarity can severely damage your APPLE II.
- 2. Connect keyboard to APPLE II by unplugging leader in location A7 and wiring keyboard cable to it, then plug back into APPLE II P.C.B.
- Plug in speaker cable.

.----

- 4. Optionally connect one or two game paddles using leader supplied in socket located at J14.
- Connect video cable.
- 6. Connect cable from cassette monitor output to APPLE II cassette input.
- Check to see that APPLE II board is not contacting any conducting surface.
- 8. With power supplies turned off, plug in power connector to mother board then recheck all cableing.

POWER UP

- 1. Turn power on. If power supplies overload, immediately turn off and recheck power cable wiring. Verify operating supply voltages are within +3% of nominal value.
- You should now have random video display. If not check video level pot on mother board, full clockwise is maximum video output. Also check video cables for opens and shorts. Check modulator if you are using one.
- 3. Press reset button. Speaker should beep and a "*" prompt character with a blinking cursor should appear in lower left on screen.
- 4. Press "esc" button, release and type a "@" (shift-P) to clear screen. You may now try "Monitor" commands if you wish. See details in "Monitor" software section.

RUNNING BASIC

- Turn power on; press reset button; type "control B" and press return button. A ">" prompt character should appear on screen indicating that you are now in BASIC.
- 2. Load one of the supplied demonstration cassettes into recorder. Set recorder level to approximately 5 and start recorder. Type "LOAD" and return. First beep indicates that APPLE II has found beginning of program; second indicates end of program followed by ">" character on screen." If error occurs on loading, try a different demo tape or try changing cassette volume level.
- 3. Type RUN and carriage return to execute demonstration program. Listings of these are included in the last section of this manual.

THE APPLE II SWITCHING POWER SUPPLY

Switching power supplies generally have both advantages and peculiarities not generally found in conventional power supplies. The Apple II user is urged to review this section.

Your Apple II is equipped with an AC line voltage filter and a three wire AC line cord. It is important to make sure that the third wire is returned to earth ground. Use a continuity checker or chameter to ensure that the third wire is actually returned to earth. Continuity should be checked for between the power supply case and an available water pipe for example. The line filter, which is of a type approved by domestic (U.L. CSA) and international (VDE) agencies must be returned to earth to function properly and to avoid potential shock hazards.

The APPLE II power supply is of the "flyback" switching type. In this system, the AC line is rectified directly, "chopped up" by a high frequency oscillator and coupled through a small transformer to the diodes, filters, etc., and results in four low voltage DC supplies to run APPLE II. The transformer isolates the DC supplies from the line and is provided with several shields to prevent "hash" from being coupled into the logic or peripherals. In the "flyback" system, the energy transferred through from the AC line side to DC supply side is stored in the transformer's inductance on one-half of the operating cycle, then transferred to the output filter capacitors on the second half of the operating cycle. Similar systems are used in TV sets to provide horizontal deflection and the high voltages to run the CRT.

Regulation of the DC voltages is accomplished by controlling the frequency at which the converter operates; the greater the output power needed, the lower the frequency of the converter. If the converter is overloaded, the operating frequency will drop into the audible range with squeels and squawks warning the user that something is wrong.

All DC outputs are regulated at the same time and one of the four outputs (the +5 volt supply) is compared to a reference voltage with the difference error fed to a feedback loop to assist the oscillator in running at the needed frequency. Since all DC outputs are regulated together, their voltages will reflect to some extent unequal loadings.

110

For example; if the +5 supply is loaded very heavily, then all other supply voltages will increase in voltage slightly; conversely, very light loading on the +5 supply and heavy loading on the +12 supply will cause both it and the others to sag lightly. If precision reference voltages are needed for peripheral applications, they should be provided for in the peripheral design.

In general, the APPLE II design is conservative with respect to component ratings and operating termperatures:—An over-voltage crowbar shutdown system and an auxilliary control feedback loop are provided to ensure that even very unlikely failure modes will not cause damage to the APPLE II computer system. The over-voltage protection references to the DC output voltages only. The AC line voltage input must be within the specified limits, i.e., 107V to 132V.

Under no circumstances, should more than 140 VAC be applied to the input of the power supply. Permanent damage will result.

Since the output voltages are controlled by changing the operating frequency of the converter, and since that frequency has an upper limit determined by the switching speed of power transistors, there then must be a minimum load on the supply; the Apple II board with minimum memory (4K) is well above that minimum load. However, with the board disconnected, there is no load on the supply, and the internal over-voltage protection circuitry causes the supply to turn off. A 9 watt load distributed roughly 50-50 between the +5 and +12 supply is the nominal minimum load.

Nominal load current ratios are: The +12V supply load is ½ that of the +5V.

The - 5V supply load is 1/10 that of the +5V.

The -12V supply load is 1/10 that of the +5V.

The supply voltages are $+5.0 \pm 0.15$ volts, $+11.8 \pm 0.5$ volts, -12.0 ± 14 , -5.2 ± 0.5 volts. The tolerances are greatly reduced when the loads are close to nominal.

The Apple II power supply will power the Apple II board and all present and forthcoming plug-in cards, we recommend the use of low power TTL, CMOS, etc. so that the total power drawn is within the thermal limits of the entire system. In particular, the user should keep the total power drawn by any one card to less than 1.5 watts, and the total current drawn by all the cards together within the following limits:

+ 12V - use no more than 250 mA + 5V - use no more than 500 mA - 5V - use no more than 200 mA - 12V - use no more than 200 mA

The power supply is allowed to run indefinetly under short circuit or open circuit conditions.

CAUTION: There are dangerous high voltages inside the power supply case. Much of the internal circuitry is NOT isolated from the power line, and special equipment is needed for service. NO REPAIR BY THE USER IS ALLOWED.

NOTES ON INTERFACING WITH THE HOME TV

Accessories are available to aid the user in connecting the Apple II system to a home color TV with a minimum of trouble. These units are called "RF Modulators" and they generate a radio frequency signal corresponding to the carrier of one or two of the lower VHF television bands; 61.25 MHz (channel 3) or 67.25 MHz (channel 4). This RF signal is then modulated with the composite video signal generated by the Apple II.

Users report success with the following RF modulators:

the "PixieVerter" (a kit) ATV Research 13th and Broadway Dakota City, Nebraska 68731

the "TV-1" (a kit) UHF Associates 6037 Haviland Ave. Whittier, CA 90601

the "Sup-r-Mod" by (assembled & Tested) M&R Enterprises P.O. Box 1011 Sunnyvale, CA 94088

the RF Modulator (a P.C. board) Electronics Systems P.O. Box 212⁻ Burlingame, CA 94010

Most of the above are available through local computer stores.

The Apple II owner who wishes to use one of these RF Modulators should read the following notes carefully.

All these modulators have a free running transistor oscillator. The M&R Enterprises unit is pre-tuned to Channel 4. The PixieVerter and the TV-1 have tuning by means of a jumper on the P.C. board and a small trimmer capacitor. All these units have a residual FM which may cause trouble if the TV set in use has a IF pass band with excessive ripple. The unit from M&R has the least residual FM.

All the units except the M&R unit are kits to be built and tuned by the customer. All the kits are incomplete to some extent. The unit from Electronics Systems is just a printed circuit board with assembly instructions. The kits from UHF Associates and ATV do not have an RF cable or a shielded box or a balun transformer, or an antenna switch. The M&R unit is complete.

Some cautions are in order. The Apple II, by virtue of its color graphics capability, operates the TV set in a linear mode rather than the 100% contrast mode satisfactory for displaying text. For this reason, radio frequency interference (RFI) generated by a computer (or peripherals) will beat with the

carrier of the RF modulator to produce faint spurious background patterns? (called "worms") This RFI "trash" must be of quite a low level if worms. are to be prevented. In fact, these spurious beats must be 40 to 50db below the signal level to reduce worms to an acceptable level. When it is remembered that only 2 to 6 mV (across 300Ω) is presented to the VHF input of the TV set, then stray RFI getting into the TV must be less than 50µV to obtain a clean picture. Therefore we recommend that a good, co-ax cable be used to carry the signal from any modulator to the TV set, such as RG/59u (with copper shield), Belden #8241 or an equivalent miniature type such as Belden #8218. We also recommend that the RF modulator be enclosed in a tight metal box (an unpainted die cast aluminum box such as Pomona #2428). Even with these precautions, some trouble may be encountered with worms, and can be greatly helped by threading the coax cable connecting the modulator to the TV set repeatedly through a Ferrite toroid core. Apple Computer supplies these cores in a kit, along with a 4 circuit connector/cable assembly to match the auxilliary video connector found on the Apple II board. This kit has order number A2M010X. The M&R "Sup-r-Mod" is supplied with a coax cable and toroids.

Any computer containing fast switching logic and high frequency clocks will radiate some radio frequency energy. Apple II is equipped with a good line filter and many other precautions have been taken to minimize radiated energy. The user is urged not to connect "antennas" to this computer; wires strung about carrying clocks and/data will act as antennas, and subsequent radiated energy may prove to be a nuisance.

Another caution concerns possible long term effects on the TV picture tube. Most home TV sets have "Brightness" and "Contrast" controls with a very wide range of adjustment. When an un-changing picture is displayed with high brightness for a long period ,a faint discoloration of the TV _CRT _ may occur as an inverse pattern observable with the TV set turned off. This condition may be avoided by keeping the "Brightness" turned down slightly and "Contrast" moderate.

A SIMPLE SERIAL OUTPUT

The Apple II is equipped with a 16 pin DIP socket most frequently used to connect potentiometers, switches, etc. to the computer for paddle control and other game applications. This socket, located at J-14, has outputs available as well. With an appropriate machine language program, these output lines may be used to serialize data in a format suitable for a teletype. A suitable interface circuit must be built since the outputs are merely LSTTL and won't run a teletype without help. Several interface circuits are discussed below and the user may pick the one best suited to his needs.

The ASR - 33 Teletype

The ASR - 33 Teletype of recent vintage has a transistor circuit to drive its solenoids. This circuit is quite easy to interface to, since it is provided with its own power supply. (Figure la) It can be set up for a 20mA current loop and interfaced as follows (whether or not the teletype is strapped for full duplex or half duplex operation):

- a) The yellow wire and purple wire should both go to terminal 9 of Terminal Strip X. If the purple wire is going to terminal 8, then remove it and relocate it at terminal 9. This is necessary to change from the 60mA current loop to the 20mA current loop.
- b) Above Terminal Strip X is a connector socket identified as "2". Pin 8 is the input line + or high; Pin
 7 is the input line or low. This connector mates
 with a Molex receptacle model 1375 #03-09-2151 or
 #03-09-2153. Recommended terminals are Molex #02-092136. An alternate connection method is via spade lugs
 to Terminal Strip X, terminal 7 (the + input line) and
 6 (the input line).
- c) The following circuit can be built on a 16 pin DIP component carrier and then plugged into the Apple's 16 pin socket found at J-14: (The junction of the 3.3k resistor and the transistor base lead is floating). Pins 16 and 9 are used as tie points as they are unconnected on the Apple board. (Figure 1a).

The "RS - 232 Interface"

For this interface to be legitimate, it is necessary to twice invert the signal appearing at J-14 pin 15 and have it swing more than 5 volts both above and below ground. The following circuit does that but requires that both +12 and -12 supplies be used. (Figure 2) Snipping off pins on the DIP-component carrier will allow the spare terminals to be used for tie points. The output ground connects to pin 7 of the DB-25 connector. The signal output connects to pin 3 of the DB-25 connector. The "protective" ground wire normally found on pin 1 of the DB-25 connector may be connected to the Apple's base plate if desired. Placing a #4 lug under one of the four power supply mounting screws is perhaps the simplest method. The +12 volt supply is easily found on the auxiliary Video connector (see Figure S-11 or Figure 7 of the manual). The -12 volt supply may be found at pin 33 of the peripheral connectors (see Figure 4) or at the power supply connector (see Figure 5 of the manual).

A Serial Out Machine Center Language Program

Once the appropriate circuit has been selected and constructed a machine language program is needed to drive the circuit. Figure 3 lists such a teletype output machine language routine. It can be used in conjunction with an Integer BASIC program that doesn't require page \$300 hex of memory. This program resides in memory from \$370 to \$3E9. Columns three and four of the listing show the op-code used. To enter this program into the Apple II the following procedure is followed:

Entering Machine Language Program

- 1. Power up Apple II
- Depress and release the "RESET" key. An asterick and flashing cursor should appear on the left hand side of the screen below the random text matrix.
- 3. Now type in the data from columns one, two and three for each line from \$370 to 03E9. For example, type in "370: A9 82" and then depress and release the "RETURN" key. Then repeat this procedure for the data at \$372 and on until you complete entering the program.

Executing this Program

1. From BASIC a CALL 880 (\$370) will start the execution of this program. It will use the teletype or suitable 80 column printer as the primary output device.

- 2. PR#Ø will inactivate the printer transfering control back to the Video monitor as the primary output device.
- 3. In Monitor mode \$37ØG activates the printer and hitting the "RESET" key exits the program.

Saving the Machine Language Program

After the machine language program has been entered and checked for accuracy it should, for convenience, be saved on tape - that is unless you prefer to enter it by keyboard every time you want to use it.

The way it is saved is as follows:

- 1. Insert a blank program cassette into the tape recorder and rewind it.
- Hit the "RESET" key. The system should move into Monitor mode. An asterick "*" and flashing cursor should appear on the left-hand side of the screen.
- 3. Type in "370.03E9W 370.03E9W".
- 4. Start the tape recorder in record mode and depress the "RETURN" key.
- 5. When the program has been written to tape, the asterick and flashing cursor will reappear.

The Program

After entering, checking and saving the program perform the following procedure to get a feeling of how the program is used:

- 1. BC (control B) into BASIC
- 2. Turn the teletype (printer on)
- 3. Type in the following

10 CALL 880

15 PRINT "ABCD...XYZØ1123456789"

20 PR#Ø

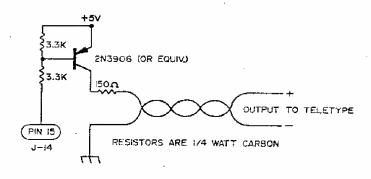
25 END

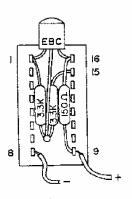
4. Type in RUN and hit the "RETURN" key. The text in line 15 should be printed on the teletype and control is returned to the keyboard and Video monitor.

Line 10 activates the teletype machine routine and all "PRINT" statements following it will be printed to the teletype until a PR#0 statement is encountered. Then the text in line 15 will appear on the teletype's output. Line 20 deactivates the printer and the program ends on line 25.

Conclusion

With the circuits and machine language program described in this paper the user may develop a relatively simple serial output interface to an ASR-33 or RS-232 compatible printers. This circuit can be activated through BASIC or monitor modes. And is a valuable addition to any users program library.





(a) (b) FIGURE 1 ASR-33

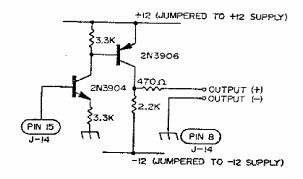


FIGURE 2 RS-232

```
3:42 P.M., 11/18/1977
                  TITLE 'TELETYPE DRIVER ROUTINES'
             1
                  ********
             2
                       TTYDRIVER:
                     TELETYPE QUTPUT
             5
                      ROUTINE FOR 72
             6
                      COLUMN PRINT WITH *
             7
                      BASIC LIST
             8
             9
                 * COPYRIGHT 1977 BY:
             10
                 * APPLE COMPUTER INC.
             11
                       11/18/77
              12
                 *
             13
                      R. WIGGINTON
             14
                      S. WOZNIAK
              15
              16
                 17
                                          ;FOR APPLE-II
             18
                                          ; CURSOR HORIZ.
              19 CH
                          EQU $36
EQU $778
                                          JCHAR. OUT SWITCH
              20 CSWL
              21 YSAVE
                                          ; COLUMN COUNT LOC.
                          EQU 57F8
              22 COLCNT
                          EQU $0058
              23 MARK
                          EQU 50059
                 SPACE
              24
                          EQU SFCA8
                 WAIT
              25
                           ORG $370
              26
***WARNING: OPERAND OVERFLOW IN LINE 27
0370: A9 82 27 TTINIT: LDA #TTOUT
                                          ; POINT TO TTY ROUTINES
                           STA CSWL
 . '2: 85 36
             28
                           LDA #TTOUT/256
                                          HIGH BYTE
 '4: A9 03
             29
                           STA CSWL+1
 75: 85 37
             30
                                           SET WINDOW WIDTH
                          LDA #72
              31
 0378: A9 48
                                          ;TO NUMBER COLUMNS ONT
                           STA UNDWDTH
 037A: 85 21
              32
037C: A5 24
                          LDA CH
              33
                                          WHERE WE ARE NOW.
                           STA COLCNT
 037E: 8D F8 07 34
                           RTS
 0381: 60 35
                                           ;SAVE TWICE
                          PHA
              36 TTOUT:
 0382: 48
 0383: 48
                                           ;ON STACK.
                            PHA
              37
                                          ;CHECK FOR A TAB.
                           LDA COLONT
 0384: AD F8 D7 38 TTOUT2:
                           CMP CH
              39
 0387: C5 24
                                           ;RESTORE OUTPUT CHAR.
                            PLA
              40
 0389: 68
                                          ; IF C SET, NO TAB
                            BCS TESTCTRL
 038A: B0 03
              41
                            PHA
              42
 038C: 48
                                          ;PRINT A SPACE.
                           LDA #3A0
 038D: A9 A0
             43
                                         - ;TRICK TO DETERMINE
 038F: 2C CO 03 44 TESTCTRL: BIT RTS1
                                         ; IF CONTROL CHAR.
                           BEQ PRNTIT
 0392: FO 03 45
                                           ; IF NOT, ADD ONE TO CM
                                COLCNT
                            INC
 0394: EE F8 07 46
                                           PRINT THE CHAR ON TTY
                           JSR DOCHAR
 0397: 20 CI 03 47 PRNTIT:
                                           ; RESTORE CHAR
                            PLA
            48
 039A: 68
                                           JAND PUT BACK ON STACK
                            PHA
 0398: 48
              49
                                           ; DO MORE SPACES FOR TH
                            BCC TTOUT2
 039C: 90 E6
              50
                                           ; CHECK FOR CAR RET.
                           EOR #50D
 039E: 49 0D
              51
                                           JELIM PARITY
                            ASL A
 ^3A0: 0A
              52
                                           ; IF NOT CR, DONE.
                            BNE FINISH
             53
  41: DO OD
```

FIGURE 3a

TFI	ETYP	E DB	RIVER	ROUT	INES

					TELETYPE	IFG :	JER ROUTINES	
3:42 P	M - ,		1/18	3/19	77			PAGE: 2
03A3:			07			STA	COLCNT	CLEAR COLUMN COUNT
03A6:		ВА		55		LDA	#58A	;NOW DO LINE FEED
03A8:			03			J\$R	DOCHAR	
03AB:	Α9			57		LDA	# \$53	,
03AD:			FC			JSR	WAIT	;200MSEC DELAY FO'
0380:		F8	07		FINISH:	LDA	COLCNT	CHECK IF IN MARG .
0333:	FO			60		BEQ	SETCH	FOR CR, RESET CH
0335:		21		61		SBC	HTGVGNW	; IF SO, CARRY SET.
0337:		F7		62		SBC	#5F7	
03B9:		04		63		a¢¢	RETURN	
0388:		IF		64		ADC	#\$1F	;ADJUST CH .
03BD:		24		65	SETCH:	STA	CH	
033F:	68			66	RETURN:	PLA		
0300:	60			67	RTS1:	RTS		RETURN TO CALLER
				68	* HERE IS	THE T	ELETYPE PRINT	A CHARACTER ROUTINE:
0301:	8C	78	0.7		DOCHAR:	STY	YSAVE	
0304:	08			70		PHP		;SAVE STATUS.
0305:	A0	08		71		LDY	#503	; 11 BITS (1 START, 9 R
0307:	18			72		CLC		JBEGIN WITH SPACE (STE
0308:	48			73	TTOUT3:	PHA		; SAVE A REG AND SET FO!
0309:	30	05		74		BCS.	MARKOUT	
0308:	ΑD	59	CO	75		LDA	SPACE	SEND A SPACE
O3CE:	90	03		76		30C	TTOUT4	
0300:	ΑĐ	58	CO	77	MARKOUT:	LDA	MARK	;SEND A MARK
03D3:	Α9	D7		78	TTOUT4:	LDA	#\$D7	;DELAY 9.091 MSEC FOR
03D5:	48			79	DLY1:	PHA		;110 BAUD
03D6:	Α9	20		80		LDA	#\$20	
03D8:	4A			8 i	DLY2:	LSR	A	
03D9:	90	FD		82		BCC	DFA5	
03DB:	68			83		PLA		
03DC:	Ε9	0.1		84		SBC	#\$01	
03DE:	DO	F5		85		BNE	DLYI	
0320:	68			86		PLA		
03E1:	6 A			37		ROR	A	;NEXT BIT (STOP BITS K
03E2:	88			88		DEY		LOOP 1! BITS.
03E3:	DO	Ε3		89		BNE	TTOUT3 -	
03E5:	АC	78	07	90	•	LDY	YSAVE	;RESTORE Y-REG.
0328:	28			91		PLP		FRESTORE STATUS
03E9:	60			92		RTS		; RETURN
*****	E 9E C 1	icc:	7998		ASSEMBLY. NO	FRRA	9 9	

FIGURE 3b

```
CROSS-REFERNCE: TELETYPE DRIVER ROUTINES
CH
          0024
                   0033 0039 0065
COLCNT
          07F8
                   0034 0038 0046 0054 0059
CSWL
          0035
                   0028 0030
LYI
          03D5
                   0085
JLY2
          0308
                   0082
DOCHAR
          0301
                   0047 0056
          0380
                   0053
FINISH
          0058
                   0077
MARK
                   0074
MARKOUT
          03D0 -
                   0045 - 17 -
PRNTIT
          0397
RETURN
          03BF
                   0063
          0300
RTS1
                   0044
SETCH
          03BD
                   0060
          C059
SPACE
                   0075
TESTCTRL
          038F
                   0041
TTINIT
          0370
TTOUT
          0382
                   0027 0029
TTOUT2
          0384
                   0050
          0308
                   0089 -
TTOUT3
TTOUT4
          03D3
                   0076
WAIT
          FCA8
                   0058
HTGWGNW
          0021
                   0032 0061
          0778
                   0069-0090
YSAVE
ILE:
```

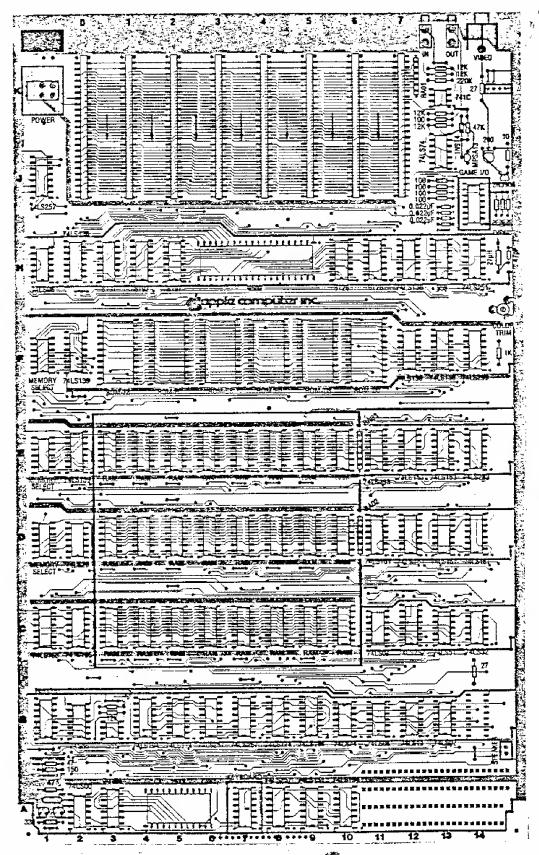
FIGURE 3c

INTERFACING THE APPLE

This section defines the connections by which external devices are attached to the APPLE II board. Included are pin diagrams, signal descriptions, loading constraints and other useful information.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. CONNECTOR LOCATION DIAGRAM
- 2. CASSETTE DATA JACKS (2 EACH)
- 3. GAME I/O CONNECTOR
- 4. KEYBOARD CONNECTOR
- 5. PERIPHERAL CONNECTORS (8 EACH)
- 6. POWER CONNECTOR
- 7. SPEAKER CONNECTOR
- 8. VIDEO OUTPUT JACK
- 9. AUXILIARY VIDEO OUTPUT CONNECTOR



CASSETTE JACKS

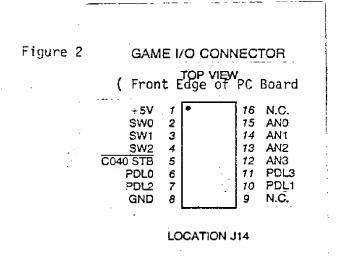
A convenient means for interfacing an inexpensive audio cassette tape recorder to the APPLE II is provided by these two standard (3.5mm) miniature phone jacks located at the back of the APPLE II board.

CASSETTE DATA IN JACK: Designed for connection to the "EARPHONE" or "MONITOR" output found on most audio cassette tape recorders. $V_{\rm IN}$ =1Vpp (nominal), $Z_{\rm IN}$ =12K Ohms. Located at K12 as illustrated in Figure 1.

CASSETTE DATA OUT JACK: Designed for connection to the "MIC" or "MICROPHONE" input found on most audio cassette tape recorders. V $_{\rm OUT}$ =25 mV into 100 0hms, Z $_{\rm OUT}$ =100 0hms. Located at K13 as illustrated in Figure 1.

GAME I/O CONNECTOR

The Game I/O Connector provides a means for connecting paddle controls, lights and switches to the APPLE II for use in controlling video games, etc. It is a 16 pin IC socket located at J14 and is illustrated in Figure 1 and 2.



SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS FOR GAME I/O

ANQ-AN3:

8 addresses (CØ58-CØ5F) are assigned to selectively "SET" or "CLEAR" these four "ANNUNCIATOR" outputs. Envisioned to control indicator lights, each is a 74LSxx series TTL output and must be buffered if used to drive lamps.

CØ4Ø STB:

A utility strobe output. Will go low during \mathfrak{D}_2 of a read or write cycle to addresses CO40-CO4F. This is a 74LSxx series TTL output.

GND:

System circuit ground. O Volt line from power supply.

No connection.

PDLØ-PDL3:

Paddle control inputs. Requires a Ø-150K ohm variable resistance and +5V for each paddle. Internal 100 ohm resistors are provided in series with external pot to prevent excess current if pot goes completely to zero ohms.

SWØ-SW2:

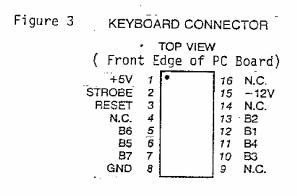
Switch inputs. Testable by reading from addresses CØ61-CØ63 (or CØ69-CØ6B). These are uncommitted 74LSxx series inputs.

÷5∀:

Positive 5-Volt supply. To avoid burning out the connector pin, current drain MUST be less than 100mA.

KEYBOARD CONNECTOR

This connector provides the means for connecting as ASCII keyboard to the APPLE II board. It is a 16 pin IC socket located at A7 and is illustrated in Figures 1 and 3.



LOCATION A7 -

SIGNAL DESCRIPTION FOR KEYBOARD INTERFACE

B1-B7: 7 bit ASCII data from keyboard, positive logic (high level= "1"), TTL logic levels expected.

GND: System circuit ground. O Volt line from power supply.

NC: No connection.

RESET: System reset input. Requires switch closure to ground.

STROBE: Strobe output from keyboard. The APPLE II recognizes the positive going edge of the incoming strobe.

+5V: Positive 5-Volt supply. To avoid burning out the connector pin, current drain MUST be less than 100mA.

-12V: Negative 12-Volt supply. Keyboard should draw less than 50mA.

PERIPHERAL CONNECTORS

The eight Peripheral Connectors mounted near the back edge of the APPLE II board provide a convenient means of connecting expansion hardware and peripheral devices to the APPLE II I/O Bus. These are Winchester #2HW25CO-111 (or equivalent) 50 pin card edge connectors with pins on .10" centers. Location and pin outs are illustrated in Figures 1 and 4.

SIGNAL DESCRIPTION FOR PERIPHERAL I/O

AØ-A15: 16 bit system address bus. Addresses are set up by the 6502 within 300nS after the beginning of \emptyset_1 . These lines will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

DEVICE SELECT: Sixteen addresses are set aside for each peripheral connector. A read or write to such an address will send pin 41 on the selected connector low during \emptyset_2 (500nS). Each will drive 4 standard TTL loads.

8 bit system data bus. During a write cycle data is set up by the 6502 less than 300nS after the beginning of Ø2. During a read cycle the 6502 expects data to be ready no less than 100nS before the end of Ø2. These lines will drive up to a total of 8 total low power schottky TTL loads.

DMA:

Direct Memory Access control output. This line has a 3K Ohm pullup to +5V and should be driven with an open collector output.

DMA IN:

Direct Memory Access daisy chain input from higher priority peripheral devices. Will present no more than 4 standard TTL loads to the driving device.

DMA OUT: Direct Memory Access daisy chain output to lower priority peripheral devices. This line will drive 4 standard TTL loads.

GND: System circuit ground. O Volt line from power supply.

INH: Inhibit Line. When a device pulls this line low, all

ROM's on board are disabled (Hex addressed DØØØ through FFFF). This line has a 3K Ohm pullup to +5V and should be driven with an open collector output.

INT IN: Interrupt daisy chain input from higher priority peripheral devices. Will present no more than 4 standard TTL loads to the driving device.

INT OUT: Interrupt daisy chain output to lower priority peripheral devices. This line will drive 4 standard TTL loads.

I/O SELECT: 256 addresses are set aside for each peripheral connector (see address map in "MEMORY" section). A read or write of such an address will send pin 1 on the selected connector low during Ø₂ (500nS). This line will drive 4 standard TTL loads.

I/O STROBE: Pin 20 on all peripheral connectors will go low during 0 of a read or write to any address C800-CFFF. This line will drive a total of 4 standard TTL loads.

IRQ: Interrupt request line to the 6502. This line has a 3K Ohm pullup to +5V and should be driven with an open collector output. It is active low.

NC: No connection.

Non Maskable Interrupt request line to the 6502. This line has a 3K Ohm pullup to +5V and should be driven with an open collector output. It is active low.

 \underline{Q}_3 : A 1MHz (nonsymmetrical) general purpose timing signal. Will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

RDY: "Ready" line to the 6502. This line should change only during \emptyset_1 , and when low will halt the microprocessor at the next READ cycle. This line has a 3K Ohm pullup to +5V and should be driven with an open collector output.

RES: Reset line from "RESET" key on keyboard. Active low. Will drive 2 MOS loads per Peripheral Connector.

 R/\overline{W} : READ/WRITE line from 6502. When high indicates that a read. cycle is in progress, and when low that a write cycle is in progress. This line will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

<u>USER 1</u>: The function of this line will be described in a later document.

 $\underline{\underline{\emptyset}_0}$: Microprocessor phase 0 clock. Will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

 $\underline{\emptyset}_1$: Phase 1 clock, complement of \emptyset_0 . Will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

7M: Seven MHz high frequency clock. Will drive up to a total of 16 standard TTL loads.

+12V: Positive 12-Volt supply.

+5V: Possitive 5-Volt supply

-5V: Negative 5-Volt supply.

-12V: Negative 12-Volt supply.

POWER CONNECTOR

The four voltages required by the APPLE II are supplied via this AMP #9-35028-1,6 pin connector. See location and pin out in Figures 1 and 5.

PIN DESCRIPTION

GND: (2 pins) system circuit ground. Ø Volt line from power supply.

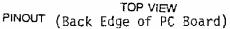
+12V: Positive 12-Volt line from power supply.

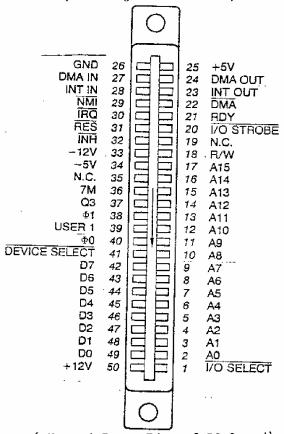
+5V: Positive 5-Volt line from power supply.

-5V: Negative 5-Volt line from power supply.

-12V: Negative 5-Volt line from power supply.

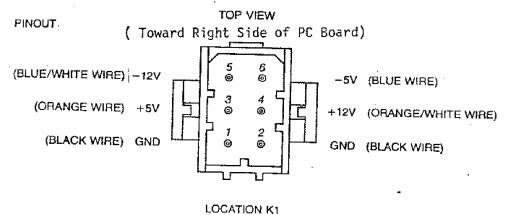
Figure 4 PERIPHERAL CONNECTORS (EIGHT OF EACH)





(Toward Front Edge of PC Board)
LOCATIONS J2 TO J12

Figure 5 POWER CONNECTOR



SPEAKER CONNECTOR

This is a MOLEX KK 100 series connector with two .25" square pins on .10" centers. See location and pin out in Figures 1 and 6.

SIGNAL DESCRIPTION FOR SPEAKER

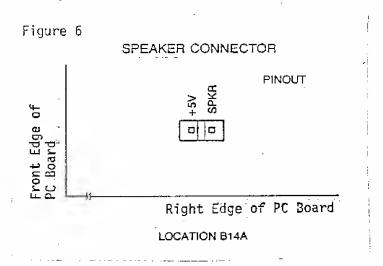
+57:

System +5 Volts

SPKR:

Output line to speaker. Will deliver about .5 watt into

8 Ohms.



VIDEO OUTPUT JACK

This standard RCA phono jack located at the back edge of the APPLE II P.C. board will supply NTSC compatible, EIA standard, positive composite video to an external video monitor.

A video level control near the connector allows the output level to be adjusted from Ø to 1 Volt (peak) into an external 75 OHM load.

Additional tint (hue) range is provided by an adjustable trimmer capacitor.

See locations illustrated in Figure 1.

AUXILIARY VIDEO OUTPUT CONNECTOR

This is a MOLEX KK 100 series connector with four .25" square pins on .10" centers. It provides composite video and two power supply voltages. Video out on this connector is not adjustable by the on board 200 0hm trim pot. See Figures 1 and 7.

SIGNAL DESCRIPTION

GND: System circuit ground. Ø Volt line from power supply.

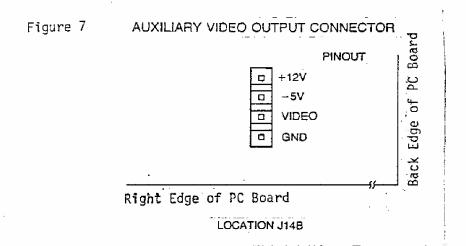
VIDEO: NTSC compatible positive composite VIDEO. DC coupled emitter follower output (not short circuit protected).

SYNC TIP is Ø Volts, black level is about .75 Volts, and white level is about 2.0 Volts into 470 Ohms. Output level

is non-adjustable.

+12V: +12 Volt line from power supply.

-5V: -5 Volt line from power supply.



INSTALLING YOUR OWN RAM

THE POSSIBILITIES

The APPLE II computer is designed to use dynamic RAM chips organized as 4096 x 1 bit, or 16384 x 1 bit called "4K" and "16K" RAMs respectively. These must be used in sets of 8 to match the system data bus (which is 8 bits wide) and are organized into rows of 8. Thus, each row may contain either 4096 (4K) or 16384 (16K) locations of Random Access Memory depending upon whether 4K or 16K chips are used. If all three rows on the APPLE II board are filled with 4K RAM chips, then 12288 (12K) memory locations will be available for storing programs or data, and if all three rows contain 16K RAM chips then 49152 (commonly called 48K) locations of RAM memory will exist on board!

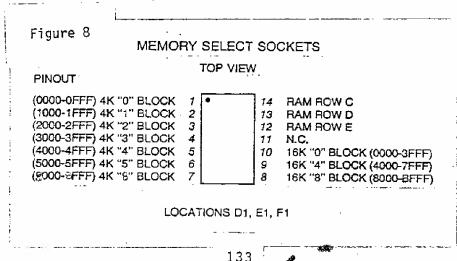
RESTRICTIONS

It is quite possible to have the three rows of RAM sockets filled with any combination of 4K RAMs, 16K RAMs or empty as long as certain rules are followed:

- 1. All sockets in a row must have the same type (4K or 16K RAMs.
- There MUST be RAM assigned to the zero block of addresses.

ASSIGNING RAM

The APPLE II has 48K addresses available for assignment of RAM memory. Since RAM can be installed in increments as small as 4K, a means of selecting which address range each row of memory chips will respond to has been provided by the inclusion of three MEMORY SELECT sockets on board.



MEMORY

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- 1. INTRODUCTION
- INSTALLING YOUR OWN RAM
- MEMORY SELECT SOCKETS
- MEMORY MAP BY 4K BLOCKS
- DETAILED MAP OF ASSIGNED ADDRESSES

INTRODUCTION

APPLE II is supplied completely tested with the specified amount of RAM memory and correct memory select jumpers. There are five different sets of standard memory jumper blocks:

- 1. 4K 4K 4K BASIC 2. 4K 4K 4K HIRES
- 3. 16K 4K 4K
- 4. 16K 16K 4K
- 5. 16K 16K 16K

A set of three each of one of the above is supplied with the board. Type I is supplied with 4K or 8K systems. Both type I and 2 are supplied with 12K systems. Type 1 is a contiguous memory range for maximum BASIC program size. Type 2 is non-contiguous and allows 8K dedicated to HIRES screen memory with approximately 2K of user BASIC space. Type 3 is supplied with 16K, 20K and 24K systems. Type 4 with 30K and 36K systems and type 5 with 48K systems.

Additional memory may easily be added just by plugging into sockets along with correct memory jumper blocks.

The 6502 microprocessor generates a 16 bit address, which allows 65536 (commonly called 65K) different memory locations to be specified. For convenience we represent each 16 bit (binary) address as a 4-digit hexadecimal number. Hexadecimal notation (hex) is explained in the Monitor section of this manual.

In the APPLE II, certain address ranges have been assigned to RAM memory, ROM memory, the I/O bus, and hardware functions. The memory and address maps give the details.

MEMORY SELECT SOCKETS

The location and pin out for memory select sockets are illustrated in Figures 1 and 8.

HOW TO USE

There are three MEMORY SELECT sockets, located at D1, E1 and F1 respectively. RAM memory is assigned to various address ranges by inserting jumper wires as described below. All three MEMORY SELECT sockets <u>MUST</u> be jumpered identically! The easiest way to do this is to use Apple supplied memory blocks.

Let us learnby example:

If you have plugged 16K RAMs into row "C" (the sockets located at C3-C10 on the board), and you want them to occupy the first 16K of addresses starting at 0000, jumper pin 14 to pin 10 on all three MEMORY SELECT sockets (thereby assigning row "C" to the 0000-3FFF range of memory).

If in addition you have inserted 4K RAMs into rows "D" and "E", and you want them each to occupy the first 4K addresses starting at 4000 and 5000 respectively, jumper pin 13 to pin 5 (thereby assigning row "D" to the 4000-4FFF range of memory), and jumper pin 12 to pin 6 (thereby assigning row "E" to the 5000-5FFF range of memory). Remember to jumper all three MEMORY SELECT sockets the same.

Now you have a large contiguous range of addresses filled with RAM memory. This is the 24K addresses from \$990-5FFF.

By following the above examples you should be able to assign each row of RAM to any address range allowed on the MEMORY SELECT sockets. Remember that to do this properly you must know three things:

- 1. Which rows have RAM installed?
- Which address ranges do you want them to occupy?
- Jumper all three MEMORY SELECT sockets the same!

If you are not sure think carefully, essentially all the necessary information is given above.

Memory Address Allocations in 4K Bytes

				addresses dedicated to hardware functions	ROM socket DO; spare ROM socket D8; spare	ROM socket E0: BASIC ROM socket E8: BASIC	ROM socket FO: BASIC utility ROM socket F8: monitor
8000	0006	A000	B000	0000	0000	E000	F000
text and color graphics display pages, 6502 stack, pointers, etc.		high res graphics display primary page	= = =	high res. graphics display secondary page	= = =	=	
0000	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000	0009	7000

HEX ADDRESS	ASSIGNED FUNCTION	COMMENTS
COOX	Keyboard input.	Keyboard strobe appears in bit 7. ASCII data from keyboard appears in the 7 lower bits.
CO1X	Clear keyboard strobe.	
C02X	Toggle cassette output.	
CO3X	Toggle speaker output.	
CO4X	"CO40 STB"	Output strobe to Game I/O connector.
C050 -16364	Set graphics mode	
C051 -16303	" text" "	
")52 -% ^{3°2} .	Set bottom 4 lines graphics	
C053 ~/636/	" " " text	
C054 -/630=	Display primary page	
C055 -/6 z 99	" secondary page	
C056 ~4239	Set high res. graphics	
C057 -/4277	" color "	
C058 -/6276	Clear "ANO"	Annunciator 0 output to Game I/O connector.
C059 ~/6 293	Set "	
C05A -/6294	Clear "AN1"	Annunciator 1 output to Game I/O connector.
C05B -/6293	Set "	
C05C -/6292	Clear "AN2"	Annunciator 2 output to Game I/O connector.
C05D -/629	Set "	
15E 7/6 296	Clear "AN3"	Annunciator 3 output to Game I/O connector.
C05F -/625°	Set "	
1	ţ	<u> </u>

HEX ADDRESS	ASSIGNED FUNCTION	COMMENTS).
C060/8	Cassette input	State of "Cassette Data In" appears in bit 7. input on
C061/9	"SW1"	State of Switch 1 \(\sigma\) Game I/O connector appears in bit 7.
C062/A	"SW2"	State of Switch 2 input on Game I/O connector appears in bit 7.
C063/B	"SW3"	State of Switch 3 input on Game I/O connector appears in bit 7.
C064/C	Paddle 0 timer output	State of timer output for Paddle 0 appears in bit 7.
C065/D	11 1 <u>1</u> 11 11	State of timer output for Paddle 1 appears in bit 7.
C066/E	" 2 " "	State of timer output for Paddle 2 appears in bit 7.
C067/F	. " 3 " "	State of timer output for Paddle 3 appears in bit 7.
C07X	"PDL STB"	Triggers paddle timers during ϕ_2 .
C08X	DEVICE SELECT 0	Pin 41 on the selected Peripheral Connector goes
C09X	" 1	low during ϕ_2 .
COAX	" 2	
совх	" 3	
COCX	" 4	
CODX	" 5	
COEX	ri 6	
COFX	" 7	Philippi term exemples in the
C10X	11 8	Expansion connectors,
C11X	и 9	11
C12X	и А	11

ORESS	ASSIGNED FUN	CTI		COMMENTS
C13X	DEVICE SELECT	В		11
C14X	3 \$	С		11
C15X	11	D		11
C16X	11	E		tt .
C17X	11	F		11
C1XX	I/O SELECT	1		Pin 1 on the selected
C2XX	tr	2		Peripheral Connector goes low during ϕ_2 .
СЗХХ	***	3		NOTES:
C4XX	**	4		1. Peripheral Connector 0 does not get this
C5XX	11	5		signal. 2. I/O SELECT 1 uses the
C6XX	11	6		same addresses as DEVICE SELECT 8-F.
XX	17	7		
C8XX	11 (1)	8,	I/O STROBE	Expansion connectors.
C9XX	11	9,	11	·
CAXX	11	A,	H	
CBXX	11	В,	11	
CCXX	11	C,	н	
CDXX	11	D,	11	
CEXX	22	E,	11	
CFXX	ę:	F,	m ·	
D000-D7FF	ROM socket DO			Spare.
D800-DFFF	" " D8	•	;	Spare.
E000-E7FF	" " EO		-	BASIC.
300-EFFF	" " E8			BASIC.
_000-F7FF	" " FO			1K of BASIC, 1K of utility.
F800-FFFF	" " F8			Monitor.
				6 €

SYSTEM TIMING

SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

Master oscillator output, 14.318 MHz +/- 35 ppm. All other 14M:

timing signals are derived from this one.

Intermediate timing signal, 7.159 MHz. 7M:

COLOR REF: Color reference frequency used by video circuitry, 3.580 MHz.

Phase O clock to microprocessor, 1.023 MHz nominal. Øo:

Microprocessor phase 1 clock, complement of \emptyset_0 , 1.023 HHz Ø1: 'nominal.

Same as \emptyset_0 . Included here because the 6502 hardware and programming manuals use the designation \mathfrak{D}_2 instead of \mathfrak{D}_0 . \emptyset_2 :

A general purpose timing signal which occurs at the same rate as the microprocessor clocks but is nonsymmetrical. Q3:

MICROPROCESSOR OPERATIONS

The address from the microprocessor changes during \emptyset_1 , ADDRESS:

and is stable about 300nS after the start of \emptyset_1 .

During a write cycle, data from the microprocessor DATA WRITE:

appears on the data bus during \emptyset_2 , and is stable about

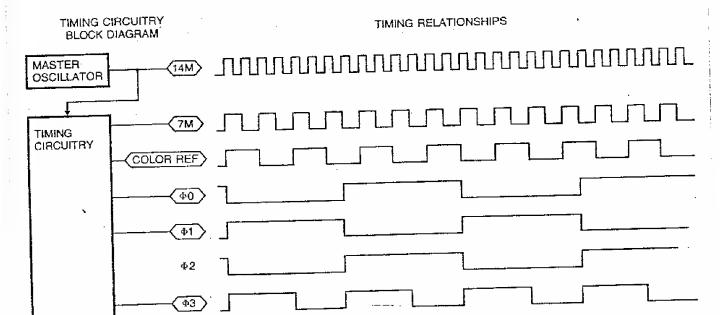
300nS after the start of \emptyset_2 .

During a read cycle, the microprocessor will expect DATA READ:

data to appear on the data bus no less than 100nS prior

to the end of \emptyset_2 .

SYSTEM TIMING DIAGRAM



140 :

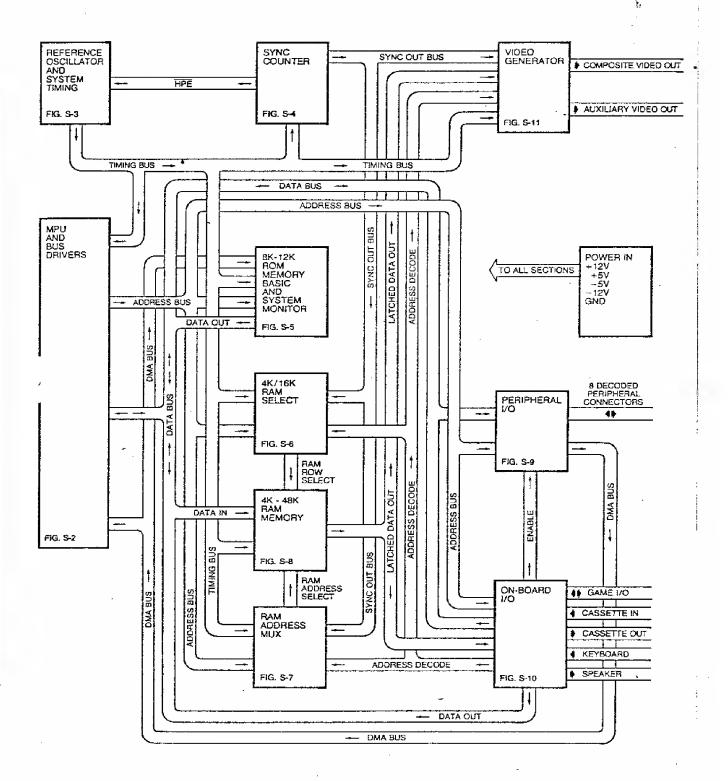


FIGURE S-1 APPLE II SYSTEM DIAGRAM

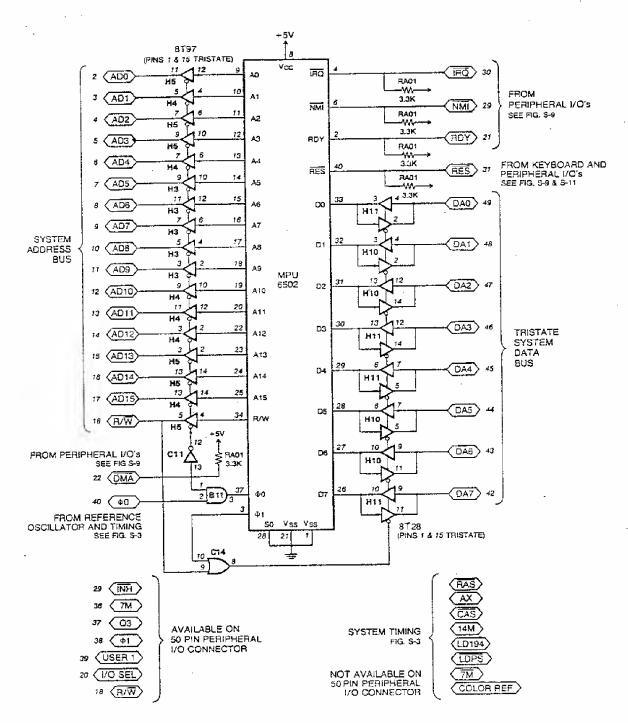


FIGURE S-2 MPU AND SYSTEM BUS

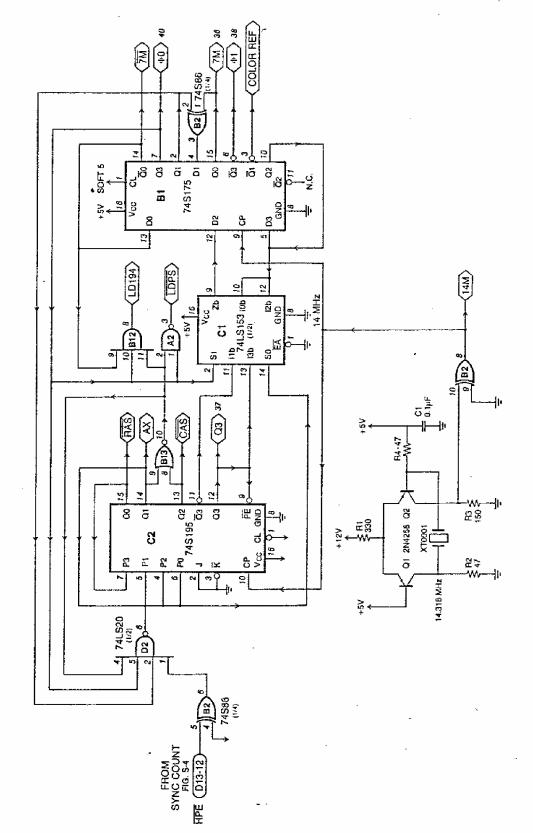


FIGURE S-3 REFERENCE OSCILLATOR AND SYSTEM TIMING

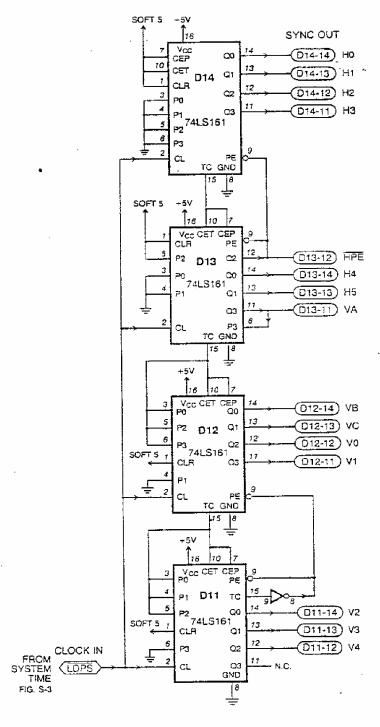


FIGURE S-4 SYNC COUNTER

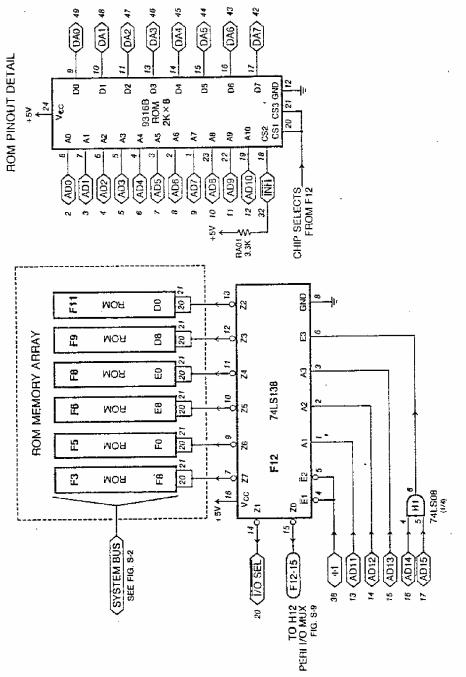
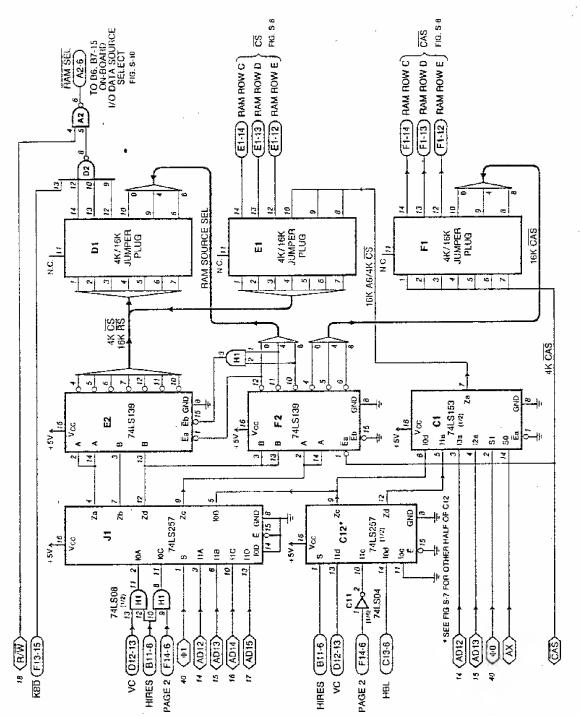


FIGURE S-5 ROM MEMORY



146

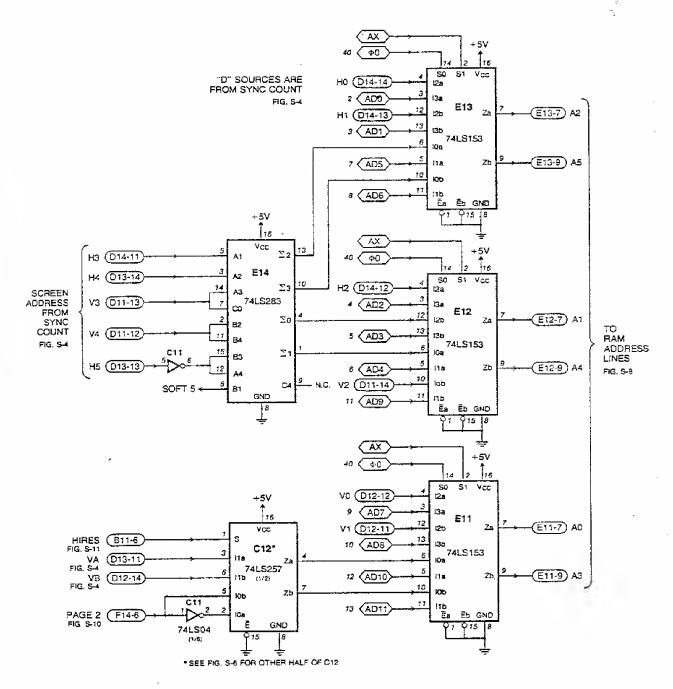


FIGURE S-7 RAM ADDRESS MUX

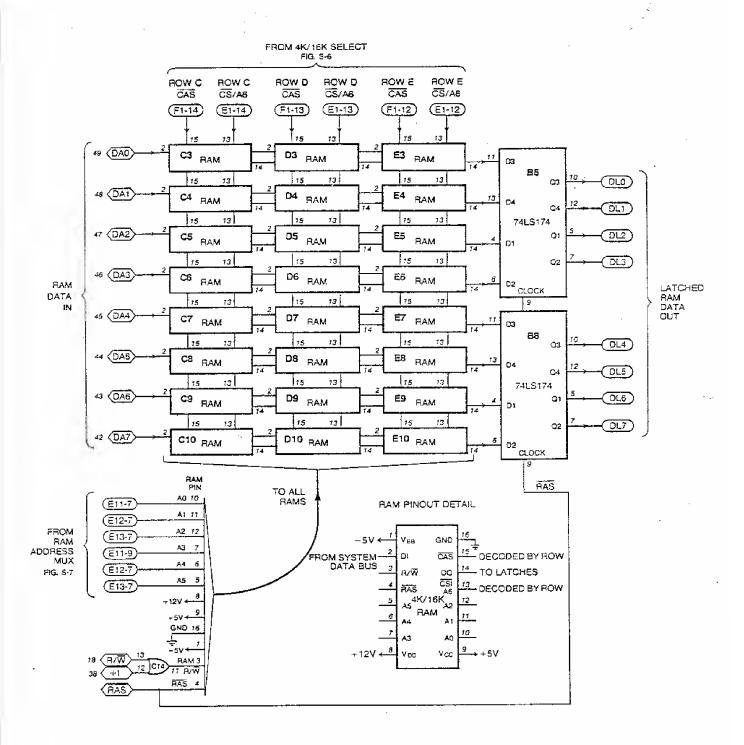
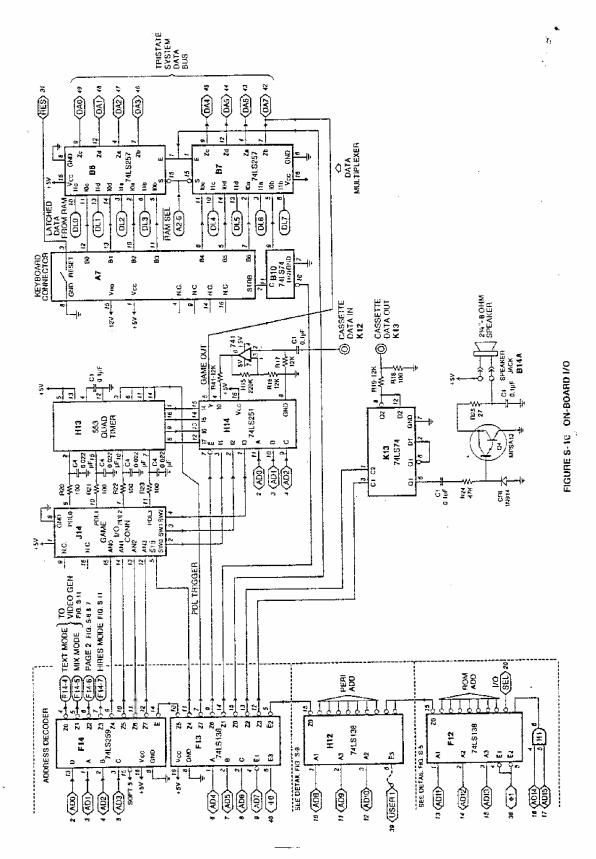


FIGURE S-8 4K TO 48K RAM MEMORY WITH DATA LATCH

FIGURE S-9 PERIPHERIAL I/O CONNECTOR PINOUT AND CONTROL LOGIC



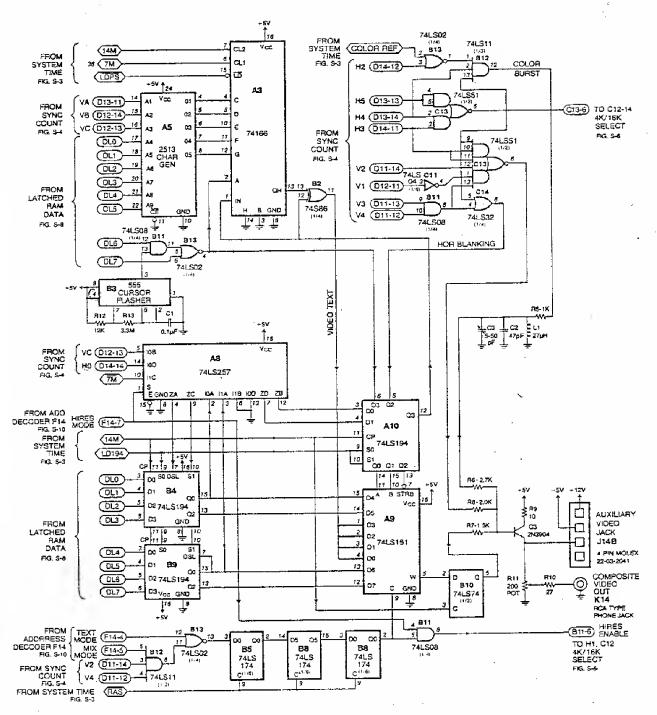


FIGURE S-11 VIDEO GENERATOR